# Exhibit 37

		Page 1
- PAUL COPLEY - CONFIDENTI	AL	-
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
CLEARLAKE SHIPPING PTE LTD.,	)	CASE NO.
Plaintiff,	)	14-cv-9287 (VEC)
-against-	)	
O.W. BUNKER (SWITZERLAND) SA. O.W. BUNKER USA INC., O.W. BUNKER	)	
HOLDING NORTH AMERICA, INC., NUSTAR ENERGY SERVICES INC., ING BANK N.V.,	)	
Defendants.	)	
BONNY GAS TRANSPORT LIMITED, as	)	CASE NO
owner of the LNG FINIMA (IMO No.7702401),	)	CASE NO. 14-cv-9542 (VEC)
Plaintiff,	)	
-against-	)	
O.W. BUNKER GERMANY GMBH, NUSTAR TERMINALS MARINE SERVICES, N.V.,	)	
NUSTAR ENERGY SERVICES, INC., ING BANK N.V.,	)	
Defendants.	)	
SHV GAS SUPPLY & RISK MANAGEMENT SAS AND EXMAR SHIPPING BVBA, as	)	CASE NO.
owner of the WAREGEM (IMO No. 9659127),	)	14-cv-9720 (VEC)
Plaintiffs	)	
-against-	)	Witness:
OW BUNKER USA INC., OW BUNKER	)	PAUL COPLEY
HOLDING NORTH AMERICA INC., OW BUNKER NORTH AMERICA INC., NUSTAR ENERGY SERVICES INC., AND ING BANK NV,	)	
	)	Date:

```
Page 48
 1
                    - PAUL COPLEY - CONFIDENTIAL -
 2
                      For the HELLAS GLORY, the amount is
              Ο.
 3
         $980,959.81, correct?
 4
              Α.
                     Yes.
                      For the VENUS GLORY, the amount is
 5
              Ο.
         USD 327,637.29, correct?
 6
 7
                     MR. PAULSEN: Objection.
 8
              Α.
                      Yes.
 9
              Ο.
                     For the AZURIT, the amount is USD
10
         340,048.06, correct?
11
                     MR. PAULSEN: Objection.
12
              Α.
                      Yes.
13
                      It's also fair to say that should
              0.
14
         ING Bank receive those monies, it does not have
         any intention of paying NuStar, physical supplier,
15
16
         for the bunkers that have been supplied, correct?
                      MR. PAULSEN:
                                   Objection, form.
17
                      NuStar would have a claim on the
18
              Α.
19
         OW Bunker entity which it supplied.
20
              Ο.
                      Yes. But in terms of whether -- as
         ING as the security agent, if ING recoups these
2.1
22
         monies, for example, by way of its maritime lien
23
         claim, is it ING's intention to pay NuStar this
2.4
         invoice amount?
25
                           ING's intention is to recover
              Α.
                      No.
```

Page 49 1 - PAUL COPLEY - CONFIDENTIAL -2 the value of the invoice plus interest and charges 3 and to then repay the syndicate of lenders because these vessels, and the invoices in respect of 4 these vessels, were financed by the syndicate 5 6 prior to bankruptcy. 7 Right. So again, getting back to my Ο. 8 question, just to make sure we're clear on the 9 record. It's -- ING Bank does not intend to 10 11 pay NuStar as physical supplier for the value that it seeks? 12 13 Α. Yes, that's correct. 14 ING will be repaying indebtedness to 15 the syndicate which financed the invoices. NuStar will have a claim against OW Bunker which was its 16 contractual counterparty. 17 18 Ο. Except for the fact that the Yes. 19 assignment, according to ING's position, gives the maritime lien to ING Bank, as opposed to OW, so 20 that there's no monies left for OW to recoup to 2.1 22 pay NuStar. 23 MR. PAULSEN: Objection, form. I don't agree. OW Bunker entities 2.4 25 may well have other assets which are able to pay

Page 60 1 - PAUL COPLEY - CONFIDENTIAL -2 right now? 3 Α. Yes. What are those? 4 Ο. The OW Bunker terms of -- OW Bunker 5 6 general terms and conditions or the DOT general terms and conditions depending on the chargor. 7 Q. When you say "DOT," what is that? 9 Α. Dynamic Oil Trading. 10 If in a particular transaction there 0. 11 were any negotiations about the application of terms other than the standard OW terms or the DOT 12 13 terms, would ING have had any involvement in 14 making the decision as to which terms would apply? 15 Α. No. 16 When you say that ING had access to a Ο. summary of the circumstances under which the 17 bunkers were supplied, would that summary have 18 19 been prepared before during or after the bunker 20 transaction was completed? 2.1 After. Α. 22 Was there a particular person within Ο. 23 ING who -- strike that. 2.4 How is it that ING would have access 25 to these summaries?

	Page 61			
1	- PAUL COPLEY - CONFIDENTIAL -			
2	What I'm trying to get at, was it a			
3	database they could jump into and access? Was			
4	there paper documentation, reports, et cetera,			
5	provided by the OW entities?			
6	How was that access provided?			
7	A. Pursuant to the banking			
8	documentation, the OW Bunker entity management			
9	team had to submit a borrowing base certificate to			
10	ING Bank in its capacity as agent, and attached to			
11	that would have been a spreadsheet, were			
12	spreadsheets, which set out the underlying			
13	customers and amounts due from those customers			
14	which were then financed.			
15	Because the way the facility operates			
16	is ING Bank financed a percentage up to 90 percent			
17	of individual invoices. So it had to have a list			
18	of those invoices and the amounts due from			
19	customers, submitted to them under the banking			
20	documentation.			
21	Q. Were those spreadsheet summaries you			
22	just described also disclosed that strike that.			
23	Would those summaries disclose the			
24	invoice amounts due from the OWB customer?			
25	A. Yes.			

Page 80 1 - PAUL COPLEY - CONFIDENTIAL -2 specifically, but it must have. 3 Ο. What was ING's understanding of what the \$700 million credit facility was to be applied 4 for -- applied against? 5 6 Α. The facility was to be used -- sorry, can I just clarify your question? 7 8 Yes. Q. 9 I'll answer, then you'll tell me if 10 I've not. 11 The facility was structured in a way 12 that the syndicate would lend a proportion against 13 receivables and a proportion against a very small 14 amount of inventory. So, there were two classes 15 of receivables. And the syndicate would lend up to 90 percent of any individual receivable. 16 Two classes of receivables. 17 Ο. 18 were those? 19 Α. The first class, from memory, were 20 customers who were of investment grade from a credit rating perspective or the receivable was 2.1 22 credit insured by the group or the receivable was 23 backed by letter of credit issued by that customer and those customers were financed at 90 percent, 2.4 25 and up to the cap the maximum they could borrow

	Page 81
1	- PAUL COPLEY - CONFIDENTIAL -
2	was 700 million in total.
3	And then all other customers were, as
4	I understand it, financed at a borrowing rate of
5	50 percent against the account receivable.
6	Q. Did ING have any understanding as to
7	what the dollars that were loaned to OWB were
8	going to be used for?
9	MR. PAULSEN: Objection to form.
10	A. Yes. The facility was was for the
11	general financing of OW Bunker's day-to-day
12	business, generally speaking.
13	So it was it was a revolving
14	credit facility that was used for working capital
15	finance. That was its principal use.
16	Q. Did ING understand that in connection
17	with bunker transactions, one of the expense
18	components to OWB would have been the payment for
19	the actual bunkers themselves?
20	A. I'm sure that's the case, yes.
21	Q. Did OW Bunker have to provide to ING,
22	as the security agent, reports on a periodic basis
23	as to their financial condition?
24	A. I don't know.
25	Q. Did ING or the lenders have in place

Page 82 1 - PAUL COPLEY - CONFIDENTIAL -2 any procedures by which they would audit or 3 oversee OW Bunker's operations? 4 Α. Yes. Tell me a little bit about 5 Okay. Ο. 6 those procedures. 7 Α. There was an annual -- the principal 8 audit was -- there was an annual audit of the receivables financing process. And in addition, 9 10 there was an inventory audit. But the inventory 11 component of the collateral is insignificantly 12 small, so let's move on from that. 13 In respect of the receivables, there 14 was an annual process which at the point of bankruptcy was scheduled, it had not yet taken 15 16 place. Since the credit facility went into 17 0. effect December 2013, had any annual audit of 18 19 receivables as you just described been conducted? 20 Α. No. 2.1 It was scheduled to take place for Q. 22 when? 23 Α. I don't recall exactly. I think it 2.4 was sometime in December 2014. 25 At the time of the filing of the Ο.

Page 83 1 - PAUL COPLEY - CONFIDENTIAL -2 bankruptcy, what was the outstanding amount of 3 under the credit facility, roughly? It's approximately \$647 million. 4 Α. Was OW delinquent in terms of any 5 Ο. payments they owed to the lenders under the credit 6 facility at the time of the bankruptcy? 7 8 By which you mean delinquent, it Α. 9 hadn't paid back amounts that were due to the 10 syndicate. 11 Ο. Under the terms of the credit 12 facility and the security agreement, was OWB 13 obligated to make payments to draw -- to bring 14 down its credit on a periodic basis? How did the 15 repayment process work? The answer is not usually. 16 Α. So, what would normally happen is the new sort of facility 17 18 was structured as we've discussed as a percentage 19 of receivables. So if the receivables stayed 20 constant from time to time, all you'd be doing is lending at different receivables to previously. 2.1 22 It would then be a true up. 23 And generally speaking, there would be an amount due or payable. But you know, it 2.4 25 would be relatively small compared to the 700

Page 88 - PAUL COPLEY - CONFIDENTIAL -1 2 Α. Not to my knowledge. 3 Ο. You mentioned something about access to the borrowing base -- strike that -- that the 4 lenders would have had access to the borrowing 5 base certificate. 6 7 Α. Yes. 8 Did I say that correctly? Q. 9 Α. You did. 10 Can you tell me in layman's terms Ο. 11 what you're talking about? 12 Α. Sure. That was a spreadsheet or PDF 13 of a spreadsheet that was submitted periodically 14 to the syndicate which set out the receivables, 15 the amounts that were eliqible to be drawn against and the amounts of borrowing, plus a spreadsheet 16 which would have included all the outstandings due 17 to customers in support of that borrowing base 18 19 certificate. 20 And that borrowing base certificate 2.1 was signed off by OW Bunker management, so that 22 would give the syndicate some information as to 23 the amount of the group what the outstanding receivables were, the borrowing requirement was, 24 25 what the movement in the borrowing requirement was

```
Page 89
 1
                   - PAUL COPLEY - CONFIDENTIAL -
 2
         on a periodic basis.
 3
              Ο.
                     You say periodic basis. How often?
                     I think two weeks, it's in the
 4
              Α.
         facility agreement.
                              I think it's every two weeks.
 5
 6
                     Did that borrowing base certificate
         or the documents submitted when the borrowing base
 7
 8
         certificate was submitted, did it also disclose
 9
         any of the expenses associated with any of the
         invoices identified?
10
11
                     MR. PAULSEN:
                                  Objection to form.
12
              Α.
                     From memory, it included by way of a
13
         memo the outstanding accounts payable from memory.
14
              Q.
                     Okay.
                            Give me a minute, please.
15
              Α.
                     Sure.
                     I'm going to ask you to turn to
16
              Ο.
         Exhibit 8 which was the cooperation agreement with
17
         OW Germany. Just so we know in the transcript,
18
19
         we're talking about the cooperation agreement.
20
                     And I'm going to ask you to turn to
         Page -- it's Page 16 of the document, but it's
2.1
22
         Bates page ING HL -- you might not have the same
23
         one -- strike that.
2.4
                     It's Page 16 of the document.
25
              Α.
                     Got it.
```

# Exhibit 38

# STACIE SPECKMAN - December 09, 2015

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK				
NIPPON KAISHA LINE )				
LIMITED, ET AL )				
) C.A. NO: 1:14-cv-10091 v				
O.W. BUNKER USA, INC., ET AL )				
*************				
ORAL DEPOSITION OF				
STACIE SPECKMAN				
DECEMBER 9, 2015				
************				

### STACIE SPECKMAN - December 09, 2015

correct?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

Α. Upon the instructions of the principals who have stemmed the bunkers, then we schedule the bunkers according to either the instructions that they give us, if they tell us a specific dock that it needs to be done at or a location or if they tell us to use our better judgment as to where the bunkers need to be done.

Many principals are not familiar with the port, they don't know the ship's rotation, if they're calling more than one berth. So they will instruct us, "Get them delivered while she's in port," that happens rarely. They usually suggest where they want the bunkers to be taken, and then we coordinate accordingly.

- So this happens after the -- the owners or Ο. Okay. charters have stemmed the vessel?
  - Α. That is correct.
- And can you just tell me for clarification what you mean by "stemmed"?
- Α. Stem is a term used when they have purchased or ordered bunkers for a vessel, so it's called a bunker stem.
- Ο. So in this case it was with the RIGEL LEADER, ISS did 22 not purchase any bunkers?
- Α. That is correct. 23
- 24 We would never ever purchase bunkers on behalf 25 of any principal.

# Exhibit 39

# NEIL LIGERWOOD - December 04, 2015

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK					
SK SHIPPING CO., LTD. ET AL	) ) )				
PLAINTIFFS,  VS.  NUSTAR ENERGY SERVICES,  INC., ET AL  DEFENDANTS.	) CASE NUMBER ) 1:15-cv-02141 ) )				
************	*********				
ORAL VIDEOCONFEREN	NCE DEPOSITION OF				
NEIL LIC	GERWOOD				
DECEMBER	R 4, 2015				
*****************					

# NEIL LIGERWOOD - December 04, 2015

- A. Oh, I would not be able to confirm that without looking into it. I would doubt it.
  - Q. Okay. Turning your attention to page 283.
  - A. All right.

3

4

5

6

7

16

17

18

19

- Q. You've previously identified the seller in this stem as OW Bunker Middle East Dubai; is that right?
- A. According to this document, that's what it states, yes.
- Q. Wilhelmsen, do I have it right that Wilhelmsen didn't really have any involvement in this particular faction until the notification that this order had been placed?
- MR. HERSCHAFT: Object to form, but you to an answer.
  - A. Correct. We do not stem or have any financial engagement in this contract between the customer and the bunker supplier.
  - O. (BY MR. MALONEY) Did --
- MR. HERSCHAFT: Brian, if you could repeat that question slowly, it broke up right in the beginning.
- Q. (BY MR. MALONEY) When the fuel was delivered aboard the ship did Wilhelmsen purchase any of the fuel delivered at that time?

# NEIL LIGERWOOD - December 04, 2015

- 1 A. No.
- Q. Did Wilhelmsen agree with anyone on the price of the fuel that would be delivered in this
- 4 | transaction?

5

- A. No.
- Q. Wilhelmsen was responsible for logistics of scheduling the fuel delivery after the order had been placed, correct?
- 9 A. Correct.
- Q. Do you have any understanding of which entity over in Korea purchased the fuel?
- MR. HERSCHAFT: Object to the form, but you can answer.
- A. Can you reask that question again, please? It was broken up.
- Q. (BY MR. MALONEY) There are two plaintiffs in this case. Their names are SK Shipping Co., Limited and SK E&T PTE, Limited, and do you know which of those two entities purchased the fuel in this case?
- 20 A. No, I do not.
- Q. And have you ever seen the time charter that was issued in this case to SK Shipping?
- A. No, we have not.
- Q. In the course of your business in the agency division, would you have occasion to see time charters?

# Exhibit 40

**Execution Version** 

# **ENGLISH OMNIBUS SECURITY AGREEMENT**

DATED 19th December 2013

BETWEEN

THE CHARGORS LISTED IN SCHEDULE 1

- and -

ING BANK N.V. as Security Agent

0030155-0001031 AMBA 3992481 11

# **CONTENTS**

Clause	e	Page
1.	Interpretation	3
2.	Creation of Security	6
3.	Representations - General	9
4.	Restrictions on Dealings	
5.	Perfection and Maintenance of Security	
6.	Preservation of Security	16
7.	When Security becomes Enforceable	18
8.	Enforcement of Security	19
9.	Danish Limitations	
10.	German Limitations	
11.	Swiss Limitations	
12.	Receiver	
13.	Powers of Receiver	
14.	Application of Proceeds	
15.	Delegation	
16.	Further Assurances	
17.	Power of Attorney	
18.	Miscellaneous	
19.	Release	
20.	Governing Law	
21.	Enforcement	27
Sched		Page
1.	Chargors Part 1 PART IA - Receivables Chargors	
	Part 1 PART 1A - Receivables Chargors	
	Part 3 PART 2 - Insurance Chargors and Intra-Group Chargors	
	Part 4 PART 3 - Brokerage Chargors	
2.	Insurance Policies	
2. 3.	Existing Supply Contract Debtors of the Danish Receivables Chargors	
<b>4</b> .	Deliverables: Intercompany Receivables	
7.	Part 1 Form of Notice of Assignment	
	Part 2 Form of Acknowledgment of Debtor	
5.	Deliverables: Supply Contracts	
•	Part 1 Form of Invoice Notification	
	Part 2 Form of Notice of Assignment	
	Part 3 Form of Acknowledgment	
6.	Deliverables: Insurances	
	Part 1 Form of Notice of Assignment	
	Part 2 Form of Letter of Undertaking	
7.	Deliverables: Brokerage Agreements	
	Part 1 Form of Notice of Assignment	
	Part 2 form of Acknowledgment of Broker	
Signato	ories	72

THIS DEED is dated 19th December 2013 and made

#### BETWEEN:

- (1) THE COMPANIES listed in Part 1A of Schedule 1 (each a Receivables Chargor);
- (2) THE COMPANIES listed in Part 1B of Schedule 1 (each a Danish Receivables Chargor);
- (3) THE COMPANIES listed in Part 2 of Schedule 1 (each an Insurance Chargor and an Intra-Group Chargor);
- (4) THE COMPANIES listed in Part 3 of Schedule 1 (each a Brokerage Chargor); and
- (5) ING BANK N.V. as agent and trustee for the Finance Parties (as defined in the Credit Agreement, as defined below) (the Security Agent).

The parties listed above in (1)-(4) inclusively shall be collectively referred to in this Deed as the **Chargors** and each a **Chargor**.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

- (A) In consideration of the Lenders making available the Facility (which consideration is acknowledged and agreed as being good and valuable consideration by each Chargor in this Deed), each Chargor enters into this Deed in connection with the Credit Agreement (as defined below).
- (B) It is intended that this document takes effect as a deed notwithstanding the fact that a Party may only execute this document under hand.

#### IT IS AGREED as follows:

#### 1. INTERPRETATION

#### 1.1 Definitions

In this Deed:

Act means the Law of Property Act 1925.

**Brokerage Receivables** means any amount owing, or to be owed, to a Brokerage Chargor by a Broker under any Brokerage Agreement.

Broker means any of Jefferies Bache Ltd. or BNP Paribas Commodities Futures Ltd.

#### Brokerage Agreement means each of:

- (a) the brokerage agreement between O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S (referred to in error as O.W. Bunker & Trading Co Ltd in the brokerage agreement) and Jefferies Bache Ltd. effective as of 1 November 2007, including the Prudential-Bache International Limited terms and conditions:
- (b) the Terms of Business (Title Transfer Collateral Arrangement Non-Segregated Account) agreement between O.W. Supply & Trading A/S and BNP Paribas

Commodity Futures Limited dated as of 19 September 2013, including the margin facilities letter dated 19 September 2013,

each as amended, restated, replaced or supplemented from time to time.

Credit Agreement means the USD 700,000,000 multicurrency revolving borrowing base facilities agreement dated on or about the date of this Deed between (among others) the Chargors and ING Bank N.V. as agent and security agent.

**Danish Chargor** means a Chargor incorporated under the laws of Denmark.

Debtor means each member of the Group which is indebted to an Intra-Group Chargor under an Intra-Group Loan.

Enforcement Event means an Event of Default which has occurred and is continuing and for which a notice has been served pursuant to Clause 27.20 (Acceleration) of the Credit Agreement.

Excluded Cargo means cargo owned by entities within the Group which are not Insurance Chargors and which is financed by third party financiers (such third party financiers being on the date of this Deed ING Belgium Brussels, Geneva Branch and BNP Paribas (Suisse) SA only).

Excluded Tanks means the tanks of marine fuels owned by entities within the Group which are not Insurance Chargors and which are financed by third party financiers (such third party financiers being on the date of this Deed ING Belgium Brussels, Geneva Branch and BNP Paribas (Suisse) SA only).

Insurance Rights means any rights in respect of insurance proceeds or claims belonging, or which will belong, to an Insurance Chargor in respect of the Insurances (excluding any such rights or claims relating exclusively to the Excluded Cargo and/or the Excluded Tanks).

#### **Insurances** means:

- those insurance policies listed in Schedule 2 (Insurance Policies); (a)
- (b) any insurance contract or policy taken out by, or on behalf of, an Insurance Chargor in place of or in renewal of the insurance policies listed in Schedule 2 (Insurance Policies); and
- (c) any other insurance contract or policy taken out by, or on behalf of, an Insurance Chargor or in which a Chargor has an interest in each case insuring the Eligible Inventory.

Intercompany Receivables means any amount owing, or to be owed, to an Intra-Group Chargor by a Debtor under any Intra-Group Loan and includes the principal amount outstanding and all interest, fees and other amounts payable to that Intra-Group Chargor from time to time under such Intra-Group Loan.

Intra-Group Loan means any loan or other Financial Indebtedness under any intra-group arrangement or loan, whether or not documented in writing.

New Supply Contract means any one-time contract, or contract used as a framework agreement (howsoever described) or the overarching general terms and conditions of the

4

Group, in each case governed by English law and relating to the sale of oil products traded by the Group, as governs the contractual relationship between the relevant debtor and a Danish Receivables Chargor following the date of this Deed (excluding in each case any such agreement between a Danish Receivables Chargor and DFDS A/S and any invoice issued thereunder).

**New Supply Receivables** means any amount owing, or to be owed, to a Danish Receivables Chargor under any New Supply Contract.

Party means a party to this Deed.

**Receiver** means an administrative receiver, receiver and manager or a receiver, in each case, appointed under this Deed.

Secured Liabilities means all present and future obligations and liabilities (whether actual or contingent and whether owed jointly or severally or in any other capacity whatsoever) of each Obligor to any Finance Party under any Finance Document, except for any obligation which, if it were so included, would result in this Deed contravening Section 47A of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (as amended or re-enacted from time to time).

Security Assets means all assets and rights, title and interest of each Receivables Chargor, each Danish Receivables Chargor, each Insurance Chargor and each Brokerage Chargor held in those respective capacities which are the subject of any security created by this Deed.

Security Period means the period beginning on the date of this Deed and ending on the date on which all the Secured Liabilities have been unconditionally and irrevocably paid and discharged in full.

Supply Contract means any one-time contract, any contract used as a framework agreement (howsoever described) or the overarching general terms and conditions of the Group, in each case governed by English law and relating to the sale of oil products traded by the Group, as governs:

- (a) the contractual relationship between the relevant debtor and a Receivables Chargor at any time;
- (b) the contractual relationship between the relevant debtor and a Danish Receivables Chargor as at the date of this Deed,

and shall in each case include any invoice issued thereunder (excluding in each case any such agreement between a Danish Receivables Chargor and DFDS A/S and any invoice issued thereunder).

**Supply Receivables** means any amount owing, or to be owed, to a Receivables Chargor or a Danish Receivables Chargor under any Supply Contract.

Swiss Chargor means a Chargor incorporated under the laws of Switzerland, or being resident in Switzerland for purposes of Swiss Withholding Tax.

Tank Insurance Rights means, in respect of those Insurances named as "Tank Insurances" in Schedule 2, the approval rights of BNP Paribas (Suisse) SA in respect of any claim under such Insurances.

#### 1.2 Construction

- (a) Capitalised terms defined in the Credit Agreement have, unless expressly defined in this Deed, the same meaning in this Deed.
- (b) The provisions of clause 1.2 (Construction) to 1.17 (US terms) inclusive of the Credit Agreement apply to this Deed as though they were set out in full in this Deed, except that references to the Credit Agreement will be construed as references to this Deed.
- (c) A Finance Document or any other agreement or instrument includes (without prejudice to any prohibition on amendments) any amendment to that Finance Document or other agreement or instrument, including any change in the purpose of, any extension of or any increase in the amount of a facility or any additional facility;
- (d) the term this Security means any security created by this Deed; and
- (e) assets includes present and future properties, revenues and rights of every description.
- (f) Any covenant of a Chargor under this Deed (other than a payment obligation) shall remain in force during the Security Period.
- (g) If the Security Agent considers that an amount paid to a Finance Party under a Finance Document is capable of being avoided or otherwise set aside on the liquidation, administration or judicial management of the payer or otherwise, then that amount will not be considered to have been irrevocably paid for the purposes of this Deed.
- (h) Unless the context otherwise requires, a reference to a Security Asset includes the proceeds of sale of that Security Asset.

#### 2. CREATION OF SECURITY

#### 2.1 General

- (a) All the security created under this Deed:
  - (i) is created in favour of the Security Agent;
  - (ii) is created over present and future assets of each Chargor;
  - (iii) is security for the payment of all the Secured Liabilities; and
  - (iv) is made with full title guarantee in accordance with the Law of Property (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1994.
- (b) If the rights of a Chargor under a document cannot be secured without the consent of a party to that document:
  - (i) that Chargor must notify the Security Agent promptly;
  - (ii) this Security will secure all amounts which that Chargor may receive, or has received, under that document but exclude the document itself; and
  - (iii) unless the Security Agent otherwise requires, that Chargor must use reasonable endeavours to obtain the consent of the relevant party to that document being secured under this Deed.

(c) Without prejudice to Clause 31.2 of the Credit Agreement, the Security Agent holds the benefit of this Deed on trust for the Finance Parties.

# 2.2 Intercompany Receivables

- (a) Each Intra-Group Chargor hereby agrees to assign and hereby assigns absolutely, with effect as of the date of this Deed, subject to a proviso for re-assignment on redemption, all of its rights, title and interest in respect of the Intercompany Receivables.
- (b) To the extent that any right, title or interest described in paragraph (a) above is not assignable or capable of assignment, the assignment of that right, title or interest purported to be effected by paragraph (a) above shall operate as an assignment of any right, title and interest to any damages, compensation, remuneration, profit, rent or income which that Intra-Group Chargor may derive from that right, title or interest described in paragraph (a) above or be awarded or entitled to in respect of that right, title or interest described in paragraph (a) above.
- (c) To the extent that they do not fall within any other Subclause of this Clause and are not effectively assigned under paragraph (a) or (b) above, each Intra-Group Chargor hereby agrees to charge and hereby charges by way of first fixed charge all of its rights, title and interest in respect of the Intercompany Receivables.

# 2.3 Supply Receivables and New Supply Receivables

- (a) Each Receivables Chargor and each Danish Receivables Chargor hereby agrees to assign and hereby assigns absolutely, with effect as of the date of this Deed, subject to a proviso for reassignment on redemption, all of its rights, title and interest in respect of the Supply Receivables.
- (b) Each Danish Receivables Chargor hereby agrees to assign and hereby assigns absolutely, with effect as of the date of this Deed, subject to a proviso for re-assignment on redemption, all of its rights, title and interest in respect of the New Supply Receivables.
- (c) To the extent that any right, title or interest described in paragraph (a) or (b) above is not assignable or capable of assignment, the assignment of that right, title or interest purported to be effected by paragraph (a) or (b) above shall operate as an assignment of any right, title and interest to any damages, compensation, remuneration, profit, rent or income which that Receivables Chargor or Danish Receivables Chargor may derive from that right, title or interest described in paragraph (a) or (b) above or be awarded or entitled to in respect of that right, title or interest described in paragraph or (b) above.
- (d) To the extent that they do not fall within any other Subclause of this Clause and are not effectively assigned under paragraph (a), (b) or (c) above, each Receivables Chargor and Danish Receivables Chargor hereby agrees to charge and hereby charges by way of first fixed charge all of its rights, title and interest in respect of the Supply Receivables, and each Danish Receivables Chargor hereby agrees to charge and hereby charges by way of first fixed charge all of its rights, title and interest in respect of the New Supply Receivables.

#### 2.4 Insurance Rights

(a) Each Insurance Chargor hereby agrees to assign and hereby assigns absolutely, with effect as of the date of this Deed, subject to a proviso for re-assignment on redemption, all of its rights, title and interest in respect of the Insurance Rights.

- (b) To the extent that any right, title or interest described in paragraph (a) above is not assignable or capable of assignment, the assignment of that right, title or interest purported to be effected by paragraph (a) above shall operate as an assignment of any right, title and interest to any damages, compensation, remuneration, profit, rent or income which that Insurance Chargor may derive from that right, title or interest described in paragraph (a) above or be awarded or entitled to in respect of that right, title or interest described in paragraph (a) above.
- (c) To the extent that they do not fall within any other Subclause of this Clause 2.4 and are not effectively assigned under paragraph (a) or (b) above, each Insurance Chargor hereby agrees to charge and hereby charges by way of first fixed charge all of its rights, title and interest in respect of the Insurance Rights.

# 2.5 Brokerage Receivables

- (a) Each Brokerage Chargor hereby agrees to assign and hereby assigns absolutely, with effect as of the date of this Deed, subject to a proviso for re-assignment on redemption, all of its rights, title and interest in respect of the Brokerage Receivables.
- (b) To the extent that any right, title or interest described in paragraph (a) above is not assignable or capable of assignment, the assignment of that right, title or interest purported to be effected by paragraph (a) above shall operate as an assignment of any right, title and interest to any damages, compensation, remuneration, profit, rent or income which that Brokerage Chargor may derive from that right, title or interest described in paragraph (a) above or be awarded or entitled to in respect of that right, title or interest described in paragraph (a) above.
- (c) To the extent that they do not fall within any other Subclause of this Clause and are not effectively assigned under paragraph (a) or (b) above, each Brokerage Chargor hereby agrees to charge and hereby charges by way of first fixed charge all of its rights, title and interest in respect of the Brokerage Receivables.

#### 2.6 Floating charge

- (a) Each Chargor hereby agrees to charge and hereby charges, with effect as of the date of this Deed, by way of a first floating charge those assets specified in Clauses 2.2, 2.3, 2.4 and 2.5 (which are not at any time otherwise effectively charged or assigned by way of fixed charge or assignment under this Clause 2).
- (b) Except as provided below, the Security Agent may by notice to a Chargor convert the floating charge created by that Chargor under this Clause into a fixed charge as regards any of that Chargor's assets specified in that notice, if:
  - (i) an Enforcement Event occurs; or
  - (ii) the Security Agent considers those assets to be in danger of being seized or sold under any form of distress, attachment, execution or other legal process or to be otherwise in jeopardy.
- (c) The floating charge created by this Clause may not be converted into a fixed charge solely by reason of:
  - (i) the obtaining of a moratorium; or
  - (ii) anything done with a view to obtaining a moratorium,

- under section 1A of the Insolvency Act 1986.
- (d) The floating charge created by this Clause will automatically convert into a fixed charge over all of a Chargor's Security Assets if an administrator or judicial manager is appointed or the Security Agent receives notice of an intention to appoint an administrator or judicial manager.
- (e) The floating charge created by this Clause is a qualifying floating charge for the purpose of paragraph 14 of Schedule B1 to the Insolvency Act 1986.

#### 3. REPRESENTATIONS - GENERAL

### 3.1 Nature of security

- (a) Each Receivables Chargor, Danish Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor represents and warrants to each Finance Party that:
  - (i) it is the sole legal and beneficial owner of its Security Assets;
  - (ii) its Security Assets are free from any Security (except for the Security created by this Deed) and any other rights or interests in favour of third parties (except for the Tank Insurance Rights);
  - (iii) subject to the Legal Reservations set out in the legal opinion relating to Danish law provided pursuant to paragraph 4(b)(ii) of Part 2 of Schedule 2 (Conditions) of the Credit Agreement, all payments to it in respect of the Supply Receivables, the New Supply Receivables, the Intercompany Receivables are not subject to any right of set-off or similar right;
  - (iv) the obligations assumed by it in each Supply Contract, Intra-Group Loan and Insurances are (or in the case of New Supply Contracts upon entering into those New Supply Contracts will be) legal, valid, binding and enforceable obligations;
  - (v) it is not in default of any of its obligations under any Supply Contract, New Supply Contract, Intra-Group Loan or Insurances;
  - (vi) there is no prohibition on the assignment of its rights in any Supply Contract, New Supply Contract, Intra-Group Loan or the Insurances;
  - (vii) its entry into and performance of this Deed will not conflict with any term of any Supply Contract, New Supply Contract, Intra-Group Loan or the Insurances; and
  - (viii) subject to the Legal Reservations, each Receivables Chargor, Danish Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor represents and warrants to each Finance Party that this Deed creates those Security it purports to create and is not liable to be avoided or otherwise set aside on its liquidation, administration, judicial management or otherwise.
- (b) Each Insurance Chargor represents and warrants to each Finance Party that none of the Insurances is required to be placed with an insurance company or underwriter authorised by the Panamanian Superintendence of Insurance and Reinsurance.
- (c) Each Brokerage Chargor represents and warrants to each Finance Party that:

- (i) subject to the creation of any Security or any transfer of title in the Security Assets pursuant to the terms of a Brokerage Agreement, it is the sole legal and beneficial owner of its Security Assets;
- (ii) its Security Assets are free from any Security (except for the Security created by this Deed, or pursuant to the terms of any Brokerage Agreement) and any other rights or interests in favour of third parties;
- (iii) the obligations assumed by it in each Brokerage Agreement are legal, valid, binding and enforceable obligations;
- (iv) it is not in default of any of its obligations under any Brokerage Agreement;
- (v) there is no prohibition on the assignment of its rights in any Brokerage Agreement, which has not been expressly waived in writing by the relevant Broker;
- (vi) its entry into and performance of this Deed will not conflict with any term of any Brokerage Agreement, which has not been expressly waived in writing by the relevant Broker; and
- (vii) subject to the Legal Reservations, each Brokerage Chargor represents and warrants to each Finance Party that this Deed creates those Security it purports to create and is not liable to be avoided or otherwise set aside on its liquidation, administration, judicial management or otherwise.
- (d) Each Danish Receivables Chargor represents and warrants at the date of this Deed that those entities listed in Schedule 1 (Existing Supply Contract Debtors of the Danish Receivables Chargors) are existing customers of the Group under a Supply Contract.

#### 3.2 Times for making representations

- (a) The representations and warranties set out in this Deed (including in this Clause) are made on the date on which the Security is created under this Deed in respect of all Security Assets assigned or charged under Clause 2 (Creation of Security); and
- (b) Unless a representation is expressed to be given on a specific date, each representation under this Deed is deemed to be repeated by the relevant Security Provider during the Security Period on each date:
  - (i) required under Clause 23.30 (Times for making representations) of the Credit Agreement; and
  - (ii) upon which that Chargor acquires a Security Asset.
- (c) When a representation or warranty is deemed to be repeated, it is applied to the circumstances existing at the time of repetition.

### 4. RESTRICTIONS ON DEALINGS

(a) No Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor or Intra-Group Chargor may:

- (i) create or permit to subsist any Security on any Security Asset (other than this Security);
- (ii) sell, transfer, licence, lease or otherwise dispose of any Security Asset; or
- (iii) take any action which could adversely affect this Security,

except as expressly allowed under the Credit Agreement or this Deed.

- (b) No Danish Receivables Chargor may:
  - (i) create or permit to subsist any Security on any Security Asset (other than this Security);
  - (ii) sell, transfer, licence, lease or otherwise dispose of any Security Asset; or
  - (iii) take any action which could adversely affect this Security,

except with the express prior consent of the Security Agent.

- (c) No Brokerage Chargor may:
  - (i) create or permit to subsist any Security on any Security Asset (other than this Security);
  - (ii) sell, transfer, licence, lease or otherwise dispose of any Security Asset;
  - (iii) take any action which could adversely affect this Security,

except as expressly allowed under the Credit Agreement, the relevant Brokerage Agreement or this Deed.

#### 5. PERFECTION AND MAINTENANCE OF SECURITY

#### 5.1 Registrations

The Chargors undertake to provide the following documents in form and substance satisfactory to the Security Agent within the timelines provided:

- (a) within 21 days of the date of this Deed, O.W. Bunkers (UK) Limited must provide evidence of the registration of the Security created by this Deed by the UK Companies House;
- (b) within 15 Business Days of the date of this Deed, each Danish Receivables Chargor must provide evidence of the registration of the negative pledge constituted by Clause 4(b) in the prescribed format with the Danish Persons Book (*Personbogen*);
- (c) promptly upon the execution of this Deed, each of Dynamic Oil Trading (Singapore)
  Pte. Ltd. and O.W. Bunker Far East (Singapore) Pte Ltd must provide written
  authorisations to enable Allen & Overy LLP to file statements containing particulars
  of the Security created by this Deed with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory
  Authority in Singapore within 30 days of the date of this Deed; and
- (d) within 5 weeks (or such shorter period as stipulated under the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong (as amended or re-enacted from time to time)) of

the date of this Deed, O.W. Bunker China Limited must provide evidence of presentation of the prescribed particulars of the Security created by this Deed with the Hong Kong Companies Registry for registration and supply to the Security Agent (promptly upon receipt) the original certificate of registration in respect of this Deed.

#### 5.2 Intra-Group Loans

- (a) Each Intra-Group Chargor must:
  - (i) subject to paragraph (b) below, on the date of this Deed give notice of the Security created by this Deed to each relevant Debtor in respect of the Intra-Group Loans by sending a notice to each such Debtor in substantially the form set out in Part 1 of 0 (Deliverables: Intercompany Receivables: Form of Notice of Assignment);
  - (ii) procure that each relevant Debtor delivers an acknowledgement to the Security Agent within 3 Business Days of the date of this Deed in substantially the form set out in Part 2 of 0 (Deliverables: Intercompany Receivables: Form of Acknowledgment); and
  - (iii) immediately pay any amount received by it in respect of an Intra-Group Loan directly into a Collection Account.
- (b) This Deed constitutes notice in writing to each Chargor of any charge or assignment of any debt owed by that Chargor as a Debtor to any Intra-Group Chargor under an Intra-Group Loan.

#### 5.3 Supply Contracts and New Supply Contracts

- (a) Each Receivables Chargor must:
  - (i) within 10 Business Days of this Deed for existing Supply Contracts, and within 3 Business Days of entering into a new Supply Contract, give notice of the Security created by this Deed to each debtor in respect of such Supply Contract by sending a notice to each such debtor in substantially the form set out in Part 2 of Schedule 5 (Deliverables: Supply Contracts: Form of Notice of Assignment);
  - (ii) use all reasonable efforts to ensure that each relevant debtor delivers an acknowledgement to the Security Agent within 30 Business Days of the date of this Deed in substantially the form set out in Part 3 of Schedule 5 (Deliverables: Supply Contracts: Form of Acknowledgment); and
  - (iii) from the date of this Deed in the event that a Receivables Chargor should receive any Supply Receivables in contradiction to the notice set out in Part 2 of Schedule 5 (Deliverables: Supply Contracts: Form of Notice of Assignment), immediately pay any Supply Receivables into a Collection Account on receipt.
- (b) Each Danish Receivables Chargor must:
  - (i) from the date of this Deed, ensure that any invoice issued after the date of this Deed under any of its Supply Contracts contains the wording set out in Part 1

- of Schedule 5 (Deliverables: Supply Contracts: Form of Invoice Notification);
- (ii) on the date of this Deed, give notice of the Security created by this Deed to each debtor in respect of its Supply Contracts by sending a notice to each such debtor in substantially the form set out in Part 2 of Schedule 5 (Deliverables: Supply Contracts: Form of Notice of Assignment);
- (iii) from the date of any New Supply Contract, ensure that any invoice issued under any New Supply Contract contains the wording set out in Part 1 of Schedule 5 (Deliverables: Supply Contracts: Form of Invoice Notification);
- (iv) within 3 Business Days of the date of any New Supply Contract, give notice of the Security created by this Deed to each debtor in respect of the New Supply Contract by sending a notice to each such debtor in substantially the form set out in Part 2 of Schedule 5 (Deliverables: Supply Contracts: Form of Notice of Assignment);
- (v) use all reasonable efforts to ensure that each relevant debtor delivers an acknowledgement to the Security Agent within 30 Business Days of the date of this Deed, or in respect of New Supply Contracts within 30 Business Days of the date of such New Supply Contract, in substantially the form set out in Part 3 of Schedule 5 (Deliverables: Supply Contracts: Form of Acknowledgment);
- (vi) from the date of this Deed, in the event that a Danish Receivables Chargor should receive any Supply Receivables or New Supply Receivables in contradiction to the wording set out in Part 1 of Schedule 5 (Deliverables: Supply Contracts: Form of Invoice Notification) or the notice set out in Part 2 of Schedule 5 (Deliverables: Supply Contracts: Form of Notice of Assignment), immediately pay any Supply Receivables or New Supply Receivables into a Collection Account on receipt;
- (vii) not enter into any new one-time contract, or contract used as a framework agreement (howsoever described) or overarching general terms and conditions with any of those entities listed in Schedule 1 (Existing Supply Contract Debtors of the Danish Receivables Chargors) which would materially alter the Supply Contracts which the relevant Danish Receivables Chargor has in place with such debtors as at the date of this Deed without the prior written consent of the Security Agent; and
- (viii) not enter into any new one-time contract, or contract used as a framework agreement (howsoever described) or overarching general terms and conditions with any of those entities with whom it enters into a New Supply Contract which would materially alter the New Supply Contract which the relevant Danish Receivables Chargor has in place with such debtors as at the date of that New Supply Contract without the prior written consent of the Security Agent.

### 5.4 Insurances

(a) Each Insurance Chargor must:

- (i) on the date of this Deed, or within 3 Business Days of acquiring any future Insurances, give notice of the Security created by this Deed to each relevant insurance company or underwriter in respect of the Insurances by sending a notice to each such insurance company or underwriters in substantially the form set out in Part 1 of Schedule 6 (Deliverables: Insurances: Form of Notice of Assignment);
- (ii) within 10 Business Days of this Deed, or within 10 Business Days of acquiring any future Insurances, procure the endorsement of a loss payable clause on the Insurances, in form and substance acceptable to the Security Agent, showing that the Security Agent is named as sole loss payee in respect of any proceeds of any claim under the Insurances (except for those claims made in respect of Excluded Cargo and/or Excluded Tanks or made by O.W. Cargo Denmark A/S under those Insurances listed as "Goods Insurances" and "Tank Insurances" in Schedule 2 (Insurances) in respect of cargo owned by it for which O.W. Cargo Denmark A/S may receive the proceeds directly from the relevant insurance company or underwriters);
- (iii) procure that each relevant insurance company or underwriters in respect of the Insurances delivers an acknowledgment or letter of undertaking to the Security Agent within 10 days of the date of this Deed, or 10 days of the date of any future Insurances, in substantially the form set out in Part 2 of Schedule 6 (Deliverables: Insurances: Acknowledgment).
- (b) Unless an Enforcement Event occurs, subject to paragraph (a) above, the Security Agent undertakes to promptly pay the proceeds it receives of any claim under the Insurances directly into the Collection Account of the Company which corresponds in terms of currency to the currency in which such proceeds are received by the Security Agent. If there is no such corresponding Collection Account, the Security Agent shall pay such proceeds into the Collection Account of the Company held in DKK with the costs of any currency conversion being borne by the Company.
- (c) Each Insurance Chargor undertakes to procure that none of its Affiliates which is named as additional assured or co-assured party on the Insurances at any time shall interfere in or obstruct in any claims made under the Insurances.
- (d) Notwithstanding the naming of the Security Agent as sole loss payee in respect of the Insurances, each Insurance Chargor must pay any amount received by it in respect of the Insurances directly into a Collection Account.
- (e) Each Insurance Chargor must insure, or procure the Insurance of, its assets against:
  - (i) loss or damage by fire;
  - (ii) other risks normally insured against by persons carrying on the same class of business as that carried on by it; and
  - (iii) any other risks which the Security Agent may reasonably require.
- (f) The Insurances must be placed with an insurance company or underwriters acceptable to the Security Agent (it being noted that each insurance company or underwriter with whom the Insurances are currently placed at the time of this Deed are acceptable to the Security Agent).

- (g) No Insurance Chargor may do or permit anything to be done which may make void or voidable any Insurances.
- (h) Each Insurance Chargor must promptly pay all premiums and do all other things necessary to keep the Insurances in force.

### 5.5 Brokerage Agreements

- (a) Each Brokerage Chargor must:
  - (i) on the date of this Deed give notice of the Security created by this Deed to each Broker in respect of the Brokerage Agreements by sending a notice to each such Broker in substantially the form set out in Part 1 of Schedule 7 (Deliverables: Brokerage Agreements: Form of Notice of Assignment);
  - (ii) use all reasonable efforts to ensure that each relevant debtor delivers an acknowledgement to the Security Agent within 30 Business Days of the date of this Deed in substantially the form set out in Part 2 of Schedule 7 (Deliverables: Brokerage Agreements: Form of Acknowledgment); and
  - (iii) procure that any withdrawal made by a Brokerage Chargor of any amounts standing to the credit of a Brokerage Account is promptly paid into a Collection Account.

#### 5.6 Preservation

No Chargor may, without the prior consent of the Security Agent, take any action which might jeopardise the existence or enforceability of any such Intra-Group Loan, Supply Contract, New Supply Contract, Insurances or Brokerage Agreements.

# 5.7 Rights

- (a) Subject to the rights of the Security Agent under paragraph (b) below, each Chargor must duly and promptly perform its obligations, and diligently pursue its rights, in respect of its Security Assets, but only if and to the extent that the exercise of those rights in the manner proposed would not result in an Event of Default under the terms of the Credit Agreement.
- (b) After this Security has become enforceable or if the Security Agent otherwise deems it necessary to protect the Security created under this Deed:
  - the Security Agent may exercise (without any further consent or authority on the part of any Chargor and irrespective of any direction given by any Chargor) any of the rights of any Chargor in connection with any Security Asset;
  - (ii) each Chargor must take such steps (at its own cost) as the Security Agent may require to enforce its rights in respect of Security Assets; this includes initiating and pursuing legal or arbitration proceedings in the name of that Chargor; and
  - (iii) any payment received by a Chargor in respect of the Security Assets must be promptly paid by such Chargor to the Security Agent.

#### 5.8 Information

- (a) Each Chargor must supply the Security Agent and any Receiver with any information and documentation relating to any Security Asset requested by the Security Agent or any Receiver;
- (b) Each Insurance Chargor must, following a request from the Security Agent or any Receiver, deposit with the Security Agent or such Receiver all policy documents, certificates, endorsements or cover notes relating to any Insurances and the receipt for the payment of any premium for any Insurances as the Security Agent may request.
- (c) Each Insurance Chargor must promptly inform the Security Agent of full details of any claims being made by it or one of the other named assured parties on the Insurances in respect of the Insurances.
- (d) Each Danish Receivables Chargor must promptly inform the Security Agent of any New Supply Contract under which the projected revenue is equal to or exceeds USD 1,000,000 per month.

The above listed information undertakings is subject to any Chargor's compliance with any disclosure obligations pursuant to the Danish Securities Trading Act and any applicable stock market regulation.

#### 6. PRESERVATION OF SECURITY

#### 6.1 Continuing security

This Security is a continuing security and will extend to the ultimate balance of the Secured Liabilities, regardless of any intermediate payment or discharge in whole or in part.

#### 6.2 Reinstatement

If any discharge, release or arrangement (whether in respect of the obligations of any Obligor or any security for those obligations or otherwise) is made by a Finance Party in whole or in part on the basis of any payment, security or other disposition which is avoided or must be restored in insolvency, liquidation, administration, judicial management or otherwise, without limitation, then the liability of the Chargors under this Deed will continue or be reinstated as if the discharge, release or arrangement had not occurred.

#### 6.3 Waiver of defences

The obligations of the Chargors under this Deed will not be affected by any act, omission, matter or thing which, but for this Clause, would reduce, release or prejudice any of its obligations under this Deed including (without limitation and whether or not known to it or any Finance Party):

- (a) any time, waiver or consent granted to, or composition with, any Obligor or other person;
- (b) the release of any other Obligor or any other person under the terms of any composition or arrangement with any creditor of any member of the Group;

- (c) the taking, variation, compromise, exchange, renewal or release of, or refusal or neglect to perfect, take up or enforce, any rights against, or security over assets of, any Obligor or other person;
- (d) any non-presentation or non-observance of any formality or other requirement in respect of any instrument or any failure to realise the full value of any security;
- (e) any incapacity or lack of power, authority or legal personality of or dissolution or change in the members or status of an Obligor or any other person;
- (f) any amendment of any Finance Document or any other document or security including without limitation any change in the purpose of, any extension of or any increase in any facility or the addition of any new facility under any Finance Document or other document or security;
- (g) any unenforceability, illegality, invalidity or non-provability of any obligation of any person under any Finance Document or any other document or security; or
- (h) any insolvency or similar proceedings.

# 6.4 Immediate recourse

- (a) Each Chargor waives any right it may have of first requiring any Finance Party (or any trustee or agent on its behalf) to proceed against or enforce any other right or security or claim payment from any person before claiming from the Chargors under this Deed.
- (b) This waiver applies irrespective of any law or provision of a Finance Document to the contrary.

#### 6.5 Appropriations

Each Finance Party (or any trustee or agent on its behalf) may at any time during the Security Period:

- (a) refrain from applying or enforcing any other moneys, security or rights held or received by that Finance Party (or any trustee or agent on its behalf) in respect of the Secured Liabilities, or apply and enforce them in such manner and order as it sees fit (whether against the Secured Liabilities or otherwise) and the Chargors will not be entitled to the benefit of such moneys, security or rights; and
- (b) hold in an interest-bearing suspense account secured in favour of the Security Agent pursuant to a Transaction Security Document any moneys received from a Chargor or on account of such Chargor's liability under this Deed.

# 6.6 Deferral of Chargors' rights

- (a) Unless the Security Period has expired or the Security Agent otherwise directs, each Chargor will not exercise any rights which it may have by reason of performance by it of its obligations under this Deed or by reason of any amount being payable, or liability arising under this Deed:
  - (i) to be indemnified by an Obligor;

- (ii) to claim any contribution from any Obligor of any Obligor's obligations under the Finance Documents:
- (iii) to take the benefit (in whole or in part and whether by way of subrogation or otherwise) of any rights of the Finance Parties under the Finance Documents or of any other guarantee or security taken pursuant to, or in connection with, the Finance Documents by any Finance Party;
- (iv) to bring legal or other proceedings for an order requiring any Obligor to make any payment, or perform any obligation, in respect of which the Chargor has granted security under this Deed;
- (v) to exercise any right of set-off against any Obligor; and/or
- (vi) to claim or prove as a creditor of any Obligor in competition with any Finance Party.
- (b) If the Chargor receives any benefit, payment or distribution in relation to such rights it must hold that benefit, payment or distribution to the extent necessary to enable all amounts which may be or become payable to the Finance Parties by the Obligors under or in connection with the Finance Documents to be repaid in full on trust for the Finance Parties and must promptly pay or transfer them to the Security Agent or as the Security Agent may direct for application in accordance with Clause 14 (Application of Proceeds).

## 6.7 Additional security

- (a) This Deed is in addition to and is not in any way prejudiced by any other security now or subsequently held by any Finance Party.
- (b) No prior security held by any Finance Party (in its capacity as such or otherwise) over any Security Asset will merge into this Security.

# 6.8 Security held by Chargors

Each Chargor may not, without the prior consent of the Security Agent, hold any security from any other Obligor in respect of such Chargor's liability under this Deed. Each Chargor will hold any security held by it in breach of this provision on trust for the Security Agent and must promptly transfer such security to the Security Agent to hold on behalf of each of the Finance Parties in accordance with Clause 31.2 of the Credit Agreement.

# 7. WHEN SECURITY BECOMES ENFORCEABLE

#### 7.1 Enforcement Event

This Security will become immediately enforceable if an Enforcement Event occurs.

## 7.2 Discretion

After this Security has become enforceable, the Security Agent may in its absolute discretion enforce all or any part of this Security in any manner it sees fit or as the Majority Lenders direct.

#### 7.3 Power of sale

The power of sale and other powers conferred by Section 101 of the Act, as amended by this Deed, will be immediately exercisable at any time after this Security has become enforceable.

#### 8. ENFORCEMENT OF SECURITY

#### 8.1 General

- (a) For the purposes of all powers implied by statute, the Secured Liabilities are deemed to have become due and payable on the date of this Deed.
- (b) Section 103 of the Act (restricting the power of sale) and Section 93 of the Act (restricting the right of consolidation) do not apply to this Security.

#### 8.2 No liability as mortgagee in possession

Neither the Security Agent nor any Receiver will be liable, by reason of entering into possession of a Security Asset, to account as mortgagee in possession or for any loss on realisation or for any default or omission for which a mortgagee in possession might be liable.

#### 8.3 Privileges

Each Receiver and the Security Agent is entitled to all the rights, powers, privileges and immunities conferred by the Act on mortgagees and receivers duly appointed under the Act, except that Section 103 of the Act does not apply.

## 8.4 Protection of third parties

No person (including a purchaser) dealing with the Security Agent or a Receiver or its or his agents will be concerned to enquire:

- (a) whether the Secured Liabilities have become payable;
- (b) whether any power which the Security Agent or a Receiver is purporting to exercise has become exercisable or is being properly exercised;
- (c) whether any money remains due under the Finance Documents; or
- (d) how any money paid to the Security Agent or to that Receiver is to be applied.

## 8.5 Redemption of prior mortgages

- (a) At any time after this Security has become enforceable, the Security Agent may:
  - (i) redeem any prior Security against any Security Asset; and/or
  - (ii) procure the transfer of that Security to itself; and/or
  - (iii) settle and pass the accounts of the prior mortgagee, chargee or encumbrancer; any accounts so settled and passed will be, in the absence of manifest error, conclusive and binding on each Chargor.

(b) Each Chargor must pay to the Security Agent, immediately on demand, the costs and expenses incurred by the Security Agent in connection with any such redemption and/or transfer, including the payment of any principal or interest.

# 8.6 Contingencies

If this Security is enforced at a time when no amount is due under the Finance Documents but at a time when amounts may or will become due, the Security Agent (or the Receiver) may pay the proceeds of any recoveries effected by it into a suspense account.

# 8.7 Swiss insolvency law matters

The Security Agent shall enjoy full discretion as to the manner, time and place at which enforcement of this Security is to take place and the enforcement of this Security may take place outside debt enforcement proceedings (*Privatverwertung*). The Security Agent may commence other enforcement proceedings against any Chargor by way of special or general enforcement (*Betreibung auf Pfändung oder Konkurs*) pursuant to the Swiss Federal Act on Debt Enforcement and Bankruptcy.

#### 9. DANISH LIMITATIONS

Notwithstanding any provision of this Deed, the obligations of each Danish Chargor:

- shall be limited if and to the extent required to comply with Danish statutory provisions including, without limitation, (i) Section 206(1) (as modified by Section 206(2)) of the Danish Companies Act and (ii) Section 210(1) (as modified by Section 210(2) and Sections 211 and 212 of the Danish Companies Act), and, accordingly, shall not include, and shall not be or be construed as, any indemnity, guarantee or security in respect of:
  - (i) any obligations incurred or undertaken in relation to the financing of a direct acquisition of shares issued or to become issued by such Danish Chargor or by a direct or indirect Qualifying Parent Company of such Danish Chargor (Acquisition Debt); nor
  - (ii) any obligations other than Acquisition Debt of a Non Qualifying Shareholder;
- (b) shall, in relation to a Danish Chargor other than O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S, further be limited to the amount equivalent to the higher of:
  - (i) the Equity on the date of this Deed; and
  - (ii) the Equity at the time or times that payment is requested from it, save that these limitations shall not apply to any obligations and liabilities of a Danish Chargor in respect of amounts relating to the Facilities under the Credit Agreement and placed at the disposal of the Danish Chargor by a Borrower under the Credit Agreement by way of a loan or otherwise (other than as share capital).

For the purpose of this Clause:

Equity means the equity (egenkapital) of such Danish Chargor calculated in accordance with the Accounting Principles;

Qualifying Parent Company means a parent company which is incorporated under the laws of any country covered by Executive Order No. 275 of 25 March 2010 on loans etc. to foreign parent companies, as amended and supplemented from time to time; and

Non Qualifying Shareholder means any shareholder or parent company other than a Qualifying Parent Company.

#### 10. GERMAN LIMITATIONS

The limitations on enforcement contained in Clause 22.13 of the Credit Agreement shall apply accordingly (analog) to an enforcement of the security granted under this Deed by a Chargor that is incorporated in Germany as a limited liability company (Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung) or as a limited liability partnership (Kommanditgesellschaft) with a limited liability company as sole general partner (Komplementär).

#### 11. SWISS LIMITATIONS

(a) If and to the extent that this Security is enforced for obligations of Affiliates of a Swiss Chargor other than its Subsidiaries and if this would constitute a repayment of capital (including by way of a violation of the legally protected reserves (gesetzlich geschützte Reserven)) or the payment of a (constructive) dividend (Gewinnausschüttung) by the Swiss Chargor and thus be restricted under then applicable Swiss corporate law (the Restricted Obligations), the use of such enforcement proceeds shall be limited to the amount of the unrestricted equity capital surplus (including the unrestricted portion of general and statutory reserves, other free reserves, retained earnings and, to the extent permitted by then applicable law, current net profits) available for distribution to the shareholders of the Swiss Chargor at the time of enforcement of the Security (the Maximum Amount), provided that this is a requirement under then applicable mandatory Swiss law and understood that such limitation shall not prevent the application of such enforcement proceeds in excess of the Maximum Amount, but that it will merely postpone the performance date therefor until such time or times as performance is again permitted.

If and to the extent that this Security is enforced for obligations of Subsidiaries which are not fully owned by the Swiss Chargor, the above mentioned restrictions shall, if required under then applicable mandatory Swiss law, apply accordingly to the pro rata share of the enforcement proceeds corresponding to the minority shareholding/s of any other shareholder/s in any such Subsidiary/ies.

(b) In relation to an enforcement of this Security in satisfaction of Restricted Obligations, if and to the extent that the proceeds from such enforcement are by law subject to Swiss Withholding Tax, the Swiss Chargor shall use its best efforts to mitigate to the extent possible any Swiss Withholding Tax obligations to be levied on the use of the enforcement proceeds of the Security, in particular through a notification procedure. To the extent a notification procedure is not available, the Security Agent undertakes to withhold from the enforcement proceeds of the Security an amount equivalent to the Swiss Withholding Tax at the then applicable rate, and subject to any applicable double taxation treaty or any other applicable treaty, that may be due by the Swiss Chargor to the Swiss Federal Tax Administration from the enforcement of the Security by the Security Agent under this Deed, and forward such amount to the Swiss Federal Tax Administration, in the name and for the account of the Swiss Chargor, upon presentation by the Swiss Chargor to the Security Agent of the relevant form of the Swiss Federal Tax Administration, together with its payment order form (which presentation shall be made, if needed, on a monthly basis), it being specified that (i) the Swiss Chargor shall, and shall procure that its Affiliates, fully cooperate in any mitigating efforts and in any efforts relating to the transfer of any refunds to the order of the Security Agent,

and (ii) the Swiss Chargor shall fill in and prepare the relevant form of the Swiss Federal Tax Administration and submit it to the Security Agent for approval, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.

As soon as possible after any such payment of Swiss Withholding Tax, the Swiss Chargor

- (i) ensure that any person which is entitled to a full or partial refund of the Swiss Withholding Tax, is in a position to be so refunded; and
- (ii) in case it has received any refund of the Swiss Withholding Tax, pay such refund to the Security Agent promptly upon receipt thereof.
- (c) For the avoidance of doubt, where a deduction for Swiss Withholding Tax is required, the obligations of the Swiss Chargor under Clause 13.4 (Minimum Interest), Clause 17.1 (Tax gross-up) and Clause 17.2 (Tax indemnity) of the Credit Agreement will remain applicable, save to the extent and for as long as that would cause the Maximum Amount to be exceeded.
- (d) If the enforcement of Restricted Obligations would be limited due to the effects referred to in this Clause 9, then the Swiss Chargor must:
  - (i) to the extent permitted by applicable law, revalue and/or realize any of its assets that are shown on its balance sheet with a book value that is significantly lower than the market value of such assets, and
  - (ii) reduce its share capital to the minimum allowed under then applicable law.

#### 12. RECEIVER

# 12.1 Appointment of Receiver

- (a) Except as provided below, the Security Agent may appoint any one or more persons to be a Receiver of all or any part of the Security Assets if:
  - (i) this Security has become enforceable; or
  - (ii) a Chargor so requests the Security Agent in writing at any time.
- (b) Any appointment under paragraph (a) above may be by deed, under seal or in writing under its hand.
- (c) Except as provided below, any restriction imposed by law on the right of a mortgagee to appoint a Receiver (including under section 109(1) of the Act) does not apply to this Deed.
- (d) The Security Agent is not entitled to appoint a Receiver solely as a result of the obtaining of a moratorium (or anything done with a view to obtaining a moratorium) under section 1A of the Insolvency Act 1986.
- (e) The Security Agent may not appoint an administrative receiver (as defined in section 29(2) of the Insolvency Act 1986) over the Security Assets if the Security Agent is prohibited from so doing by section 72A of the Insolvency Act 1986 and no exception to the prohibition on appointing an administrative receiver applies.

#### 12.2 Removal

The Security Agent may by writing under its hand (subject to any requirement for an order of the court in the case of an administrative receiver) remove any Receiver appointed by it and may, whenever it thinks fit, appoint a new Receiver in the place of any Receiver whose appointment may for any reason have terminated.

#### 12.3 Remuneration

The Security Agent may fix the remuneration of any Receiver appointed by it and the maximum rate specified in Section 109(6) of the Act will not apply.

# 12.4 Agent of each Chargor

- (a) A Receiver will be deemed to be the agent of each Chargor for all purposes and accordingly will be deemed to be in the same position as a Receiver duly appointed by a mortgagee under the Act. Each Chargor is responsible for the contracts, engagements, acts, omissions, defaults and losses of a Receiver and for liabilities incurred by a Receiver.
- (b) No Finance Party will incur any liability (either to a Chargor or to any other person) by reason of the appointment of a Receiver or for any other reason.

#### 12.5 Relationship with Security Agent

To the fullest extent allowed by law, any right, power or discretion conferred by this Deed (either expressly or impliedly) or by law on a Receiver may after this Security becomes enforceable be exercised by the Security Agent in relation to any Security Asset without first appointing a Receiver and notwithstanding the appointment of a Receiver.

#### 13. POWERS OF RECEIVER

#### 13.1 General

- (a) A Receiver has all of the rights, powers and discretions set out below in this Clause in addition to those conferred on it by any law; this includes:
  - (i) in the case of an administrative receiver, all the rights, powers and discretions conferred on an administrative receiver under the Insolvency Act, 1986; and
  - (ii) otherwise, all the rights, powers and discretions conferred on a receiver (or a receiver and manager) under the Act and the Insolvency Act, 1986.
- (b) If there is more than one Receiver holding office at the same time, each Receiver may (unless the document appointing him states otherwise) exercise all of the powers conferred on a Receiver under this Deed individually and to the exclusion of any other Receiver.

#### 13.2 Possession

A Receiver may take immediate possession of, get in and collect any Security Asset.

#### 13.3 Carry on business

A Receiver may carry on any business of any Chargor in any manner he thinks fit.

# 13.4 Employees

- (a) A Receiver may appoint and discharge managers, officers, agents, accountants, servants, workmen and others for the purposes of this Deed upon such terms as to remuneration or otherwise as he thinks fit.
- (b) A Receiver may discharge any person appointed by any Chargor.

# 13.5 Borrow money

A Receiver may raise and borrow money either unsecured or on the security of any Security Asset either in priority to this Security or otherwise and generally on any terms and for whatever purpose which he thinks fit.

#### 13.6 Sale of assets

- (a) A Receiver may sell, exchange, convert into money and realise any Security Asset by public auction or private contract and generally in any manner and on any terms which he thinks fit.
- (b) The consideration for any such transaction may consist of cash, debentures or other obligations, shares, stock or other valuable consideration and any such consideration may be payable in a lump sum or by instalments spread over any period which he thinks fit.

# 13.7 Compromise

A Receiver may settle, adjust, refer to arbitration, compromise and arrange any claim, account, dispute, question or demand with or by any person who is or claims to be a creditor of any Chargor or relating in any way to any Security Asset.

#### 13.8 Legal actions

A Receiver may bring, prosecute, enforce, defend and abandon any action, suit or proceedings in relation to any Security Asset which he thinks fit.

# 13.9 Receipts

A Receiver may give a valid receipt for any moneys and execute any assurance or thing which may be proper or desirable for realising any Security Asset.

#### 13.10 Subsidiaries

A Receiver may form a Subsidiary of any Chargor and transfer to that Subsidiary any Security Asset.

#### 13.11 Delegation

A Receiver may delegate his powers in accordance with this Deed.

#### 13.12 Lending

A Receiver may lend money or advance credit to any customer of any Chargor.

#### 13.13 Protection of assets

A Receiver may effect any insurance and do any other act which any Chargor might do in the ordinary conduct of its business to protect or improve any Security Asset in each case as he thinks fit.

## 13.14 Other powers

#### A Receiver may:

- (a) do all other acts and things which he may consider desirable or necessary for realising any Security Asset or incidental or conducive to any of the rights, powers or discretions conferred on a Receiver under or by virtue of this Deed or law;
- (b) exercise in relation to any Security Asset all the powers, authorities and things which he would be capable of exercising if he were the absolute beneficial owner of that Security Asset; and
- (c) use the name of any Chargor for any of the above purposes.

#### 14. APPLICATION OF PROCEEDS

- (a) Any moneys received by the Security Agent or any Receiver after this Security has become enforceable must be applied in the following order of priority:
  - firstly, in or towards payment of or provision for all costs and expenses incurred by the Security Agent or any Receiver under or in connection with this Deed and of all remuneration due to any Receiver under or in connection with this Deed;
  - (ii) secondly, in or towards payment of or provision for the Secured Liabilities;
  - (iii) then in payment of the surplus (if any) to any Chargor or other person entitled to it.
- (b) This Clause is subject to the payment of any claims having priority over this Security.
- (c) This Clause does not prejudice the right of any Finance Party to recover any shortfall from any Chargor.

## 15. DELEGATION

# 15.1 Power of Attorney

The Security Agent or any Receiver may delegate by power of attorney or in any other manner to any person any right, power or discretion exercisable by it under this Deed.

# 15.2 Terms

Any such delegation may be made upon any terms (including power to sub-delegate) which the Security Agent or any Receiver may think fit.

## 15.3 Liability

Neither the Security Agent nor any Receiver will be in any way liable or responsible to any Chargor for any loss or liability arising from any act, default, omission or misconduct on the part of any delegate or sub-delegate.

#### 16. FURTHER ASSURANCES

Each Chargor must, at its own expense, take whatever action the Security Agent or a Receiver may:

- (a) reasonably require for the creating, perfecting or protecting any security intended to be created by this Deed;
- (b) reasonably require for the facilitating the assignment or transfer of any rights or obligations of the Security Agent under this Deed; or
- require for the facilitating the realisation of any Security Asset, or the exercise of any right, power or discretion exercisable, by the Security Agent or any Receiver or any of its delegates or sub-delegates in respect of any Security Asset.

#### This includes:

- (i) the execution of any transfer, conveyance, assignment or assurance of any property, whether to the Security Agent or to its nominee; or
- (ii) the giving of any notice, order or direction and the making of any registration,

which, in any such case, the Security Agent may think expedient.

## 17. POWER OF ATTORNEY

Each Chargor, by way of security, irrevocably and severally appoints the Security Agent, each Receiver and any of its delegates or sub-delegates to be its attorney to take any action which that Chargor is obliged to take under this Deed. Each Chargor ratifies and confirms whatever any attorney does or purports to do under its appointment under this Clause.

# 18. MISCELLANEOUS

# 18.1 Covenant to pay

Each Chargor must pay or discharge the Secured Liabilities in the manner provided for in the Finance Documents.

# 18.2 Tacking

Each Lender must perform its obligations under the Credit Agreement (including any obligation to make available further advances).

#### 18.3 New Accounts

(a) If any subsequent charge or other interest affects any Security Asset, the Finance Party may open a new account with a Chargor.

- (b) If the Finance Party does not open a new account, it will nevertheless be treated as if it had done so at the time when it received or was deemed to have received notice of that charge or other interest.
- (c) As from that time all payments made to the Finance Party will be credited or be treated as having been credited to the new account and will not operate to reduce any Secured Liability.

# 18.4 Time deposits

Without prejudice to any right of set-off any Finance Party may have under any other Finance Document or otherwise, if any time deposit matures on any account a Chargor has with any Finance Party within the Security Period when:

- (a) this Security has become enforceable; and
- (b) no Secured Liability is due and payable,

that time deposit will automatically be renewed for any further maturity which that Finance Party considers appropriate.

#### 19. RELEASE

At the end of the Security Period, the Security Agent must, at the request and cost of a Chargor, take whatever action is necessary to release its Security Assets from this Security.

#### 20. GOVERNING LAW

This Deed, the Security constituted hereunder and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with this Deed are governed by English law.

## 21. ENFORCEMENT

Clause 46 (Enforcement) of the Credit Agreement shall apply to this Deed as if set out in full herein.

**THIS DEED** has been entered into as a deed and delivered on the date stated at the beginning of this Deed.

# **SCHEDULE 1**

# **CHARGORS**

# PART 1A - RECEIVABLES CHARGORS

Name of Receivables Chargor	Original Jurisdiction	Registration number (or equivalent, if any)
O.W. Bunkers (UK) Limited	England	03978855
O.W. Bunker Germany GmbH	Germany	HRB 100089 (Amtsgericht Hamburg)
O.W. Bunker China Limited	Hong Kong	0900648
O.W. Bunker Malta Ltd.	Malta	C22059
O.W. Bunker (Netherlands) B.V.	The Netherlands	24325325
Bergen Bunkers AS	Norway	943 659 524
Dynamic Oil Trading (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	201221068G
O.W. Bunker Far East (Singapore) Pte Ltd	Singapore	199201808K
O.W. Bunker (Switzerland) SA	Switzerland	CH-660.1.788.005-9
O.W. Global Trading SA	Switzerland	CH-660.0.411.011-1
O.W. Bunker Middle East DMCC	U.A.E.	A limited liability company incorporated in the Dubai Multi Commodities Centre, United Arab Emirates, with registration number DMCC1013, formed pursuant to Dubai Regulation No. 4 of 2002 (as amended) and the Dubai Multi Commodities Centre DMCC Company Regulations 2003 (as amended)
O.W. Bunker North America Inc.	Connecticut, USA	1088636
O.W. Bunker USA Inc.	Texas, USA	0801553486

# PART 1B - DANISH RECEIVABLES CHARGORS

Name of Danish Receivables Chargor	Original Jurisdiction	Registration number (or equivalent, if any)
O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S	Denmark	66441717
O.W. Supply & Trading A/S	Denmark	17729071

PART 2 - INSURANCE CHARGORS AND INTRA-GROUP CHARGORS

Name of Insurance Chargor / Intra- Group Chargor	Original Jurisdiction	Registration number (or equivalent, if any)
O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S	Denmark	66441717
O.W. Supply & Trading A/S	Denmark	17729071
O.W. Bunkers (UK) Limited	England	03978855
O.W. Bunker Germany GmbH	Germany	HRB 100089 (Amtsgericht Hamburg)
O.W. Bunker China Limited	Hong Kong	0900648
O.W. Bunker Malta Ltd.	Malta	C22059
O.W. Bunker (Netherlands) B.V.	The Netherlands	24325325
Bergen Bunkers AS	Norway	943 659 524
O.W. Bunker Panama S.A.	Panama	Microjacket 650354, Document 1514888
Dynamic Oil Trading (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	201221068G
O.W. Bunker Far East (Singapore) Pte Ltd	Singapore	199201808K
O.W. Bunker (Switzerland) SA	Switzerland	CH-660.1.788.005-9
O.W. Global Trading SA	Switzerland	CH-660.0.411.011-1
O.W. Bunker Middle East DMCC	U.A.E.	A limited liability company incorporated in the Dubai Multi Commodities Centre, United Arab Emirates, with registration number DMCC1013, formed pursuant to Dubai Regulation No. 4 of 2002 (as amended) and the Dubai Multi Commodities Centre DMCC Company Regulations 2003 (as amended)
O.W. Bunker North America Inc.	Connecticut, USA	1088636
O.W. Bunker USA Inc.	Texas, USA	0801553486

# **PART 3 - BROKERAGE CHARGORS**

Name of Brokerage Chargor	Original Jurisdiction	Registration number (or equivalent, if any)
O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S	Denmark	66441717
O.W. Supply & Trading A/S	Denmark	17729071

# **SCHEDULE 2**

# **INSURANCE POLICIES**

Policy	Principal Insured Party	Insurer	Policy Number	Policy Date	Governing Law
Credit Insurance	Dynamic Oil Trading (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	Atradius	363523	30 May 2013	Danish
Credit Insurance	O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S	Atradius	116426	30 May 2013	Danish
Goods Insurance	O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S	Codan	663 142 455 2	1 January 2013 Printed 13 February 2013	English
Tank Insurance	O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S	Codan	663 163 638 1	1 January 2013	Danish

**Execution Version** 

SCHEDULE 3

# EXISTING SUPPLY CONTRACT DEBTORS OF THE DANISH RECEIVABLES CHARGORS

Customer				
number	Customer Name	Address	City	Country
10031	OWB Denmark WW (Aalborg, North)	Stigsborgvej 60	Nørresundby	ă
11620	D/S Norden A/S	Strandvejen 52	Hellerup	ă
10070	O.W. Bunker Germany GmbH - WW	Neumühlen 11	Hamburg	DE
12235	DFDS A/S	Sundkrogsgade 11	København Ø	ă
15355	Compania Sud Americana	Plaza Sotomayor No. 50	Valparaiso	ರ
10072	OWB Singapore WW	300 Beach Road	Singapore	SG
11124	Unifeeder A/S	Hveensgade 1	Århus	Σ
10825	O.W. Bunker WW CPH	Strandvejen 58 st.th.	Heilerup	ž
10020	O.W. Bunkers (UK) Limited	Pilgrim House, First Floor	Windsor	<b>GB</b>
26462	Maersk Line	Esplanaden 50	København K	Z
19637	Norient Product Pool	Strandvejen 52	Hellerup	ž
24265	NYK Trading Corporation, Japan	World Trade Center Bldg., 34F	Tokyo	릅
10099	O.W. Bunker Malta Limited WW	55, Kastoros Str.	Piraeus	GR
11537	Zim Integrated Shipping Services Ltd.	Andre Sakharov Str. 9, Matam	Haifa	=
10807	O.W. Bunker (Switzerland) SA-WW	Rue Adrien-Lanchenal 20	Geneva	ቼ
14827	A/S Dan-Bunkering Ltd.	Strandvejen 5	Middelfart	š
14836	Dockwise Shipping B.V.	Lage Mosten 23	Breda	¥
11746	Frontline Shipping Ltd.	Bryggegata 3	Oslo	N O
11007	Bergen Bunkers AS *USE 30895/1210*	Torgallmenningen 9, P.O. Box 874	Bergen	9
23287	Effo P/F	Odinshædd 3	Torshavn	요
28577	Western Bulk Carriers AS	Henrik Ibsens Gate 100	Oslo	<u>N</u>
10063	O.W. Bunker Middle East DMCC	Indigo Tower - Office #709-710	Dubai	ΑE
10800	O.W. Bunker Sweden AB	Box 53023	Göteborg	SE

Tuborg Havnevej 4-8, 1.
org Havnevej 4-8,
Sverigesgade 6
Orhantepe Mah. Cinarli Sokak
attn: Bunkerdept.
300 Beach Road
Esplanaden 50
Grampian House
7th Floor, Posco P&S Tower, 735-3
Strandvejen 102 E
2nd floor, Building G
rheresavej 1
Hereplein 5
2-1, Ohtemachi 1 - Chome-Ku
Torvebyen 8, 1.th
21 Whitefriars Street
Esplanaden 50
Einsiedelstr. 43-45
113 Rungsted Strandvej
Batterivej 7-9
c/o Heidmar (Far East) Pte Ltd
attn: Bunkerdept.
Radarweg 36
Taco Mesdagplein 7
55, Kastoros Str., (8TH floor)
Strandvejen 56, st.
Philip Heymans Allé 3
Eteläranta 12

12296	ULTRABULK A/S	Smakkedalen 6	Gentofte	Σ
23113	Clipper Group A/S	Harbour House	København Ø	ž
11300	Royal Arctic Line A/S	Postbox 8100	Aalborg Øst	ž
14230	Polska Zegluga Morska (PZM)	Plac Rodia 8	Sczcecin	Я
23754	<b>Eucon Shipping and Transport Ltd</b>	Seattleweg 7	Pernis-Rotterdam	z
10003	O.W. Supply & Trading A/S	Stigsborgvej 60	Nørresundby	ă
11453	SKS Obo Ltd.	Folke Bernadottes Vei 38	Fyllingsdalen	Q Q
13620	Knutsen OAS Shipping AS	Smedesundet 40	Haugesund	9
13728	OSG Ship Management, Inc. (U.S.)	1301 Avenue of the Americas	New York	SN
11010	T.K.B. Shipping A/S	Standvejen 102b, 3. floor	Hellerup	ž
29279	O.W. Bunker USA Inc.	2603 Augusta Drive	Houston	SN
12840	Princess Cruises Lines Ltd.	Attn.: Sheryl Tan	Santa Clarita	NS
22417	Compania Libra De Navegacion Uruguay	Edificio Plaza Mayor	Montevideo	չ
13819	Scandinavian Bunkering	Øvre Langgate 50	Tønsberg	Q.
25705	Copenship Bulkers A/S	Håbets Allé 26B	Brønshøj	ă
26459	MCC Transport Singapore Pte. Ltd.	200 Cantonment Road	Singapore	SG
25100	Falcon Navigation A/S	Orient Plads 1	København Ø	ž
15025	BigLift Holding B.V.	Radarweg 36	Amsterdam	ĭ
23774	Westfal-Larsen Shipping AS	Fortunen 1	Bergen	NO NO
12717	PGS Geophysical A/S	Lilleakerveien 4c	Oslo	N O
27740	Petro Summit Pte Ltd	60 Anson Road, #05-03	Singapore	SG
21096	EDF Trading Ltd.	80 Victoria Street	Landon	GB
10092	O.W. Supply Switzerland A/S	Stigsborgvej 60	Nørresundby	ž
24310	Arab Maritime Petroleum	21 Giza Street	Giza	EG
11551	Conti-Lines N.V.	Generaal Lemanstraat 82/92	Berchem, Antwerp	BE
21486	Maersk Supply Services A/S	Esplanaden 50	København K	Σ
13486	Colonial Navigation Co. Inc.	750 Lexington Ave - 26th Floor	New York	SN
12890	Clipper Project Shipping Ltd.	Harbour House	København Ø	ž
23871	Grieg Star Shipping AS	Grieg-Gaarden C. Sundtsgate 17/19	Bergen	9
15729	Nordic Tankers A/S	Harbour House	København Ø	¥

13289	Star Tankers Inc	20 Glover Avenue	Norwalk	US
11667	Calgo-Levant Schindin tsgesenschaft mbri Arhangelskiy Tralovyy Flot	bornsing 16-20 bd. Leningradskiy 324	Arkhangelsk	. S
28639	Silver Green TC AS	Nordre Nostekai 1	Bergen	ON O
13058	Lemissoler Shipmanagement Ltd.	Eleni Court 17-21b Agias Zonis	Lemesos	Շ
13893	Pioneer Navigation Ltd.	c/o Atlas Shipping Ltd.	Stamford	ns
12140	Holland America Line Inc.	300, Elliott Avenue West	Seattle	NS
17119	Carnival UK	Box 1178 - Accounts Payable	Southampton Hampshire	GB
16612	CGG Services SA	27 avenue Carnot	Massy	Æ
10073	OWB Canary Islands, S.L. WW	Calle Sucre, No 8 - El Sebadal	Las Palmas, De G.C.	ES
19820	Aida Cruises - German Branch of	Attn: AlDAfuel	Rostock	DE
11195	Sea Bunkering Int. B.V.	Hereplein 5	Groningen	M
18955	Star Tankers Ltd	c/o Salhus Shipping AS	Karmsund	Q Q
17050	Wallem Commercial Services Ltd.	12/F. Warwick House East	Quarry Bay, Hong Kong	¥
25628	White Whale Shipping Ltd	Marazlievskaya 2	Odessa	Α
16130	Ilva Servizi Marittimi S.P.A.	Via Pionieri Aviatori d'Italia 8	Genova	⊨
21043	Daitoh Trading	Asahi Seimei Otemachi Building 6F	Tokyo	러
29082	OW Bunker Middle East DMCC Beijing	Indigo Tower - Office #709-710	Dubai	ΑE
13134	Simonsen Chartering Aps	Christiansmindevej 76	Svendborg	ă
24100	Pacific Fish Company Ltd.	P.O. Box 411240, Melbourne	Florida	NS
15977	Costank (S) Pte. Ltd.	9, Temasek Boulevard,	Singapore	SG
12036	Novorossiysk Shipping Company	1 UL Svobody	Novorossiysk	R
15202	Norasia Container Line Ltd	c/o CSAV GmbH	Hamburg	DE
14138	Fayette Int. Holdings Ltd.	Room 1518, Kwanghwamun Officia Building	Jongno-Gu, Seoul	KR
21683	Offshore Heavy Transport AS	P.O. Box 1468 - Vika	Oslo	9
12808	Orient Shipping Rotterdam B.V.	P.O. Box 1575	Rotterdam	Ŋ
13222	Key Maritime Rederi A/S*BLOCKED*	Skudehavnsvej 5	Copenhagen	ă
13875	BBC Chartering & Logistic GmbH & Co. KG	0	Leer	DE
30731	Solitaire Marine Contractors NV	c/o Allseas Marine Contractors NV	Chatel St Denis	ᆼ
12694	Champion Tankers AS	Tveitaråsveien 12	Bergen	ON N

14183	Intermare Transport GmbH	Ferdinandstraße 5	Hamburg	DE
23748	Breadbox Shipping Lines B.V.	Westfrankelandsedijk 1	Schiedam	Ä
11290	Chemoil Monde Export SAM	Place Des Moulins	Monte Carlo	MC
21366	Alpina Shipping Agencies Aps	Ramsherred 19	Næstved	Š
10077	OW Icebunker LTD WW	Stigsborgvej 60	Nørresundby	ă
15163	Samskip	Holtabakka v/Holtaveg	Reykjavik	IS
20857	O.W. Bunker Spain S.L	Princesa 25 ú 3.4	Madrid	ES
15785	Dorado Tankers Pool Inc	c/o Heidmar	Norwalk	NS
28994	OWB WW Russia	Stigsborgvej 60	Nørresundby	ă
11706	Odfjell Tankers AS	Conrad Mohrsv. 29	Bergen	NO NO
15476	Broström AB	Östra Hamngatan 7	Göteborg	SE
12394	ED & F Man Shipping Ltd.	7th Floor, Cottons Centre	London	GB
16700	Americas Bulk Transport (BVI) Limited	109 Long Wharf	Newport	NS
22684	Blue Fin Tankers Pool, Inc.	65 Chulia Street	Singapore	<b>S</b> G
19302	Lauritzen Tankers A/S	Sankt Annæ Plads 28	København K	Š
20135	Stena Bulk LLC	2727 Allen Parkway	Houston	NS
13735	Bunkers International Corp.	110 Timberlachen Circle	Lake Mary	NS
14859	Exmar Marine N.V.	De Gerlachekaai 20	Antwerp	BE
29940	Höegh LNG AS	Drammensveien 134	Oslo	9
27427	Han Gang Tankers Inc	8 Temasek Boulevard #22-06	Singapore	SG
25706	Copenship MPP A/S	Håbets Allé 26B	Brønshøj	š
24528	Kristina Cruises Oy ** BLOCKED **	Kirkkokatu 16	Kotka	ᄑ
10023	O.W.Bunker South Africa Pty	P.O. Box 16469	Vlaeberg, Cape Town	ZA
15640	BHP Billiton Marketing AG Baar CH	Verheeskade 25, 2521 BE	Gravenhage	ź
19231	Scorpio Handymax Tanker Pool Ltd.	'Le Millenium'	Monaco	MC
11821	Fred Olsen Cruise Line	White House Road	Ipswich	GB
14526	Clipper Bulk A/S	Harbour House	København Ø	Š
11380	North-Western Shipping Co.	Bolshaya Morskaya Str. 37	St. Petersburg	R D
22294	M M Shipping (S)*BLOCKED*	120 Lower Delta Road	Singapore	SG
20240	Stena Bulk AB	Danmarksterminalen	Göteborg	SE

27605	Hero Shipping Ltd.	198 Old Bakery Street	Valetta	M
24954	Primetransport LTD	5, Vera Inber str	Odessa	N
12523	Latvian Shipping Co.	1 Elizabetes str.	Riga	2
10837	O.W. Bunker Middle East DMCC - Brazil ME	Indigo Tower - Office #709-710	Dubai	ΑE
27072	DSD Shipping AS	Ankerbygget, Kongsgaardbakken 1	Stavanger	<u>Q</u>
22812	Fortuna Seaside Bulk Carriers Ltd	c/o Seaside Navigation ApS	Hellerup	ă
11207	Thenamaris Ships Management Inc.	16 Athinas &	Vouliagmeni-Athens	GR
27457	OceanConnect Marine Pte Ltd.	1 Temasek Avenue	Singapore	SG
26183	Tschudi Lines North Sea AS*BLOCKED*	4 Sadama Str.	Tallinn	H
11970	Österström Logistics	Box 8809	Gothenborg	SE
22210	Finbeta S.p.a. *BLOCKED*	Via Nazionale Piemonte 4	Savona	E
23221	SKS Tankers Ltd	Folke Bernadottes Vei 38	Fyllingsdalen	ON O
19016	Kew Finance Limited	c/o Marigulf Shipping	Tirat Karmel	=
16067	Heerema Marine Contractors	Vondellaan 55	Leiden	ź
24508	Alianca Navegacao e Logistica Ltda	schifffahrts-Gesellschaft KG	Hamburg	DE
28998	Ace Shipping A/S	Strandvejen 56, st.	Hellerup	Ä
11590	Alpha Trading SpA (Genova)	Via Brigata Liguria 3/19	Genova	E
11022	H. Folmer & Co.	Fredericiagade 57	København K	š
20711	TBS Worldwide Services Inc	c/o TBS Shipping Services Inc	New York	NS
21598	Palmali Shipping SA	P.O. box 556, Charlestown	West Indies	Z
11610	Aalborg Portland A/S	Postbox 165	Aalborg	ž
22714	Union Maritime Ltd.	Portland House	London	GB
21451	Navigator Gas L.L.C.	21 Palmer Street	London	GB
15714	Monjasa A/S	Strevelinsvej 34	Fredericia	ă
11075	Norwegian Oil Trading A/S	Tenvikveien 373 - 375	Nøtterøy	0 0 0
11652	Stema Shipping A/S	Nyhavn 28	Aabenraa	Ä
21392	Golden Ocean Trading LTD	Bryggegata 3	Oslo	<u>Q</u>
13127	Morskaya Zvezda	2, Kalinina Prospect	Kaliningrad	RU
13111	Hamburg Süd	Willy-Brandt-Strasse 59-61	Hamburg	DE
22193	Kristensons-Petroleum Inc.	21 East Front Street,	Red Bank	NS

14096 11475 10082	Besiktas Likit Tasimacilik Denizcilik Mitsui OSK Lines Ltd. OW Tankers MLB Denmark Manfred	Piyalepasa Bulvari, Memorial Is Attn: Bunker Department Stigsborgvej 60	Okmeydani, Istanbul London Nørresundby	TR GB DK
29974 25233	Lauterjung*BLOCKED* Defense etat maior des armées	Sdr. Havnegade 34 DLSEA EMM, 2 rue Rovale.	Kolding Paris	¥ £
10001	O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S	Stigsborgvej 60	Nørresundby	ÖK
18834	Tschudi Offshore & Towage	Herenweg 133	Heemstede	N
23052	Jumbo Shipping Vof	P.O. Box 23016	KA Rotterdam	ĭ
24541	Rederi AB Älvtank	Donsö Hamnväg 27	Donsö	SE
29131	Snug Due S.R.L	Via Serra 2/9	Genova	⊨
28785	Van Uden Maritime B.V.	Brielselaan 85	Rotterdam	N
14958	Companhia Libra de Navegacao	Av Rio Branco 4-6 e 7 andares	Rio de Janeiro	BR
13394	General Maritime Management, LLC	299 Park Avenue	New York	SN
12800	Rederiet Nielsen & Bresling A/S	Kullinggade 31 B, 1.Th	Svendborg	Σ
20752	Marida Tankers Inc.,	8 Temasek Boulevard	Singapore	SG
28340	UAB "MAK Investment"	g.43-38, m.Perkunkiemio	Vilniaus	⊣
22899	Shell International Trading and Shipping	STF/536 80 Strand	London	GB
21701	C Transport Cape Size	7 Rue du Gabian	Monte Carlo	Ω
30781	Koch Shipping Inc.	20 Greenway Plaza	Houston	SN
10844	O.W. Bunker Middle East DMCC - India ME	Indigo Tower - Office #709-710	Dubai	AE
15306	Rohde Nielsen A/S	Nyhavn 20	København K	DK
15359	United Feeder Services LTD	3, Thalias Street	Limassol	Շ
19396	Saga Forest Carriers Int. AS	PO Box 104	Nøtterøy	9
13616	Teekay Chartering Limited.	Suite 2000, Bentall 5	Vancouver, B.C.	ర
27446	Integr8 Fuels Inc	Trust Company Complex	Majuro	Ξ
11424	Fairfield Chemical Carriers	5, River Road/Suite 25	Wilton	SN
22099	Sea Connect UAB	21 J. Zauerveino Street	Klaipeda	Ľ
15228	CSSA Chartering & Shipping Services S.A.	World Trade Center 1	Geneva	5
20424	Navesco S.A.	Av Calle 116 No. 7-15 Piso 17	Bogota	8

12024	Costa Crociere SPA	Piazza Piccapietra 48	Genova	⊨
21452	Losinjska Plovidba - Brodarstvo D.O.O.	Splitska Ulica 2/IV	Rijeka	H
30377	Audacia Marine Contractors NV	c/o Allseas Marine Contractors SA	Châtel-St-Denis	ᆼ
22707	Nile Dutch Africa Line BV	P.O. Box 21032	Rotterdam	ž
11252	J. Poulsen Shipping A/S	Batterivej 7-9	Korsør	ă
10050	O.W. Bunker China Ltd. (HK)	Room 1710-11, Shui On Centre	Wanchai	¥
24227	Agroship Ltd	2 nd Floor	London	GB
25146	Maritime Shipping Trading Inc	Capital Plaza, piso 15 Paseo Roberto Mot	Ciudad de Panama	PA
27708	Seabourn Cruise Line Limited	Attn: Fuel Accounting	Seattle	NS
11102	Neste Shipping OY	P.O. Box 740	Espoo	ᇤ
15509	Kristian Gerhard Jebsen Skipsrederi	Folke Bernadottesvej 38	Fyllingsdalen	9
17163	Koma Shipping Services Ltd.	Komsomolskaya ul. 3A	Murmansk	RO
26247	Global Seatrade C.V.	P.O. Box 206	Urk	N
13296	Ocean Energy Ltd.	Trust House 112	Kingstown	۸C
24628	Pleiades Shipping Agents SA	262, Kifissias Avenue	Athens	GR
27606	Aarsleff Bilfinger Berger	PO Box 9861	Newark	СВ
22962	Continental Lines NV	Generaal Lemanstraat 82-92	Berchem, Antwerp	BE
11556	Fortuna Bulk Carriers Ltd.	Philip Heymans Allé 3	Hellerup	ă
18362	Subsea 7 (UK Service Company) Ltd	Prospect Road	Aberdeenshire	GB
15876	Row Management Ltd D/B/A ResidenSea	14471 Miramar Parkway, Suite 401	Miramar	SN
16419	Ultrabulk S.A	Av.el Bosque Norte no 500, Floor 20th	Santiago	ರ
27408	Pacific Basin Chartering Ltd	c/o Pacific Basin Shipping (Hong Kong) L	Tortola	۸g
12377	Charles M. Willie & Co. Shipping	Celtic House	Cardiff	<b>GB</b>
27616	Aqua Shipping Ltd.	198 Old Bakery Street	Valetta	M
16141	German Tanker Shipping GmbH & Co KG	Hans-Boeckler Str. 50	Bremen	DE
19429	Eide Marine Services AS	Røysanes	Høylandsbygd	N O
30437	Toyota Tsusho Petroleum Pte Ltd	2-3-13 Konan Minato-Ku	Tokyo	Д
21530	Misje Bulk AS	Postboks 1994	Bergen	<b>Q</b>
13094	Westrybflot JSC	27 A, Komsomolskaya Str.	Kaliningrad	RU
18962	Ethiopian Shipping & Logistics Services	P.O. Box 2572	Addis Ababa	ET

			54	
11635	Bunker Oil As	Hessa lankanlegg	Alesund	2
25820	Bulk & Metal Transport (UK) LLP	26-28 Bedford Row	London	GB
23141	Baltic Eagle Tanker Co.Ltd Valetta Malta	Ticaret AS, Piyalepasa Bulvari	Okmeydani, Istanbul	<b>T</b>
11041	North Sea Bunker GmbH	Postfach 111104	Lübeck	DE
11105	H.H. Danship AS	Havnegaarden	Svendborg	Š
18682	Herning Shipping France S.A.R.L.	77, Avenue des Freres Roustan	Golfe-Juan	FR
13103	Westfal-Larsen & Co. AS	Fortunen 1	Bergen	9
15219	SwissMarine Services S.A.	13, route de Florissant	Geneva	ᆼ
11154	Utkilen AS	P.O. Box 1163	Bergen	Q Q
12886	Baltic Group Ltd. (Klaipeda) *Blocked*	P.O. Box 76	Klaipeda	ᆸ
25136	Atlantico Shipping S.L.	Calle Jose Artes de Arcos, 34	Almeria	ES
24935	Odfjell & Vapores. S.A	Plaza Sotomayor # 50	Valparaíso	บ
29400	Dan-Bunkering (Monaco) S.A.M.	4, Avenue des Citronniers	Monaco	MC
16547	Vega - Reederei Friedrich Dauber	Grosse Elbstrasse 145 A	Hamburg	DE
26051	North Sea Container Line AS (NCL)	Postboks 291	Haugesund	<u>Q</u>
12501	Bidsted & Co. A/S	Tuborg Havnevej 18	Hellerup	DΚ
30160	Otella De Pexhe Sarl Guinee	Avenue de la republic Guinee , Conakry,	Mohamedou ELGHOURBY	ND
21732	Synergas S.r.l.	Via Riviera di Chiaia 247	Naples	Ħ
27944	Falcon Rederi A/S	Orient Plads 1,	Copenhagen	Š
22125	Flinter Shipping BV	PO BOX 349	Barendrecht	Ŋ
29376	Tune Chemical Tankers	10 Burg van der Jagtkade	HELLEVOETSLUIS	Ŋ
28383	E.ON Global Commodities SE	Holzstrasse 6	Düsseldorf	DE
11219	KPI Bridge Oil Ltd. (Cayman Island)	4th Floor, Cardinal Place	London	GB
25939	Rubio Holding Limited	Arch. Makarios III 58, Iris Tower	Nicosia	ბ
16421	Lundqvist Rederierna AB	Norra Esplanad Gatan 9B	Mariehamn	ᇁ
27347	ARG Shipping	21, E.Birznieka-Upisa iela	Riga	2
27672	Kas Tanker Co. Ltd.	c/o Besiktas Likit Tas.Dnz.Tic.A.S.	Valletta/Malta	Ψ
13888	JSC Yugreftransflot	5, Rybakov Str.	Sevastopol	Ν
24018	Halten AS	Olav Tryggvasons Gate 40	Trondheim	ON N
23053	Euronav NV	Belgica House	Antwerp	BE

Mahesh Timber Singapore Pte Ltd	Calle San Vicente 8 3 Shenton Way, #08-04 Shenton House	Bilbao Singapore	SG S
	's Gravenweg 39 4 Stamford Plaza	Capelle a/d Ijssel Stamford	A S
	Cuba Avenue, 34th Street		0 PA
Norden Shipping (Singapore) Pte Ltd	6 Temasek Boulevard	Singapore	SG
	c/o Latvian Shipping Co	Riga	2
	4111 E. 37th Street North Floor C3	Wichita	SN
	1700 E. Las Olas blvd., Suite 205	Florida	SN
	800 René-Lévesque Blvd. West	Montreal, Quebec	S
	Bredbenken 1	Bergen	N N
	198 Old Bakery Street	Valetta	M
	PO Box 8574	Rotterdam	Ź
	Korsholmebacke 1	Donsö	SE
	Markensgt. 8	Kristiansand	ON
	Piazza Rossetti 5	Genova	
	Kokstadflaten 5	BERGEN	
	Apartado 4	Gafanha da Nazaré	
	c/o Latvian Shipping Co	Riga	
	Office 32, 3rd Floor Of Scouros Court	Larnaca	₹
	Pärnu mnt. 82 - M5	Tallinn	
	Strandvejen 102 E	Hellerup	
	450 Seventh Avenue, Suite 605	New York	SN
	1 Maritime Square	Singapore	SS
	Tereinta y Tres 1387	Montevideo	'n
	Marsstraat 33	Hoofddorp	Z
	Orient Plads 1	København Ø	ă
Navegación SA	Plaza De La Justicia 59	Valparaiso	
	Rue de Villereuse 22	Geneva	ᆼ
		•	

11044	Petrol Bunkering & Trading PBT Ltd	Luzernerstr. 10	Rotkreuz	£
11012	World Fuel Services Europe Ltd.	62 Buckingham Gate	London	GB
11030	J. Lauritzen A/S	St. Annæ Plads 28	København K	ă
27600	Koch Nitrogen Shipping Ltd	4111 E. 37th Street North Floor 4	Wichita	SN
14880	Suisse-Atlantique Societe de	Avenue des Baumettes No. 7	Lausanne	£
12211	Atlantic Ro-Ro Carriers, Inc.	95 River St., 3rd Floor	Hoboken	SN
29907	Louis Dreyfus Suisse	c/o Sangamon Transportation	Wilton	NS
21417	Genshipping Corporation Monrovia	c/o Splosna Plovba	Portoroz	S
29728	Hanseatic Chartering Ltd	Hanseatic House	Limassol	ბ
28984	Medmaritime Ltd,	85 St John Street	Valletta	M
28888	Sakala Maritime Company Ltd. I.O.M	c/o Eesti Merelaevandus AS	Tallinn	EE
27623	Grosshipmanagement Limited	Arch. Makariou III, 58	Nicosia	Շ
12168	Gard Shipping AS	Beddingen 24	Oslo	ON
11927	Compass International As. Ltd.	Vesterkaj 6		0 DK
27745	CONTI 154. Schifffahrts-GmbH & Co. Bulker	Bahnhofstr. 28-31	Bremen	DE
29467	Dragonera Shipping A/S	Orient Plads 1	Copenhagen	ΔX
29560	Harjumaa Maritime Company Ltd. I.O.M	Eesti Merelaevandus OU	Tallinn	EE
30490	Saldus Navigation Inc.	c/o Latvian Shipping Co.	Riga	<b>&gt;</b>
11121	Cockett Marine Oil Limited	Carrick House	Kent	<del>8</del> 8
25288	Mercado Group S.A.	Cuba ave.,34-th Street	Panama City	PA
27211	Nisa Maritima SA	Calle Fuenpodrida nº 17	Valencia	ES
19540	Atlantic Fish Murmansk	Tralovaya 14	Murmansk	ß
10098	O.W. Bunker & Trading (Chile) DK	Stigsborgvej 60	Nørresundby	Δ
11097	Maxcom Bunker Spa	Via Bartolomeo Bosco 57/7B	Genova	⊨
23924	JSC "SVH-Freight"	Marine House	Moscow	R.
14695	Columbia Shipmanagement Ltd.	Dodekanison Street	Limassol	Շ
29129	Scan-Trans Carriers ApS	Vesterkaj 6	Næstved	ă
21273	Chemoil Belgium N.V.	Lambrechtshoekenlaan 145	Merksem, Antwerp	BE
20192	Sociedade de Pesca Novo Horizante, Lda	Avenida dos Bacalhoeiros	Gafanha da Nazaré	PT
10069	O.W. Bunker Germany GmbH - Physical	Neumühlen 11	Hamburg	DE

28684	Lotos Asfalt Sp. z. o. o.	Ul. Elblaska 135	Gdansk	F.
11067	Klaveness Maritime Logistics AS	Harbitzalléen 2A	Oslo	O <sub>N</sub>
12006	Merlin Petroleum Co. Inc.	311 Post Road East	Westport	NS
23078	Ace-Tankers C.V.	Strawinskylaan 1057	Amsterdam	٦
27052	Mina Shipping DMCC	Office 1004, Reef Tower	Dubai	AE
27713	Avant Oil Services Ltd	Norra Esplanadgatan 4 B	Mariehamn	ᄑ
26241	Interglobal Shipping 3001 Ltd	6 Kerminiski Street	Tel Aviv	<b>=</b>
28514	Aurora Holdings Limited	2nd Floor, Level 5	Floriana	L
14346	Northern Shipping Company	Nab. Severnoy Dviny, 36	Arkhangelsk	RU
26805	Silvergreen	Ulsmågveien 7	Nesttun, Bergen	N <sub>O</sub>
11854	Hanseatic Bunker Services GmbH	Willy-Brandt-Strasse 49	Hamburg	DE
29568	Statoil Shipping Inc	120 Long Ridge Road	Stamford	NS
25196	Maestro Bulk Ltd.	Ave du Guintzet 8	Fribourg	끙
20798	Rudder S.A.M.	Le Panorama - bloc A/B	Monte Carlo	MC
30614	Devmarin Denizcilik A.S.	Fahrettin Kerim Gokay Cadessi 14	Istanbul	TR
18992	Esvagt A/S	Adgangsvejen 1	Esbjerg	ž
13729	Scotline Ltd.	75 Main Road , Gidea Park	Essex	GB
28810	Solal Shipping S.A. **BLOCKED**	Via España, 122	Panama City	ΡA
10064	OWB Canary Islands S.L	Calle Sucre, No 8 - El Sebadal	Las Palmas, De G.C.	ES
14171	Marnavi S.P.A. Naples	Via Santa Brigida 39	Napoli	⊨
30678	Smiltene Navigation Inc.	c/o Latvian Shipping Co,	Riga	>
26943	E.ON Global Commodities SE	Holzstrasse 6	Düsseldorf	DE
14964	Kent Line International Ltd.	300, Union Street	Saint John, New Brunswick	5
23756	Feederlink Shipping & Trading BV	Seattleweg 15	Pernis-Rotterdam	۱
20871	Maestro Reefers A/S	Slusaholmen 2-4	København SV	Š
21844	OXL NV	Vismijnstraat 23B	Zeebrugge	BE
23147	Total EP Norge AS	P.O. Box 168	Stavanger	9
23244	American RO-RO Carriers	P.O. Box 33	Lysaker	9
11805	Norwegian Cruise Lines (NCL)	7665 Corporation Drive	Miami	NS
23759	Holwerda Shipmanagement BV	Marktweg 75,	Heerenveen	ĭ

15263	Strategic Bulk Carriers	c/o MT Maritime	Southport	US
16291	Briese Schiffahrts GmbH & Co. KG	Hafenstr. 12	Leer	DE
21301	CSAV Sud Americana De Vapores S.A.	Edificio Frontenac Local 2-B	Ciudad de Panama	PA
11419	Clipper Holding	Harbour House	København Ø	DΚ
25249	Container Leasing A/S	Dyrehavegårdsvej 18	Lyngby	DK
27858	Jade S.A.	3, Patriarchou Ioakeim	Athens	GR
11938	Cooltrans Ltd. ** BLOCKED **	Kreutzwaldi 10-9	Tallinn	EE
13482	Polembros Shipping Limited	4, Mavrokordatou Str.	Piraeus	GR
10062	OWB Icebunker PH	Stigsborgvej 60	Nørresundby	Σ
21510	Sigguk A/S	Baldrianvej 2	Vodskov	Σ
20667	Vikingshuset Shipping Inc	810 Highway 6 South	Houston	SN
11618	JSC "Murmansk Trawl Fleet"	43, Schmidta	Murmansk	RU
30472	Snug S.R.L.	Via Serra 2/9	Genova	⊨
15181	Farstad Shipping ASA	Boks 1301, Sentrum	Ålesund	ON
26782	Integr8 Fuels Oslo AS	Lysaker Torg 5	Lysaker	NO
29188	Chemtrans A.G.	Suite 1405	New York	SN
13269	Setaf-Saget	B.P. 104	Suresnes Cedex	FR
27813	Neptune Shipping & Trading Limited	Trust Company Complex	Majuro	Ψ
29058	CTC Ltd. Bermuda	7 Rue du Gabian	Monte Carlo	MC
29903	Amirtol CI Physical	Calle Sucre, No 8 - El Sebadal	Las Palmas, De G.C.	ES
21694	Great White Fleet Ltd	Clarendon House	Hamilton	BM
14486	Bunker's LLC	90 Broad Street, 7th Floor	New York	NS
14698	Carisbrooke Shipping Ltd	Bridge House	Isle of Wight	<b>GB</b>
23898	Shell Int. Trading and Shipping	STF/536 80 Strand	London	GB
10801	OWB Singapore AUS	300 Beach Road	Singapore	SG
11224	Deutsche Calpam GmbH	Grosse Elbstrasse 141A	Hamburg	DE
29798	United Freight Carriers LLC	80 Broad Street		0 LR
23300	DFDS Logistics AS	Drammensveien 288	Oslo	ON
13504	Schulte & Bruns Chartering GmbH & Co. KG	Deverhafen / Dockerhouse	Papenburg	DE
11361	Sobelmar Antwerp N.V.	Bredabaan 405	Brasschaat	BE

27663	Antibes Shipping Limited	Fort Anne		<u>⊠</u>
23750	Chemgas Shipping BV	Van Vollenhovenstraat 3	Rotterdam	Z
13895	Lotos Petrobaltic S.A.	UI. Stary Dwor	Gdansk	Я
30192	Briese Schiffahrts GmbH & Co KG		0 Leer	DE
13878	Briese Schiffahrts GmbH & Co. KG		0 Leer	DE
14812	Dania Marine*BLOCKED*	Daniavej 15	Mariager	Ä
	CONTI 52. Container Schifffahrts-GmbH &			
29205	03	Bahnhofstr. 28-31	Bremen	DE
19393	KGJ Cement AS	Folke Bernadottesvej 38	Fyllingsdalen	ON N
11173	A/S Dan-Bunkering Ltd.	Strandgade 4A	København K	Δ
16911	Thorco Shipping A/S	Jessens Mole 15	Svendborg	DK
30487	Prima Shipping Ltd	198 Old Baker Street	Valetta	Ψ
25630	Agder Ocean Reefer KS	c/o Agder Ocean Shipping AS	Grimstad	NO N
29586	ARTE Bunkering OU	Astangu 26-28	Tallin	EE
13133	Empresa de Pesca San Jacinto	Av. Fernao de Magalhaes	Coimbra	PT
11081	Furness Withy Chartering Ltd	23 Finsbury Circus	London	GB
27956	CONTI 169. Schifffahrts-GmbH & Co. Bulker	Bahnhofstr. 28-31	Bremen	DE
22096	AMN Bulk Carriers Inc	c/o Nomikos & San	London	GB
26713	Ukrferry Shipping Company	Sabanskiy lane 4A	Odessa	ΑN
11068	Withelmsen Marine Fuels AS	P.O. Box 33	Lysaker	ON
25240	Eesti Merevaelandus AS	Sadama 4	Tallinn	EE
27459	OceanConnect Marine UK Ltd.	The Old Trading House	London	ВЭ
19337	Master/Owners of MV "VLIEDIEP"	c/o MTL Maritime Transport+Logistik	Duisburg	DE
27040	Spike Shipping Ltd.	198 Old Bakery Street	Veletta	Ψ
21647	Western Bulk Pte Ltd	6 Battery Road, #38-01A	Singapore	SG
23908	Sermar Line Srl	via Alessandro Volta 2	Venice	⊨
25086	ADM International Sarl	201 Broad Street	Stamford	SN
18665	Atlantis Tankers	Muallim Naci Caddesi No: 93	Kuruçesme	TR
27635	Aldabra Shipping Company	26 Finch Road		0 0
12985	Ole Edvardsen AS	Postboks 433	Ålesund	ON

15178	North Sea Shipping A/S	0	Bakkasund	ON
27918	Naviera Chilena del Pacifico, S.A.	Avda. Apoquindo 3650 Of. 601	Santiago	ರ
29397	Palmali Gas Shipping Co. Ltd	Villa Aurora 14		0 MT
11572	Eastern Mediterranean Maritime Ltd.	69, Grigoriou Lamparaki Street	Glyfada	GR
16043	Bominflot Bunkergesellschaft fuer	Grosse Bäckerstr. 11	Hamburg	DE
29128	Batterfisa SIA Vessel Dorado	c/o Warnemünder Hochseefischerei GmbH	Sassnitz - Neu Mukran	DE
22978	Gemini Tankers LLC	1 Station Place	Stamford	SN
29574	UAB Laivu Technika	Naujoji uosto g. 3	Klaipeda	5
19268	GAC Bunker Fuels Ltd.	Argonaut Park	Slough	GB
16974	Transgrain Shipping BV	Willemsplein 492	Rotterdam	ď
29577	Sole Transportation	c/o CFL Shipmanagement BV	UTRECHT	¥
14874	Shell International Trading & Shipping	Shell Centre	London	GB
26628	Acontium Ship Management Ltd	P.O.Box 56220	Limassol	Շ
10095	O.W. Bunker Australia Pty Ltd	Melbourne 3004	Melbourne, Victoria	AU
23566	Alvarado Shipping Limited	Fort Anne, Douglas		<u>∑</u> 0
29091	CONTI 164. Schifffahrts-GmbH & Co. Bulker	Bahnhofstr. 28-31	Bremen	DE
21125	Clipper Bulk (Singapore) Pte Ltd	8 Shenton Way	Singapore	SG
26120	FTO Bunkering Ltd.	P.O.Box 3387, Road Town	Tortola	۸e
27817	Dalmare SpA	Via Castelli 6	Livorno, Liguria	⊨
14325	Seychelles Petroleum Company Ltd.	P.O.Box 57524	Limassol	ჯ
28985	Destinar Limited	Arch. Makarios III	Nicosia	Շ
28119	Super Shipping Ltd	198 Old Bakery Street	Valetta	M
11212	Malik Supply A/S	Skibbrogade 5, 3TV	Aalborg	ă
24454	Copenship Singapore Pte Ltd	137 Amoy Street	Singapore	SG
25521	Viterra S.A.	Rue du Mont-Blanc 7	Geneva	ᆼ
29223	Terry Shipping Corporation	4th Floor,	London	GB
15871	BP Singapore Pte. Ltd.	1, Harbour Front Avenue	Singapore	SG
13188	Ocean Food GmbH & Co. KG	Im Fährhafeb Sassnitz	Sassnitz - Neu Mukran	DE
15571	JSC "Sevmorneftegeofizika"	17, Karl Marx Street	Murmansk	æ
20966	Hjerting Mutual Service ApS	D. Lauritzensvej 12	Esbjerg	ă

24840	Trident Maritime Agency, Inc.	39 Broad Street, 19th Floor	New York	NS
26605	Torvald Klaveness Group	Harbitzalleen 2 A	Oslo	9
30312	Master and Owners M.V. CHL Innovator	Commodity Handling Private Ltd	Rotterdam	ź
13403	Swedia Rederi AB	Donsö Hamväg 45	Donsö	SE
28735	Venus Shipping Aps	Læhegnet 31 P.O Box 529	Vestbjerg	ă
27946	Hanse Capital Gruppe	Georg-Sasse-Strasse 5	Hamburg	DE
25595	Bergen Shipping Ltd.	Cevizli Mah. Toros Cad. Fethi Bey Sk. No	Istanbul	표
15604	Uni-Tankers	Turbinevej 10	Middelfart	Δ
30925	K and D	10 West Street unit 27E	N	NS
11816	Statoil ASA	OTS PRO TE FCS E-3 ST-FO	Stavanger	ON ON
15061	GEFO Gesellschaft für Öltransporte mbH	Kurze Mühren 2	Hamburg	OE
11435	Sealift NV	Hofstraat 16	Antwerp	BE
30679	J.L. Shipping S.L.	Calle Gregorio Marañon 1. Bajo 2.	Gijón	ES
26131	Euroshipping	Vojkovo Nabrezje 38	Koper	S
27481	Master/owners of MV Victoriadiep	c/o MTL Maritime Transport & Logistik	Duisburg	DE
30010	Scheepvaartonderneming Anja II CV	Postbox 54	Heerenveen	N
14607	Liberty Maritime Corp.	1979 Marcus Avenue	New York	SN
23589	K/S Erria Helen	2nd Floor, Amager Strandvej 390	Kastrup	Δ
29655	Owners aht AMBER II	Amber Navigation Limited, Malta		0 PL
28847	Siem AHTS Pool AS	Markensgt. 8	Kristiansand	Q Q
16157	Union Transport Group Plc	Imperial House 21-25 North Street,	Bromley, Kent	GB
16131	Express Shipping A/S	C/O East Express ApS	Sæby	ΔX
26304	Columbia Shipmanagement	Grose Elbstrase 275	Hamburg	DE
12774	Mistral Wind International SAL	P.O. Box 173-175	Beirut	8
12876	Admanthos Shipping Agency Inc.	46 Southfield Avenue - Suite 320	Stamford	SN
13814	SMT Shipmanagement & Trans Ltd.	702A Nicolaou Pentadromos Cntr	Limassol	Շ
25199	Empire Navigation Inc	58, Vouliagmenis Ave. & 37, Asklipiou St	Glyfada-Athens	GR
11051	Heinrich Wegener & Sohn	Focksweg 34	Hamburg	DE
15404	Murmansk Gubernsky Flot**USE 12634**	43, Shmidta Str.	Murmansk	R
11339	Kangamiut Seafood A/S	Nordre Ringvej 5	Dronninglund	Š

S	2	ă	DE	O FR	SN	DE	GB	PL	ON N	дſ	DE	Σ	PL	ğ	DE	DE	SG	Si	DE	DE	DE	<u>₩</u>	ට 0		DE	KR	EE	Σ	Ξ
Franklin 5.	Riga	Kalundborg	Hamburg		East Greenwich	Leer	London	Gdynia	Bergen	Tokyo	Duisburg	Kastrup	Gdynia	Virum	Elmshorn	Duisburg	Singapore	Hafnarfjordur	Duisburg	Duisburg	Hamburg				Duisburg	Busan	Tallinn	Svendborg	Mariehamn
810 Cresent Centre Drive Suite 530	c/o Latvian Shipping Co.	Melbyvej 17	Schaarsteinwegsbrücke 2	609 Chemin de Pigranel La Tane	P.O. Box 1726	Hafenstr. 12	c/o Tokyo Marine Europe Ltd.	UI. Morska 81-87	Sandviksbodene 68, 1st Floor	Granpark Tower 29th&30th fl.	c/o MTL Maritime Transport+Logistik	Amager Standvej 390, 2 sal	Reg. No. 004390 C/o Chipolbrok Gdynia	c/o Rederiet Otto Danielsen A/S	Moltke Str. 7	c/o Mtl Maritime Transport & Logistik	12 Marina Boulevard #20-01	Lonsbraut 2	c/o MTL Maritime Transport+Logistik	c/o MTL Maritime Transport & Logistik	Grosse Bäckerstrasse 11	26 Athole Street	Camibo A Chinquihue KM 7		c/o MTL Maritime Transport + Logistik	RM 215, Wonyang Plaza B/D 620-29	Sadama Str 4	c/o Echoship ApS	Torggatan 148
Westport Petroleum, Inc.	Kazdanga Navigation Inc.	Statoil Refining Denmark A/S	Baltrader Shipping Comp.	Uni-Chartering France	Universal Solutions Group LLc	Master/Owners/Charterers BBC Shanghai	Tokyo Marine Co Ltd.	Gdynia Maritime University	CSL Norway AS	Itochu Enex Co., Ltd.	Master/Owners of MV "VOSSDIEP"	Erria A/S	Chinese-Polish Joint Stock Shipping Co	K/S Difko Virtsu	Seavoss Schiffahrt GmbH	Master/Owner/Charterer Vennendiep	Rio Tinto Shipping (Asia) Pte Ltd.	Atlantsolia EHF	Master/Owners of MV "VECHTDIEP"	Belneto Container Chartering & Logistik	Bomin Deutschland GmbH & Co. KG	Antalya Shipping Limited	Transportes Maritinos Kochifas S.A	HC "Euro-Massengutfrachter" GmbH & Co.	KG	KB International Co,. Ltd	Tschudi Lines Baltic Sea AS*BLOCKED*	MS Thea Marieke C.V	Bore Ltd
16840	30481	27384	13069	29984	30241	31116	15638	16239	27804	12513	19338	21228	13528	30023	13908	27491	25114	29390	19334	23526	30149	20496	29072		28770	27182	20793	24350	29021

27829	Baltnav A/S	Strandvejen 102E	Hellerup	ă
30763	Kenter Shipping SRL	Via Orefici 8/39	Genova	╘
22935	Aggregate Industries Ltd	Marston House, Marston Bigot	Somerset	GB
19251	Fehn Schiffahrts GmbH & Co. KG		0	0 DE
25944	Sea Trucks Nigeria Ltd.	4a Lees Road	Ikoyi - Lagos	NG
12127	Tina Shipping	Kullinggade 31e,1.tv	Svendborg	DK
30662	SMTV - G.Messina Spa	Via Orefici 8/39	Genoa	느
30833	Kensill Trading LTD.	Quijano Chamers	Tortola	9/
19606	GAC Bunker Fuels (UAE) Limited	P.O. Box 18068	Dubai	AE
24069	Akbasoglu Shipping Group	Icmeler Mevkii, Sahilyolu Cad.	Istanbul	포
20002	Medex Container Services Ltd	22 Lascaris Wharf	Valletta	M
22454	Brochart KB	Trappvägen 5	Sollentuna	SE
18351	Navinorte S.A.	Gregorio Marañón 1 - Bajo	Gijon	ES
25135	Naviera de Galicia S.A (NAVIGASA)	Muelle del Este s/n	Corunna	ES
30859	Net Denizcilik Teknik Hizmetler Makine	c/o Gemmar Gemi Isletmeleri A.S.	Tuzla	¥
14365	Heidmar Inc.	20 Glover Avenue	Norwalk	SN
23743	CFL Shipmanagement BV	4de verdieping, Catharijnesingel 30	Utrecht	Ŋ
19854	Global Vision Bunkers B.V.	Drieluik 5	Capelle a/d IJssel	¥
13839	Briese Schiffarhts GmbH & Co. KG		0 Leer	DE
15027	Island Oil Limited	145-149 Chr. Hadjipavlou St	Limassol	Շ
30438	Fred. Olsen Windcarrier AS	Tollbugata 18	Oslo	9
13521	Clipper Holding B.V.	Harbour House	København Ø	ă
12102	Rederi AB Transatlantic	Lindholmsallén 10	Göteborg	SE
30282	MT Sloman Themis Schiffahrtsgesellschaft	Schiffahrts-Aktiengesellschaft	Bremen	DE
14552	Maersk Broker KS ( Fr.cia)	Centerhavn 23	Fredericia	ă
16206	Arklow Shipping Nederland BV.	P.O. Box 8746	Rotterdam	¥
12836	Pan Oceanic Shipping (BVI) Ltd.	300 Kensal Road	London	89
13892	Crown Mary Shipping BV	c/o Echoship ApS	Svendborg	ă
17951	Zegluga Gdanska Spolka Z O.O.	ul. Ponczosznikow 2	Gdansk	김
25055	Petredec Ltd	c/o Petredec S.A.M.	Monaco	Æ

26930	Space Shipping Ltd.	198 Old Bakery Street	Valletta	M
11429	Schultz Shipping	Vestre Havneplads 2	Kalundborg	Δ
16682	Unibaltic Shipping Ltd	229, Arch Makarios III Ave	Limassol	Շ
30300	Masters/Owners/Charterers Ameland	Briese Chartering GMBH & CO. KG	Leer	DE
15670	JSC "Fishing Fleet FOR"	Suvorova str. 57	Kaliningrad	R.
11079	Bominflot Ltd. (UK)	5-7 Ravensbourne Road	Bromley, Kent	<b>GB</b>
29066	Sirius Maritime Limited	60 Nevis street, St. John's, Antigua		0
23593	K/S Erria Dorthe	2nd Floor, Amager Strandvej 390	Kastrup	ž
30310	Sarmat Denizcilik Nakliyat	Kosuyolu, Cenap Sahabettin Sok. No:4	Istanbul	TR
26281	K/S Nordic Nelly	c/o Clipper Group A/S	København Ø	ă
25965	Dalaro Shipping Ltd	A.T. Stavrinides Tower 3 rd Floor	Limassol	Շ
23523	Master/Owners of MV Amazondiep	c/o MTL Maritime Transport + Logistik	Duisburg	DE
23744	Canada Feeder Lines BV	Hoge der A 9-1	Groningen	Ŋ
19966	Uni-Chartering Ltd. Turkey	Bagdar Cad. Gocke Sok	Istanbul	Ŧ
22990	Master/Owners of 'MV Vikingdiep'	c/o MTL Maritime Transport + Logistik	Duisburg	DE
18810	Fesco	Aleutskaya Str. 15	Vladivostok	ß
15804	Van Oord Dredging and Marine	Schaardijk 211	Rotterdam	Z
22473	Solda Trading S.A.	34 Str. Cuba Avenue	Panama	PA
19336	Master/Owners of MV 'VEERSEDIEP'	c/o MTL Maritime Transport+Logistik	Duisburg	DE
23592	K/S Erria Julie	2nd Floor, Amager Strandvej 390	Kastrup	ă
24613	TransAtlantic Lines LLC	c/o Transatlantic Lines terminal	Greenwich	NS
13999	Neste Oil OYJ	c/o Neste Oil Oyj, Marine Sales	Neste Oil	ᄑ
12494	Peter Madsen Rederi A/S	Godthåbsvej 89, 1.	Skanderborg	ă
28720	Anship Company Limited	Stroenie 1	Moscow	₽ S
30651	Masters/Owners/Charteres Tiverton	Bremer Reederei und B GmbH	Bremen	DE
20779	Daneborg Shipping Ltd	Lastekodu Str. 43	Talinn	띰
24939	Carbofer Maritime Trading *BLOCKED*	c/o Carbofer General Tra ding SA	Copenhagen	Δ
19403	JSC "FC Sogra"	Smidta Str. 43, Office 524	Murmansk	RU
13219	Star Reefers Pool Inc.	3rd Floor	London	GB
18737	Ajax Offshore Bunkering Services Ltd.	124 Ayias Paraskevis Street	Limassol	Շ

29716 18914	NTO Shipping GmbH & Co. J Aron & Company Inc.	c/o MTL Maritime Transport & Logistik GM 85 Broad Street	Duisburg New York	DE US
11462		Turbinevej 10	Middelfart	ži
11673	P/R Anke Angela Kap. K.D.Oelze Schulte & Bruse HV 144	Kullinggade 31E, 1.tv	Svendborg	ž ü
19332	Master/Owners of MV 'VARNADIEP'	c/o MTL Maritime Transport+Logistik	Duisburg	OE OE
30342	Transverde Freight SA	3 Tobolskaya Street	St. Petersburg	RU
23065	Sirius Chartering AB	Hälleflundregatan 16	Västra Frölunda	SE
25672	Master/Owners/Charterers of UBC Montreal	MTL Maritime Transport + Logistic GMBH&C	Duisburg	DE
27739	Polaris Maritime Company Limited	60 Nevis Street, St. John's, Antigua		0 AG
11222	Fratelli Cosulich SpA (Genova)	Molo Ponte Morosini, 41	Genova	E
22680	Trulsen Schiffahrt GmbH	Siemensstrasse 43	Rellingen	DE
24780	Nordtrade Ltd.	UniMarine Business Center	Riga	≥
23569	Sia Unitek	4, Katrinas Str.	Ventspils	≥
30826	Sahin Gemicilik ve Denizcilik Nakliyat San	Sair Esref Bulvari No:23/5	Çankaya - IZMIR	TR
30274	Masters/Owners/Charterers Vegadiep	c/o MTL Maritime Transport & Logistik	Duisburg	DE
13211	Neu Seeschiffahrt GmbH	Alsterufer 12	Hamburg	DE
29868	SweOffshore Maritime AB	Fabriksgatan 10	Göteborg	SE
12704	Torm A/S	Tuborg Havnevej 18	Hellerup	ΔĶ
15423	Fedcominvest Monaco Sam	7, Boulevard de Moulins	Monaco	MC
11527	JV 'ORIMI-SHIP'	3, Tobolskaya Street	St. Petersburg	S.
19278	CFD Shipping	89, Lunina Ave.,	Mariupol	Α
29124	MV Jonas	c/o Rederei Gerd A. Görke	KORSOR	Σ
28252	M/V "Anne Dorte"	c/o Echoship ApS	Svendborg	Σ
11634	Topoil AB	Sven Källfelts gata 209	Västra Frölunda	SE
30270	Registered shipowner of Magdalena	Ilze Shipping Company Ltd		0 AG
30601	K/S ID ICE	c/o Investeringsgruppen Danmark A/S	Hellerup	ă
29035	Masters/Owners/Charterers Veelerdiep	c/o MTL Maritime Transport + Logistik	Duisburg	DE
27403	Master/Owners of "Vriesendiep"	c/o MTL Maritime Transport+Logistik	Duisburg	DE
30081	Gemini Maritime Company Limited	60 Nevis Street St.John	Riga	^

ING

F S C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	0 0	CA NO NO
0	0	0 8 2
Åbo Kaliningrad Limassol Okmeydani, Istanbul Panama Delfzijl Svendborg Palm Beach Gardens 222 Hafnarfjordur Ravenna Duisburg Rochefort Riga Tortola Majuro Kastrup Svendborg Tokyo Cuxhaven Duisburg Duisburg Duisburg Duisburg Rochisburg Duisburg Duisburg	Skagen 0	Montreal, Q.C. Nørresundby Måløy
Hampspinnaregatan 2 A 4 57 Suvorova Street Agias Fylaxeos, 118 CHRISTABEL HOUSE, Piyalepasa Bulvari Memorial Center Diablo Heights Handelskade Oost 5 Briese Chartering GMBH & CO. KG Kullinggade 31 E 2401 PGA Boulevard, Suite 236 Fjardargata 13 - 15 PK Drycargo Srl August-Hirsch-Str.10 La Combe-Leonard 5 7 Visbijas prospekts Quijano & Associates (BVI) Limited, Quij c/o Diamantis Pateras Maritime Ltd 2nd Floor, Amager Strandvej 390 Gyldenbjergsvej 10 1-1, 1-chome, Nihonbashi-Honcho Postfach 540 c/o MTL Maritime Transport & Logistik MTL Maritime Transport & Logistik C/o MTL Maritime Transport + Logostik 24 De Castro Street, Wickhams Cay 1		Suite 302 Stigsborgvej 60 P.O. Box 132
Rederi Ab Vidar  OAO Atlantrybflot Cattlefield Shipping Limited Istanbul Denizcilik Tasimacilik O.W. Bunker Panama, S.A. Wijnne & BarendsCargadoors- en Masters/Owners/Charterers Hollum Echoship Aps Glander International Inc. Nes h.f PK Dry Cargo S.R.L. MTL Maritime Transport & Valhalla Marine Sarl Sagittarius Shipping Company Limited Ginsor Ltd Olympian Enterprises Incorporated K/S Erria Nimmer JMB Bjerrum & Jensen ApS Tokyo Marine Co. Ltd. (Tokyo) Deutsche Fischfang-Union Masters/Owners/Charteres Velserdiep Master/Owners/Charteres Velserdiep Master/Owners/Charterers "ZUIDERDIEP" Master/Owners/Charterers "ZUIDERDIEP" Midland Drybulk Holding Limited	FF-SKAGEN Diverse Debitorer **** not used****	ICS Petroleum (Montreal) Ltd. OW Tankers Måløy Havneservice
18880 21322 21996 20119 10498 14285 30899 11613 15100 30630 15531 14553 27179 30144 29797 30273 23591 11009 11586 12847 19328 27031 19339 30722	25080	11089 10489 12670

0030155-0001031 AMBA:3992481.11

30608	Ocean Wave Maritime Co	46 Filonos Street	Piraeus	GR
30641	Hans-Peter Wegener KG ms Wega	c/o Reederei Hans Peter Wegener	Jork	DE
10168	Rederiet O.W. Aalborg A/S	0	Nørresundby	ž
10169	Rederiet O.W. Copenhagen A/S	0	Nørresundby	Σ
23678	K-Line (Europe) Ltd.	River Plate House	London	GB
16586	Onego Shipping & Chartering B.V.	Spui 24	Rhoon	R
16095	Fast Lines Belgium N.V.	Ernest Van Dijckkaai 15/17	Antwerp 1	BE
29475	Holcim Agregati AD	Koste Racina nr.16	Belgrade	RS
27442	GT Trading Finland Oy	Haukilahdenkatu 5 B	Espoo	Ξ
29224	K/S Navision Alliance	c/o Navision Chartering	Hellerup	Δ
11024	H. C. Grube	Enighedsstraede 1	Marstal	Ö
14701	Atrica-Marine Ltd	Paljassaare 28	Tallinn	EE
12306	UAB "Juru agentura FORSA"	21, J. Zauerveino Str.	Klaipeda	1
29473	FANTY G GMBH	Dunavska Str.26	Vidin	BG
21167	Global Yacht Fuel, Inc.	412 S.e. 17th Street	Fort Lauderdale	SN
11241	Vista Shipping Agency A/S	9 - 2, Lehiku Tee	Tallinn	EE
12288	Seatamar Shipping GmbH & Co. KG	Deichstr. 27	Hamburg	DE
30433	Robertson Group Ltd	3A, Little Denmark Complex, 147 main St.	0	9/ 0
11116	Arklow Shipping	North Quay	Co. Wicklow	프
30825	Bordo Blue Shipping co. Ltd	Trust Company Complex Ajeltake Road	Ajeltake Island	Ξ
29342	Carina Shipping Ltd.	c/o Daneborg Shipping Ltd.	Talinn	EE
13749	Scan-Trans Chartering Aps *BLOCKED*	Vestre Kaj 6	Næstved	۵
18418	Safmarine Container Lines N.V.	De Gerlachekaai 20	Antwerp	BE
30803	Veritas Shipping Ltd.	12/13 Vincenti Buildings, Strait Street	Valetta	Σ
11797	Hans Lehmann KG	Seelandstrasse 15	Lübeck	DE
19650	A2SEA A/S	Kongens Kvarter 51	Fredericia	ΩĶ
29245	MS "Saturn"	c/o Nørresundby Shipping A/S	Aalborg	Σ
29114	Sky Pacific Limited	Room 1211, Wing on centre	Hong Kong	S
29549	Fenja Reefer's International Ltd	Postveien 25	Skudeneshavn	9
11180	Baltic Bunkering AB	Skarpängsvägen 29	Mariehamn	ᄑ

29497 30085	FM Bunkering Iskes Offshore BV	Tellenmattstrasse 23, Centerhavn 23	Oberwil b. Zug Fredericia	표 전
12641	Balta SA	UI. Mariacka 4	Gdansk	PL
30806	Owners Lisa S	O/C JMB Bjerrum & Jensen ApS	Svendborg	Σ
29123	UMS Ltd.	17a Duntes Str	Riga	≥
30492	Reederei HP. Wegener	Groß Hove 82a		0 DE
13702	Sirius Rederi AB	P.O. Box 39	Donsö	SE
	M/S "Marie Lehmann" Schifffahrts-GmbH &			
29347	00	Seelandstrasse 15	Lübeck	DE
30700	Offshore Marine Services Aps	Nordic Offshore Marine	Faaborg	Ä
16531	Interbunker Management Ltd.	Othon Court Office No 3	Limassol	Շ
29254	Reederei Lehmann GmbH & Co. KG	Seelandstrasse 15	Lübeck	DE
11750	Preem AB	FE 2000	Sandviken	SE
28868	Rederiet Junior ApS	Ndr. Kajgade 9 A	Svendborg	Δ
28286	Bravo Shipping Ltd.	198 Old Bakery Street,	Valetta	LΜ
16819	Reiter Petroleum Inc.	625 President Kennedy	Montreal, Quebec	5
11943	Oliuverzlun Islands HF	Hofdatun 2	Reykjavik	SI
21799	Vardberg Fisheries Inc.	c/o Maritime Management AS	Aalesund	<b>0</b>
10086	OWB Group Administration	Stigsborgvej 60	Nørresundby	ΣK
13962	Ship-Service SA	Lucka 7/9	Warszawa	Pľ
30663	Misr Petroleum Co.	P.O. Box 228	Cairo	EG
10034	O.W. Bunker (Netherlands) B.V.	Waalhaven O.Z. 83- Gebouw 1, 1st Floor	Rotterdam	N
15898	OOO "Refrybflot Shipping Company"	1 Epronozskaya Str., 4th Floor	Kaliningrad	æ
21566	OOO "Komtreyd" - Winbox	Aleksandra Nevskogo-9, 424	St. Petersburg	RU
13021	Hanwa Co. Ltd., Tokyo	6-18-2 Ginza, Chuo-ku	Tokyo	굑
10051	Wrist Europe (Aalborg)	Stigsborgvej 60	Nørresundby	ă
10002	O.W. Bunker Copenhagen A/S	Strandvejen 58 st.th.	Hellerup	Δ
10828	Ove Wrist Group	Stigsborgvej 60	Nørresundby	ΩK
20034	Sea Trader International Ltd	Suite 1702, 17th Floor, Chinachem Centu	Wanchai	关
10033	O.W. Group Administration A/S	Stigsborgvej 60	Nørresundby	Δ

DK Si BE 0 NO	ž
Nørresundby Nørresundby Slovenia Antwerp	Nørresundby
Stigsborgvej 60 Stigsborgvej 60 Ferrarska 7 Tavernierkaai 2	Stigsborgvej 60
Wrist Marine Logistics Seastar Catering OMV Istrabenz Ltd O.W. Bunker (Belgium) NV Arctic Oil AS - Commission	Rederiet OW Scandinavia A/S
10094 10052 29229 10049 11274	10090

**Execution Version** 

#### **SCHEDULE 4**

#### **DELIVERABLES: INTERCOMPANY RECEIVABLES**

#### PART 1

# FORM OF NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

To: All Debtors within the Group

[Date]

Dear Sirs,

English Omnibus Security Agreement dated [ ] between (amongst others) O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S and ING Bank N.V. as Security Agent (the Security Agreement)

This letter constitutes notice to you that under the Security Agreement we have assigned by way of security to ING Bank N.V. (the **Security Agent**) all our rights in respect of each intra-group loan or other arrangement which we have made available to you (the **Intra-Group Loans**).

#### We confirm that:

- (a) we will remain liable under the Intra-Group Loans to perform all the obligations assumed by us under the Intra-Group Loans; and
- (b) none of the Security Agent, its agents, any receiver or any other person will at any time be under any obligation or liability to you under or in respect of the Intra-Group Loans.

We will also remain entitled to exercise all our rights, powers and discretions under the Intra-Group Loans, and you should continue to give notices under the Intra-Group Loans to us and to make payments under the Intra-Group Loans to the following account [details of Collection Account], unless and until you receive notice from the Security Agent to the contrary. In this event, all the rights, powers and discretions will be exercisable by, and notices must be given to, the Security Agent or as it directs.

This letter and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it are governed by English law.

Please acknowledge receipt of this letter by sending the attached acknowledgement to the Security Agent at ING Bank N.V., Bijlmerplein 888, 1102 MG Amsterdam, The Netherlands (Loc.code: AMP N 04 046) Attention: Agency Desk – Ops & IT Banking Wholesale Lending Operations Agency, with a copy to us.

Yours faithfully,

```
O.W. BUNKER & TRADING A/S
acting by
                                               )Title:
O.W. SUPPLY & TRADING A/S
acting by
                                               )Title:
O.W. BUNKERS (UK) LIMITED
acting by
                                               )Title:
O.W. BUNKER GERMANY GMBH
acting by
                                               )Title:
O.W. BUNKER CHINA LIMITED
acting by
                                               )Title:
O.W. BUNKER MALTA LTD.
acting by
                                               )Title:
O.W. BUNKER (NETHERLANDS) B.V.
acting by
                                               )Title:
BERGEN BUNKERS AS
acting by
                                               )Title:
DYNAMIC OIL TRADING (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.)
acting by
                                               )Title:
O.W. BUNKER FAR EAST (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD )
acting by
                                               )Title:
O.W. BUNKER (SWITZERLAND) SA
                                               )
acting by
                                               )Title:
O.W. GLOBAL TRADING SA
acting by
                                               )Title:
```

O.W. BUNKER MIDDLE EAST DMCC acting by	) ) )Title:
O.W. BUNKER NORTH AMERICA INC. acting by	) ) )Title:
O.W. BUNKER USA INC. acting by	) ) )Title:

# PART 2

# FORM OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF DEBTOR

To:	ING Bank N.V. as Security Agent
Сору:	O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S, [Group Treasury Manager]
[Date]	
Dear S	irs,
of an <b>Agree</b> i	nfirm receipt from (amongst others) [ ] (the Chargor) of a notice dated [ ] assignment on the terms of the Security Agreement dated [ ] (the Security ment) of all the Chargor's rights in respect of all intra-group loans and arrangements made to us (the Intra-Group Loans).
	nfirm that we will pay all sums due, and give notices, under the Intra-Group Loans as directed notice.
	nfirm that we will not take or omit to take any action which might impair the priority achieved nded to be achieved by the Security Agreement.
This le Englisl	etter and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it are governed by h law.
Yours	faithfully,
(Autho	orised signatory)
[Debto	rs]

#### **SCHEDULE 5**

#### **DELIVERABLES: SUPPLY CONTRACTS**

#### PART 1

## FORM OF INVOICE NOTIFICATION

#### NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT OF RIGHTS

All [name of Danish Receivables Chargor]'s rights under this invoice and the supply contract between us (the Supply Contract) have been assigned in favour of ING Bank N.V. pursuant to a security agreement dated [•] 2013. You are authorised and instructed without further obligation to [name of Danish Receivables Chargor] to pay all amounts payable under this invoice to the following account with ING Bank N.V.:

[insert Blocked Collection Account details]

Any amendment to these payment instructions may not be made without the express written consent of ING Bank N.V.

#### PART 2

#### FORM OF NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

To: [Supply Contract counterparty]

[Date]

Dear Sirs.

English Omnibus Security Agreement dated [ ] between (amongst others) O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S and ING Bank N.V. as Security Agent (the Security Agreement)

This letter constitutes notice to you that under the Security Agreement we have assigned by way of security to ING Bank N.V. (the Security Agent) all our rights in respect of the supply contract between us as may be constituted or supplemented by the OWB general terms and conditions as provided to you and as amended, restated or supplemented from time to time (the Contract).

#### We confirm that:

- (c) we will remain liable under the Contract to perform all the obligations assumed by us under the Contract; and
- (d) none of the Security Agent, its agents, any receiver or any other person will at any time be under any obligation or liability to you under or in respect of the Contract.

We will also remain entitled to exercise all our rights, powers and discretions under the Contract, and you should continue to give notices under the Contract to us, unless and until you receive notice from the Security Agent to the contrary. In this event, all the rights, powers and discretions will be exercisable by, and notices must be given to, ING Bank N.V. or as it directs.

We authorise and instruct you without further obligation to us to pay all amounts payable under any invoice issued in respect of the Contract to the following account with ING Bank N.V.:

[Receivables Chargors: insert Collection Account details]
[Danish Receivables Chargors: insert Blocked Collection Account details]

Any amendment to these payment instructions may not be made without the express written consent of ING Bank N.V.. Any such payment by you will extinguish the corresponding payment obligation to us in respect of that particular invoice under the Contract.

[Danish Receivables Chargors: Please note that we have agreed that we will not enter into any new one-time contract, or contract used as a framework agreement (howsoever described) or overarching general terms and conditions which would materially alter the Contract without the prior written consent of the Security Agent]

This letter and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it are governed by English law.

Please acknowledge receipt of this letter by sending the attached acknowledgement to the Security Agent at ING Bank N.V., Bijlmerplein 888, 1102 MG Amsterdam, The Netherlands (Loc.code: AMP

N 04 046) Attention: Agency Desk – Ops & IT Banking Wholesale Lending Operations Agency, with a copy to us.
Yours faithfully,
[Receivables Chargor][Danish Receivables Chargor]
(Authorised signatory)

# PART 3

# FORM OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT

To:	ING Bank N.V. as Security Agent
Сору:	[Receivables Chargor][Danish Receivables Chargor]
[Date]	
Dear S	irs,
on the of the constit as ame	Infirm receipt from [ ] (the Chargor) of a notice dated [ ] of an assignment terms of the Security Agreement dated [ ] 2013 of all the Chargor's rights in respect supply contract between us to which each invoice issued by you to us relates, as may be used or supplemented by the OWB general terms and conditions as provided by you to us and ended, restated or supplemented from time to time (the Contract).
we co notice.	nfirm that we will pay all sums due, and give notices, under the Contract as directed in tha
This le English	tter and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it are governed by law.
	faithfully,
	rised signatory)
[Suppl	y Contract Counterparty]

#### SCHEDULE 6

#### **DELIVERABLES: INSURANCES**

#### PART 1

#### FORM OF NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

(for attachment by way of endorsement to the Insurance Policies)

To: [Insurer]

Copy: ING Bank N.V. (the Security Agent)

[Date]

Dear Sirs,

# Security agreement dated [•] 2013 between O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S and others and the Security Agent (the Security Agreement)

This letter constitutes notice to you that under the Security Agreement, [each of the companies listed at the end of this notice as chargors (together the **Chargors**)][in respect of Dynamic Credit Insurance: Dynamic Oil Trading (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (the **Chargor**)] has assigned in favour of the Security Agent as agent and trustee for the Finance Parties referred to in the Security Agreement (the **Security Agent**) as first priority assignee all amounts payable to it under or in connection with the contract of insurance (with reference number [•]) taken out with you by or on behalf of it or under which it has a right to claim (and any renewal or replacement of such contract of insurance) and all of its rights in connection with those amounts.

A reference in this letter to any amounts excludes all amounts received or receivable under or in connection with any third party liability insurance and required to settle a liability of a Chargor to a third party.

On behalf of [each of] the Chargor[s], we confirm that:

- (a) the [relevant] Chargor will remain liable under each such contract of insurance to perform all the obligations assumed by it under that contract of insurance; and
- (b) none of the Security Agent, its agents, any receiver or any other person will at any time be under any obligation or liability to you under or in respect of any such contract of insurance.

The [relevant] Chargor will also remain entitled to exercise all of its rights under each such contract of insurance and you should continue to give notices under each such contract of insurance to the relevant Chargor, unless and until you receive notice from the Security Agent to the contrary. In this event, unless the Security Agent otherwise agrees in writing:

- (a) all amounts payable to the [relevant] Chargor under each such contract of insurance must be paid to the Security Agent; and
- (b) any rights of the [relevant] Chargor in connection with those amounts will be exercisable by, and notices must be given to, the Security Agent or as it directs.

The instructions in this letter may not be revoked or amended without the prior written consent of the Security Agent.

Please note on the relevant contracts the Security Agent's interest as sole loss payee (as per the agreed loss payable clause to be provided to you within 10 Business Days of this notice by the Chargor[s], which loss payable clause may not be revoked without the prior written consent of the Security Agent) and the Security Agent's interest as first priority assignee of those amounts and rights and send to the Security Agent at ING Bank N.V., Bijlmerplein 888, 1102 MG Amsterdam, The Netherlands (Loc.code: AMP N 04 046) Attention: Agency Desk — Ops & IT Banking Wholesale Lending Operations Agency, with a copy to ourselves the attached acknowledgement confirming your agreement to the above and giving the further undertakings set out in the acknowledgement.

We acknowledge that you may comply with the instructions in this letter without any further permission from us and without any enquiry by you as to the justification for or validity of any request, notice or instruction.

This letter and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it are governed by English law.

Yours faithfully,				
*************	 	. <b>.</b> .	 	
For ICHARGORSI				

#### PART 2

#### FORM OF LETTER OF UNDERTAKING

To: ING Bank N.V. (the Security Agent)

Copy: [Chargors]

[Date]

Dear Sirs.

# Security agreement dated [●] 2013 between O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S and others and the Security Agent (the Security Agreement)

We confirm receipt from certain chargors (the **Chargors**) of a notice dated [●] of an assignment by each Chargor upon the terms of the Security Agreement of all amounts payable to it under or in connection with any contract of insurance taken out with us by or on behalf of it or under which it has a right to claim (the **Policy**) and all of its rights in connection with those amounts.

We confirm receipt of the attached agreed loss payable clause which may not be revoked without the prior written consent of ING Bank N.V..

A reference in this letter to any amounts excludes all amounts received or receivable under or in connection with any third party liability insurance and required to settle a liability of a Chargor to a third party.

In consideration of your agreeing to the Chargors or any of them continuing their insurance arrangements with us we:

- 1. accept the instructions contained in the notice and agree to comply with the notice and undertake to endorse the notice and agreed loss payable clause on the Policy;
- 2. confirm that we have not received notice of the interest of any third party in those amounts and rights;
- 3. undertake to note on the Policy your interest as loss payee in accordance with the agreed loss payable clause and as first priority assignee of those amounts and rights;
- 4. undertake to disclose to you without any reference to or further authority from any Chargor any information relating to the Policy which you may at any time request (including the amount of any outstanding premia);
- 5. undertake to notify you of any breach by any Chargor of any of the Policy and to allow you or any of the other Secured Creditors (as defined in the Security Agreement) to remedy that breach; and
- 6. undertake to forward to you promptly any notice of cancellation in respect of the Policy received by us from the underwriters.

This letter and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it are governed by English law.

Yours faithfully,	1
for [Insurer]	
	[AGREED LOSS PAYABLE CLAUSE TO BE ATTACHED]

#### **SCHEDULE 7**

#### DELIVERABLES: BROKERAGE AGREEMENTS

#### PART 1

#### FORM OF NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

To: [Broker]
[Date]

Dear Sirs,

English Omnibus Security Agreement dated [ ] between (amongst others) O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S, O.W. Supply & Trading A/S and ING Bank N.V. as Security Agent (the Security Agreement)

This letter constitutes notice to you that, with your prior written consent, under the Security Agreement we have assigned by way of security to ING Bank N.V. (the **Security Agent**) all our rights in respect of each amount owing, or to be owed, by you to us under the [describe relevant brokerage agreement] between us (the **Brokerage Agreement**).

#### We confirm that:

- (a) we will remain liable under the Brokerage Agreement to perform all the obligations assumed by us under the Brokerage Agreement; and
- (b) none of the Security Agent, its agents, any receiver or any other person will at any time be under any obligation or liability to you under or in respect of the Brokerage Agreement.

We will also remain entitled to exercise all our rights, powers and discretions under the Brokerage Agreement, and you should continue to give notices under the Brokerage Agreement to us and to make payments under the Brokerage Agreement to the following account [details of Collection Account | Blocked Collection Account], unless and until you receive notice from the Security Agent to the contrary. In this event, all the rights, powers and discretions will be exercisable by, and notices must be given to, the Security Agent or as it directs. Any amendment to these payment instructions may not be made without the express written consent of ING Bank N.V..

This letter and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it are governed by English law.

Please acknowledge receipt of this letter by sending the attached acknowledgement to the Security Agent at ING Bank N.V., Bijlmerplein 888, 1102 MG Amsterdam, The Netherlands (Loc.code: AMP N 04 046) Attention: Agency Desk – Ops & IT Banking Wholesale Lending Operations Agency, with a copy to O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S.

Yours faithfully,

[O.W. BUNKER & TRADING A/S ) acting by ) Title: ]

[O.W. SUPPLY & TRADING A/S ) acting by ) Title: ]

# PART 2

# FORM OF ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF BROKER

To:	ING Bank N.V. as Security Agent
Сору:	O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S, [Group Treasury Manager]
[Date]	
Dan C	
Dear S	irs,
of a no dated [ owing,	Infirm receipt from [O.W. Bunker & Trading A/S][O.W. Supply & Trading A/S] (the <b>Chargor</b> ) tice dated [
	nfirm that we will pay all sums due, and give notices, under the Brokerage Agreements as d in that Notice.
This le English	tter and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with it are governed by law.
Yours	faithfully,
***********	
(Autho	rised signatory)
[Broke	r]

#### **SIGNATORIES**

#### Chargors

EXECUTED as a deed by

O.W. BUNKER & TRADING A/S

as Danish Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor, Intra-Group Chargor and Brokerage Chargor

acting by

Acting by

IMPATEN SKOU

Pittle: Attorney-in-fact

Witness:

Name:

EXECUTED as a deed by

O.W. SUPPLY & TRADING A/S

as Danish Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor, Intra-Group Chargor and Brokerage Chargor

acting by

Title: Attorney-in-fact

Witness:

Name:

Address:

WITEBADDE9

GUYO AABYBOO

EXECUTED as a deed by

O.W. BUNKERS (UK) LIMITED

as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor

acting by MORTEN SKOU

Title: Attorney-in-fact

acting by Title: Attorney-in-fact

Witness: DOGG (MARSEN
Name: KENT LARSEN
Address: 9440 AAB VORG

JIM 160ERSEN

O.W. BUNKER GERMANY GMBH

as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor

Title: Attorney-in-fact  acting by  Divided Attorney-in-fact  Witness:  Name:  Name:  NULLED TOUE J  QUEC AAD VOC  SIGNED, SEALED and DELIVERED  as a deed by  O.W. BUNKER CHINA LIMITED  as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor  acting by its tolly outhorised attorneys  and JIMA PEOCRET  in the practice of:  Witness:  Signature:  LACELY  Signature:  LACELY  Signature:  A Common Chargor  A Common Cha	acting by UUL	MORTEN SKOU	
acting by  Title: Attorney-in-fact  Witness:  Name:  ALNT LARSEN  Address:  MULTEDTOLE  QUAL AAB VBA  SIGNED, SEALED and DELIVERED  as a deed by  O.W. BUNKER CHINA LIMITED  as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor  acting by its toly jutherised attorneys  and JIMA PEOCRECN  in the presence of:  Witness:  LENT LARSEN	+ ·		
Witness: Name: Name: Name: Name: NULLENTUE  QUEX AABUBA  SIGNED, SEALED and DELIVERED as a deed by O.W. BUNKER CHINA LIMITED as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor acting by its toty authorised attorneys in the presence of:  Witness:  LENT LAGEN  The Attorney-in-fact  Action of the present of	V	•	
Witness: Name: Name: Name: Name: NUTENTRUE  QUUC AABVBQ  SIGNED, SEALED and DELIVERED as a deed by  O.W. BUNKER CHINA LIMITED as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor acting by its tory authorised attorneys in the practice of:  Witness:  KENT LACED  Address:  MUTENTRUE	acting by	JIM PEAERS GN	
SIGNED, SEALED and DELIVERED  as a deed by  O.W. BUNKER CHINA LIMITED  as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargof  acting by its toly authorised attorneys  in the presence of:  Winters:  KENT LACELY  Winters:	Witness/	Title: Attorney-in-fact	
SIGNED, SEALED and DELIVERED  as a deed by  O.W. BUNKER CHINA LIMITED  as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargof  acting by its toly authorised attorneys  in the presence of:  Winters:  KENT LACELY  Winters:	Name: KENT LARSEN		
signed, sealed and delivered as a deed by  O.W. BUNKER CHINA LIMITED  as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor acting by its cory authorised attorneys in the practice of:  Winess:  KENT LACCEN	Agaress: MULTEDIDUET 4		
as a deed by  O.W. BUNKER CHINA LIMITED  as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargof acting by its toly authorised attorneys  and JIMA PECERSON  Winters:  Winters:  LEWI LACELY  Winters:	9440 AABVBR		
as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargof acting by its toty authorised attorneys  and JIMA PENCENT )  in the presence of:  Winess:  LEWI LACELY  Winess:	SIGNED, SEALED and DELIVERED	)	
as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor acting by its tory authorised attorneys in the presence of:  Winess:  LENT LACELY  Winess:		)	_
Intra-Group Chargof acting by its toty authorised attorneys in the present of:  Winess:  KENT LACELY  Winess:	O.W. BUNKER CHINA LIMITED	)	/ L.
acting by its cory outherised attorneys  in the present of:  Winess: KENT LARGEN		or and	
in the presence of:  Witness: KENT LARGEN			
Witness: KENT LACED		)	
Vinicos.		ien )	
Signature:	Winess: KENT LARGEN		
	Signature:	···	

MORTON SKOU

EXECUTED as a deed by

O.W. BUNKER MALTA LTD.

as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor

acting by

Title: Attorney-in-fact

To ACOCKSEN

Witness:

Name:

Name:

MULTESARVERY

TO ACOCKSEN

Address:

MULTESARVERY

TO ACOCKSEN

Address:

MULTESARVERY

TO ACOCKSEN

AND ACOCKS

O.W. BUNKER (NETHERLANDS) B.V.

as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor

MORTON SKOU acting by Fitte: Attorney-in-fact JIM PEDERSEN acting by Witness Name Address:

EXECUTED as a deed by BERGEN BUNKERS AS

as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor

acting by MORTON SKOU )Title: Attorney-in-fact JIM PEDERSEN acting by )Title: Attorney-in-fact Witness: Name; Address:

EXECUTED as a deed by

O.W. BUNKER PANAMA S.A.

as Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor

acting by

MORTON SKOU

)Title: Aftorney-in-fact

acting by

JIM PEPERSON itle: Attorney-in-fact

Witness Name;

KENT LARDEN MULTEDARVET

Address:

# DYNAMIC OIL TRADING (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.

as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor

		(0000x
	acting by its Attorney,  Worten Skill pursuant to a Power of Attorney dated 9 DECEMBER 2013	
_	acting by its Artomey,  JIM PROGREM, pursuant to a Power of Attorney dated 9 DECEMBER 2013  Witness: KENT LARSAN	
	Name. MULTED FRUED 4 Address: 9440 AABSBAO	
	EXECUTED as a deed by  O.W. BUNKER FAR EAST (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD  as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor	
	acting by its Attorney,  WETEN SKOU, pursuant to a Power of Attorney dated 19 DECEMBER 2013	
_	acting by its Athorney,  pursuant to a Power of Attorney dated 19 NECEMBER 2018  Tim PEDER SEN	
	Witness: WENT LARSEN Address: MULTEBARUET 4 9440 AABYBBO	
	O.W. BUNKER (SWITZERLAND) SA as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor	
	acting by	
	MORTEN SKOU	

0030155-0001031 AMBA 3992481 11

Witness: UCNT CAREN Name: MUCTEDAQUETU Address: QUUC AABYDRO				
EXECUTED as a deed by  O.W. GLOBAL TRADING SA as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor				
acting by				
Witness: ) JM PEDERSON )Title: Attorney-in-fact				
Witness: KENT LAPSEN Name: KENT LAPSEN Address: MULTERFOLET U QUUO AROYORO				
EXECUTED as a deed by  O.W. BUNKER MIDDLE EAST DMCC  as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor				
necting by				
Witness:  Warner  Witness:  Warner  Witness:  WENT LABSEN  WULTERARVES  WULTERARVES  MULTERARVES  MULTERARVES				
EXECUTED as a deed by  O.W. BUNKER NORTH AMERICA INC.  as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor				
octing by MORTEN SKOU  )Title: Attorney-in-fact  cting by OIM PEDERSON				
Vitness:  Vitnes				

0030155-0001031 AMBA.3992481.11

O.W. BUNKER USA INC. as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Char	gor and Intra-Group Chargor
acting by	) MORTON SICOU )Title: Attorney-in-fact
acting by	) JIM PEDER SEN
Witness: Name. Address:  KENT LARS  MULTEB FRI  Security Agent  9440 AAB)	)Title: Attorney-in-fact  JU  JEJ- 4
Security Agent 9440 AAB)	(MP-O
ING BANK N.V.	
acting by	)Title:
acting by	) Title:

O.W. BUNKER USA INC. as Receivables Chargor, Insurance Chargor and Intra-Group Chargor				
acting by	_) )Title: Attorney-in-fact			
acting by	)Title: Attorney-in-fact			
Security Agent				
acting by M. R. M. R. M. P. M.	) Director )Title:			
acting by.  F. DEELEN	)Title: WANACING DIRECTOR			

# Exhibit 41

1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA			
2	**************************************			
3	VALERO MARKETING AND			
4	SUPPLY COMPANY			
5	Docket No. 2:14-CV-02712 Section G New Orleans, Louisiana			
6	February 3, 2016			
7	M/V ALMI SUN, IMO NO. 9579535, Her Engines, Apparel, Furniture,			
8	Equipment, Appurtenances, Tackle, etc., <i>in rem</i>			
9	***********			
10	TRANSCRIPT OF THE CROSS-MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT			
11	HEARD BEFORE THE HONORABLE NANNETTE JOLIVETTE BROWN UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE			
12				
13	APPEARANCES:			
14 15	FOR THE PLAINTIFF: MR. THOMAS JAMES WAGNER MR. MICHAEL H. BAGOT, JR. Wagner, Bagot & Rayer LLP			
16	Pan American Life Center 601 Poydras Street			
17	Suite 1660 New Orleans, LA 70130-6029 twagner@wb-lalaw.com			
18	FOR THE DEFENDANT: MR. GARY ALAN HEMPHILL			
19	Phelps Dunbar, LLP Canal Place			
20	365 Canal Street Suite 2000			
21	New Orleans, LA 70130-6534 gary.hemphill@phelps.com			
22	Official Court Reporter: Lanie M. Smith, RPR, CRR			
<ul><li>23</li><li>24</li></ul>	500 Poydras Street, B-275 New Orleans, Louisiana 70130 (504) 589-7782			
25	Proceedings recorded by mechanical stenography, transcript produced via computer.			

## PROCEEDINGS

(Call to order of the court.)

THE COURTROOM MANAGER: We have Civil Action 14-2712, Valero Marketing and Supply Company versus M/V ALMI SUN.

Counsel, make your appearance, please.

MR. WAGNER: Tom Wagner and Michael Bagot for the plaintiff, Valero Marketing.

MR. HEMPHILL: Gary Hemphill for the claimant in the in rem action, Verna Marine.

THE COURT: All right. And whose motion is this?
We're hearing the cross-motion for summary judgment. That would be your motion, correct?

MR. HEMPHILL: Yes, Your Honor.

Your Honor, may I say for the record -- and I'm sure I speak for Mr. Wagner -- that neither he nor I were ever as young as those three candidates you just admitted. We certainly didn't appear that way ever.

It is my motion, Your Honor; but it occurred to me that in light of the three specific questions that you asked us to be prepared to address, you may prefer to hear from Valero first since the questions appear to be directed to them.

THE COURT: Not necessarily. It's the -- I mean, I'll ask you. I was grappling with -- I think they filed a motion for reconsideration in the interim and still going back and forth so maybe I was a little bit more focused on their

questions -- I mean, questions I needed to ask them.

But let me ask you: Is it Verna's position that you don't have to pay anyone for the bunkers?

MR. HEMPHILL: Absolutely not, Your Honor. We have an obligation to one party or the other, and we're prepared to pay one party or the other. Obviously we just don't want to pay twice. One of the things that we were able to establish in the deposition of our corporate representative last week -- which, of course, I knew already -- is that my client has actually put up security now in two different jurisdictions. We put up a letter of undertaking here for \$200,000 to secure the claims so the vessel could be released; and we put up comparable security of \$279,000 in the English arbitration proceedings.

The reason for the difference is in English arbitration, as the Court knows, attorneys' fees are recoverable and here they are not. To obtain that security, my client had to put up an equivalent amount of cash to secure those letters of undertaking which were issued by an underwriter. These are not insured claims; but the underwriter agreed to post that security in exchange for my client, as I say, putting up cash security.

So we now have \$479,000 of cash tied up in connection with the purchase of bunkers of less than \$125,000. If we got to the point in this case where there was a final unappealable judgment finding that we were not responsible to

Valero, then payment would be paid to the OW entities and their receivers and ING Bank that have made the claim that is secured in England. And it might be appropriate for me at this point to remind the Court of the last time you and I had a conference together, which was by telephone just last week in connection with the attachments prompted by ING Bank.

THE COURT: Okay. You're involved in that case as well.

MR. HEMPHILL: Yes, ma'am. On behalf of the vessel owner. And it's relevant because this is precisely the same set of circumstances; and it's important because it demonstrates to the Court that ING Bank, which is the successor in interest to the OW entities which are in receivership, are aggressively pursuing these claims. So the vessels involved in that particular claim were subject to Rule B attachments; and as the Court knows, a total of over \$3 million of security, both in New York and here, was posted.

So this is not an idle threat. We're not inventing this risk of double liability. It's a very real, tangible thing and certainly -- I'll repeat. We recognize that we owe someone. We're anxious to pay someone and put this behind us. We're taking all these steps simply to try to avoid having to pay twice.

Your Honor, this issue has been well-briefed.

The Court wrote a very detailed 30-page order so I won't rehash

those legal issues, but I will try to address specifically the three questions the Court posed.

The first being basically what happened in the corporate deposition of our representative and the answer is there was nothing new. The Witness confirmed that OW Bunkers Malta, which is the entity with which he dealt -- and just by way of a quick background --

THE COURT: They're in bankruptcy too, right?

MR. HEMPHILL: All the OW Bunker entities are, yes,
ma'am.

My client, through their technical manager, dealt with OW Bunker Malta. OW Bunker Malta, pursuant to some contractual agreement that no one is privy to and we can't get because they're in bankruptcy, then subcontracted that obligation to OW Bunker USA based in Connecticut, also in bankruptcy and then OW Bunker USA contracted with Valero. So that's the arc of the contractual relations.

Our corporate representative confirmed that

OW Malta was not his company's agent, that all that he did was

make a purchase from OW Bunker Malta, that he had absolutely no

direct communications with Valero at any time and no

contractual relationship with Valero at any time.

The second question -- well, before I go to the second question, I think just as a general observation then the record is totally devoid of any evidence that there was an

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

agency relationship between my client and any OW entity. That's consistent with all the documents that we've seen. Your Honor. And, if I may, you have seen most of these; but let me just quickly refer to them because they're very relevant in this context. This is the sales contract confirmation -and this is in the record as Document 14-3 -- and I've highlighted there this is from Valero; and they're clearly saying that it is sold to OW Bunker USA, Inc. No mention of my client or the technical managers of the vessel -- none whatsoever. And then in this other paragraph I've highlighted here, it clearly says the agreement is between David Olson of Valero and OW Bunker USA. So clearly from Valero's standpoint, before all of this blew up, they considered that they had a contractual relationship strictly with OW Bunker USA. mention of any contractual arrangement with the owners of the There's no allegation that they made any attempt to contact the owners of the vessel until the OW entities went into bankruptcy. That was the sales order confirmation.

That was followed up with this document which was the actual invoice that Valero sent to OW Bunker USA. And, again, the communications are strictly between Valero and its customer, OW Bunker USA. No invoice was sent to my client, no communication was sent to my client at the time the services were provided and my client didn't enter into the picture at all until the OW entities went bankrupt. On the other end of

the transaction, this is the document -- again, this is already in the record, but it's worth taking a look at. This is the sales order confirmation that OW Malta sent to my client. And Almi Tankers here, just for the record -- and this was explained in the corporate deposition -- is the technical manager of my client Verna. So they were acting on behalf of Verna when they contacted OW Malta.

So you can see, Your Honor, there's a very typical and straightforward contractual and commercial relationship. There was a sale from Valero to OW USA, some sort of transfer.

THE COURT: Hold on a second. (Conferring with law clerk.)

I'm sorry. Go ahead.

MR. HEMPHILL: So there was a straightforward, very traditional, very standard set of commercial transactions so that there were contracts between Valero and OW and a separate contract between OW and my client.

There's been a suggestion, without any proof at all, that OW was actually acting as the agent for my client and, again, a suggestion that OW was simply in the business of being some kind of broker, that they would be the middleman in this sort of transaction and just take a commission. Well, there's no evidence to support that. The corporate representative that we presented said that he felt that -- that

he never had any dealings with Valero at all. He dealt only with OW and as far as he was concerned OW was the seller --

THE COURT: Well, that's the real -- sort of what the real divide is -- isn't that correct -- to understand the case law correctly? If these facts that are largely undisputed are characterized as a contractor/subcontractor situation, then clearly the law of the circuit says that there is no maritime lien on the vessel. However, if these facts -- again, that don't seem to be disputed -- are characterized as more of a middleman situation, then there would be a lien.

MR. HEMPHILL: I think that's correct, Your Honor; and I think you've analyzed the facts as we've presented them to you -- which are largely not in dispute -- very well in your order. You are my best authority in this courtroom on how those facts should be viewed. I think it's important to note that the facts really aren't in dispute, and that it is a question that's ripe for summary judgment.

There was one other thing I wanted to present to the Court and ask the Court to take judicial notice of and this is an article, Your Honor, from a trade publication called Ship & Bunker and it's dealing with the fallout from the demise of the OW entities. And the part I've highlighted here, I think, is important for the Court to understand because it describes the business of OW. And if I can just read that highlighted section, it says: "OW Bunker business model was

about buying in order to sell at a later stage. It bought the fuel from suppliers, mainly refiners or other traders" -- and Valero is a refiner -- "and later sold it to shipowners and distributed or stored these goods for a period of time."

So that was OW's business. They weren't an agent. They weren't operating on a commission. They bought from companies like Valero and they sold to companies like Verna, my client. So there were commercial arm's-length transactions all documented in the record. All the invoices went in the standard way that I've just described with there being no hint of agency and no hint of a direct contractual relationship between Valero and Verna.

And I think that leads me to what I believe may be the most important question that Your Honor asked which was the third one. Did Valero directly contract with Verna? And the answer to that is plainly no. I don't think they'll be any dispute about that. And in the absence of that direct contractual relationship, I don't think the Lake Charles Stevedores case leaves any room for doubt. Valero, although it's certainly entitled to be paid, is not entitled to a lien in such a fashion that it would require my client to have to pay twice.

Valero's remedy is to do what they've done. And we'll make this submission to the Court as well and ask the Court to take judicial notice of it; but Valero has filed a

claim in the bankruptcy proceedings in Connecticut and they have reached a settlement of their claim with the bankruptcy trustee where their claim is recognized in full and they will be paid out of the proceeds of that bankruptcy, whatever it may prove to be. Unfortunately for Valero, that is their remedy in this case; and that's their only remedy.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

MR. WAGNER: Good morning, Your Honor. Tom Wagner representing Valero.

In answering Your Honor's questions, I would like to ground my argument and ask the Court to focus on the authority under which we have a lien. There's a lot said about agency, there's a lot said about direct contract, there's a lot said about who is doing what. But the law -- the statute says "a person" -- Valero -- "providing necessaries to a vessel on the order of the owner or person authorized by the owner." It does not say --

THE COURT: Owner or person authorized by the owner?

MR. WAGNER: That's correct, Your Honor. The important thing about this is it doesn't say "contract," "privity,"

"direct" or "agency."

THE COURT: Right. But the thing is we have some case law that tries to interpret that.

MR. WAGNER: And we do, and I'm going to get to that. But the response that Verna argues is direct privity, agency,

not whether or not we were authorized by the owner to provide the vessel with bunkers. And the facts, especially with the deposition of Mr. Karkantzos, establishes that fact. Now let's start -- first of all, I will give you a summary of what was established by that which we in a way knew, but didn't have evidence of before, that the confirmation order for the ship's bunker originated from Verna, the owner; that Almi Tankers SA was the ship's manager and Verna's agent; that Verna and Almi Tankers knew -- knew that OW Malta, the party that it said it was buying bunkers from, could not itself provide or sell or supply the bunkers; that Verna and Almi Tankers actually knew that Valero was the designated physical supplier of the bunkers before its performance and that Valero not only accepted -- I'm sorry -- Verna and Almi not only accepted Valero as the providers, but contracted and contacted directly --

THE COURT: Let me ask you a question. But did they direct that Valero be the supplier?

MR. WAGNER: They did not select Valero. They approved its selection. But when they have prior knowledge and they integrate with the supplier, the case law says that they accept them as the provider for the vessel. And here's the critical piece of evidence --

THE COURT: Say that again because my computer isn't working. You said when they what in contract with the supplier? You said --

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. WAGNER: They have knowledge of it and directly interact with the supplier. THE COURT: You think that's enough? Tell me the case law. I don't know that knowledge is enough. MR. WAGNER: Not knowledge, but approval and interacting with the actual performance of the supply. (Visual display.) MR. WAGNER: And here is the critical piece of evidence that was produced in connection with Verna's testimony. I've just -- I don't know. Do you have this on the screen, Your Honor? THE COURT: Yes, I do. MR. WAGNER: This is a --MR. BAGOT: Judge, for the record that's Exhibit 5 to the opposition to the cross-motion. THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. MR. WAGNER: This is an e-mail from Almi Tankers to the master of the vessel and it is indicating: (As read) Please be advised that we have stemmed bunkers -- that's a maritime term. I think Your Honor is familiar with it. It's ordering the bunkers to be stemmed to the vessel to be delivered at Corpus Christi as follows -- IFO 380 CST (RMG 380). Supplier Valero. Please coordinate with the agent for prompt delivery

avoiding any delays and keep them regularly posted on your ETA.

Please coordinate with the suppliers and the master and do your

utmost -- the bunkers to be delivered without delay.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Now here we get to something very critical. On the BDN -- and that's maritime acronym for bunker delivery notice or in our case bunker certificate which is the document that is executed by the ship and by Valero -- there has to be the following items and any disparity has to be addressed on the spot. The spot means the chief engineer whom they are saying didn't have authority to deal with this or to confirm the contact or contract with us, name and IMO number of ship, bunkering port, date of commencement, name and address and telephone number of marine oil fuel supplier -- that's us -product name and grade. That's what we're supplying. Quantity, metric tons, density, sulfur content. All of the details that Verna and Almi Tankers needs to run that vessel are directly controlled by the chief engineer and by Valero in this supply. Of note is the absence of any reference to any OW Bunkers entity involved in this commercial transaction and delivery or the insurance that it complies with Verna's order for fuel to run the ship.

THE COURT: But it is, right? I mean, this is just a confirmation that they're getting what they ordered. I hate to make it so simplistic, but is that really what it is is to confirm that they're getting what they order before we accept it?

MR. WAGNER: With respect, it is a --

THE COURT: Are you arguing that it's a separate contract?

MR. WAGNER: I'm arguing that it gives rise to a contractual relationship, but what it does mostly is it confirms that we are supplying bunkers on order of the vessel owner.

THE COURT: All right. So, you know, I don't know that that's -- that's not in dispute. I mean, the dispute is, you know, who --

MR. WAGNER: Your Honor.

THE COURT: For the purposes of a maritime lien, who has the lien?

MR. WAGNER: It is a person who supplies necessaries -fuel -- on order of the owner or one authorized by the owner.

THE COURT: But we just explained that the owner made his order to the OW Malta group, the owner; and we've already discussed that even if he knew ultimately in some way that Valero would be the party to deliver it, the case law says that that doesn't matter.

MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, with respect --

THE COURT: Well, tell me where it fits. You know, because I understand your position; but, you know, and these factors are, you know, there's no disputed -- the facts aren't disputed, but I just have to decide does it belong in one column, you know, or the next. You know, either it is -- you

do have a maritime lien based on these facts or not. So I'm looking at the cases out of the circuit, you know, and trying to see what is this more -- our circuit, not the Ninth Circuit. What are these facts more akin to?

MR. WAGNER: Can I address it factually and legally? THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. WAGNER: Factually this is evidence of an order by Almi Tankers, the operator of the vessel, to its officers and crew to -- for approving the delivery by the physical supplier, Valero, of the fuel that it's ordered. It is evidence that these bunkers are supplied on order of the owners. It's not evidence -- it doesn't disprove that other parties aren't -- don't have some contractual claims or issues or something related to the transaction, but it does establish the requirement under the statute. There is no suggestion here that Almi Tankers is telling OW Bunkers to do this. It is a suggestion that Almi Tankers is telling its crew to engage in a transaction approving its order of the bunkers by the supplier Valero. It says -- we submit respectfully that it satisfies the standards announced in Lake Charles Stevedores as well as the standards in other circuits.

The critical distinction between Lake Charles

Stevedores and our case is that the contract involved -- the engagement involved by Broussard Rice Mill therein is a sale of rice to a time charter. A sale of rice is not a contract for

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

providing necessaries to the vessel. It is a sale of rice. And in connection with that sale of rice, there were multiple things that the rice seller had to do: Had to grow the rice, had to mill it, had to deliver it, had to check its quality, had to truck it, had to unload the trucks. None of which, none of which are maritime -- providing maritime necessaries. last item of which it ordered as a seller of rice. The rice seller ordered that Lake Charles Stevedore load the vessel. Importantly Broussard Rice Mill was paid in full, okay, and then they went under. I understand that that is a fact that may not be dispositive, but here we're arguing back and forth on who's going to have to pay, what entities that are in the middle here and all of that. Well, in that case, the stevedoring services were paid for by the ship and the only minute element was a couple of cents on the dollar for stevedoring services as distinguished from our case. The vessel needs fuel to run. It doesn't need rice. It doesn't need cargo. It needs fuel.

THE COURT: So nobody doubts that this isn't necessary.

MR. WAGNER: Nobody doubts it's necessary, but the entire contract was. The entire transaction was the provision of fuel to run the vessel -- not to grow the rice, not to truck it, not to this, not to that -- but to supply the vessel with bunkers and only Valero could do that. Valero was designated as the supplier, it was accepted as the supplier and then the

ship itself directly interacted -- no supervision, no quality control, no involvement at all of these alleged other parties who supposedly have some rights and claims. Our point here is very specific -- that the engagement and the relationship between Valero, the supplier, and the ship and this transaction falls squarely within the provision of the statute that we were authorized by a person -- authorized by the vessel to deliver the necessaries; and that is Almi Tankers SA.

THE COURT: But that was long after the transaction was in process, right?

MR. WAGNER: No, Your Honor, this is before. This is before we delivered. They told us to -- this was instructing the crew for our delivery to them. Not for OW Bunker's delivery, not for USA or Malta or whoever these -- we've got all these references to contracts and terms that are not before the Court and they have no effect on whether or not a supplier has a maritime lien. That lien arises by operation of law, not by these tertiary or secondary or ancillary contracts. In this case -- and importantly, this Bunker notice --

THE COURT: So why didn't they contract directly with the -- why didn't Verna contract directly with Valero? If this is what you're saying, that months before this process went into effect, they were communicating and requesting this fuel, then why didn't they just contact --

MR. WAGNER: I don't know why they didn't contact

Valero directly, but that is not a critical issue as far as being authorized by them to make the delivery.

THE COURT: Well, it's an issue because, you know, the industry has created this monster, right; and everyone is engaged in it and everything was fine until this collapse. So, you know -- because there wouldn't be a problem. You wouldn't be before me if we didn't have this chain of bankruptcies. So, you know, it is what it is.

But to see and find a maritime lien for your client, you know, in this whole scenario, the effect of it is they'll get to jump the line. They'll get 100 percent, where other people in the bankruptcy might not get 100 percent -- is that correct -- get 100 percent?

MR. WAGNER: We get what the Court determines we're entitled to in supplying the bunkers. We say it's the value we put on the -- we charged for the bunkers. It will be Your Honor's decision as to what amount we're actually awarded; but the whole purpose -- the whole purpose of the Maritime Lien Statute is to promote the providing of necessaries on credit at a risk, but the risk is secured by the lien.

He's saying we should have demanded that some OW Bunker's entity pay us. You're going to take maritime commerce and bring it to a halt if the actual supplier has to demand payment before it acts. The whole point of the statute was to recognize that a party like Valero, acting upon the

orders of a vessel, has -- it may provide the necessaries on credit and be secured for that provision by a lien. That's fact -- Fifth Circuit law from before *Lake Charles* confirmed that fact. I had a quote here to read to you, but...

THE COURT: What case is this?

MR. WAGNER: This is *Gulf Trading versus the VESSEL HOEGH SHIELD*, 658 F.2d 363. Now, it did involve an order from -- I will acknowledge this -- it did involve an order from a time charter, but I think the comment the Fifth Circuit makes in here about the material man's lien is very relevant to this case. "Granting the materialman a lien encourages the prompt furnishing of necessaries to vessels so that they can speedily turn around and put to sea. This is especially significant today when the emphasis on vessel performance is reduced port time and increased speed."

"It was the intent of Congress to make it easier and more certain for stevedores and others" -- like Valero -- "to protect their interests by making maritime liens available where traditional services are routinely rendered."

Your Honor, this is a classic case, I submit, where you have a bunch of middlemen who don't really change the fact that --

THE COURT: So -- but he says they're not really middlemen because they don't get a commission. A middleman gets a commission. That's how you characterize it or -- not an

agent -- you know, you get a percentage. You don't --

MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, we're not a subcontractor. We're not one of a multitude of contractors. We refine the oil; we made it to standards; we had it ready, willing and available for oceangoing vessels and we provided it. We did everything. We're not a subcontractor.

THE COURT: What's interesting about the whole thing, though, is -- I really haven't found anything that is, you know, squarely equivalent to this factual situation and it does seem like the industry itself, you know, like I said before, sort of created this monster and now it's collapsed, you know, and it's only because this has happened, we have this massive international bankruptcy, that the industry is going to have to change how it does this, right? Because it does -- it confuses or it creates an issue with regard to the law. Is this a maritime lien or not and, you know, it is what the industry decided to do in this collapse that turns this thing upside down. So, you know, I guess what I'm saying is what is the appropriate remedy to have? The industry has got to correct itself.

MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, I think that the response to that is that the maritime -- you say "the industry" -- the maritime community itself --

THE COURT: Well, this particular -- the way, you know, these bunkers are supplied. There's obviously -- you know,

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

because your contract specifically said, didn't it, that you had a maritime lien or somewhere I saw that there was some language that we know does not create a maritime lien just because you had it in that particular agreement. The case law is clear on that. But it was in the agreement; so, you know --

MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, what I'm trying to say is that oftentimes in the process of getting ships in and out of port, there are multiple parties and multiple entities involved and oftentimes -- it doesn't matter what industry. This is the maritime industry. This isn't just the bunkering industry. Somebody goes under like rice -- like Broussard Rice went under, and in that case what are the rights? That is the reason for the maritime lien. It was established to protect the American supplier of foreign vessels, to take the risk away By the same token, we have this bunkering receipt from him. that reflects the maritime lien in this e-mail that I referred That is the BDN he's referring to. He's telling his chief engineer to address any of these issues on the spot. there was an issue of whether or not we had a maritime lien, he could have addressed that on the spot as was the case in Ferromet cited by us. He could have stamped it and said, "No, you don't have a lien with us. You didn't contract with us. We don't have privity with you. We don't have an agent." But he didn't and he was directed to go ahead and act on the spot directly with the supplier.

There couldn't be any more evident connection and approval -- acceptance by the owner of the provision of our supplies to them with notice of our lien. In fact, in the e-mails from Verna and Almi Tankers --

THE COURT: So you're saying acceptance is enough to establish a maritime loan?

MR. WAGNER: Not in and of itself; but in this entire record of connections, it authorized its chief engineer to deal with the transaction on the spot with only one party and that's Valero. And having done so, it could have done the same thing the chief engineer did in *Ferromet* versus PANTAZIS L and that was stamp it, "No lien." At which point we wouldn't have delivered. At which point we would have said, "Oh, we're going to have to arrest you. Give us back our bunkers."

And that's what PANTAZIS L is all about. They have the right to do that if they contest the lien. And, Your Honor, I think one important thing here to remember is this party is not without remedies. They wrote the bank and they wrote OW Bunker and said, "Look, we're going to pay. We reserve the right to pay us and pay OW Bunker the difference." They never did that. They instituted -- they didn't get sued. They instituted arbitration proceedings asking that they not be liable to OW Bunker. They had a remedy before Your Honor under either FRCP Rule 14(c), which is a third-party claim against somebody who may owe all or part of this debt in admiralty or

Rule 22 which is an interpleader action, pay the whole thing, name both parties, let them dispute it. There's a lot of references to a lot of tangential cases and activities. That's not before Your Honor, and that is not appropriate. But this party had the ability to protect itself.

Lastly Res Cogitans has nothing to do with this case. It doesn't authorize double exposure; and, in fact, that's exactly what Rule 22 is all about. A defendant can use interpleader just as a plaintiff can. The directions given to the ship were specific to deal with a supplier for these specific terms and this particular provision and supply and they did.

We exchanged samples -- not samples between us and supposedly our venditi, OW Bunker. The only parties that have samples in this case are Verna, the ship and Valero, the provider and that's in case something was wrong with the bunkers. There is clearly, by operation of law, a lien in our favor for supplying them the bunkers, just like there is clearly on their part a right against us if there's something wrong with the bunkers.

Your Honor, this is the reason for the statute is to protect the materialman against these kinds of consequences.

At the end of the day, I think that the testimony of the operator, Mr. Karkantzos -- I'm sorry. I have a hard time pronouncing his name -- and the document here and the

other documents he produced, established, as a matter of fact and law, that Valero provided fuel to the ship on orders from and approval by Almi Tankers, its technical -- its operator of the ship. The other issues regarding --

THE COURT: Before we go further, though -- because I don't want to lose that thought. I'd like to hear from him.

To me this is your strongest point thus far, Counsel. I don't mean to interrupt you.

MR. WAGNER: That's fine.

THE COURT: But this is an issue that I've been struggling with.

So what about that argument that actually you have rights against each other for the quality of the bunkers or delivery of the bunkers; and that is, if I remember correctly, one of the stronger elements of the case law that would indicate a maritime lien?

MR. HEMPHILL: Well, I'm not totally sure that I'm following his argument on that point or the question; but maybe I can rephrase it --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. HEMPHILL: -- and see if that's the issue that troubles you. And it's a question I intended to put on the table as part of my reply comments. And that is, there is a serious argument here that had Valero simply not shown up and made no delivery at all that the vessel would have had a

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

```
contract cause of action against them; and it's hard for me to
imagine anyone could seriously make that argument in the
absence of any contractual --
        THE COURT: Is that your argument?
        MR. HEMPHILL: -- arrangement at all.
        THE COURT: Is that your argument?
        MR. WAGNER: What?
        THE COURT: Is that your argument?
        MR. WAGNER:
                     I am sure we would have been liable for
not showing up.
        MR. HEMPHILL: You would have been liable to
OW Bunker USA, the only party with whom it had a contract.
                                                           Ιt
would have had no contractual obligation to the ship at all.
        THE COURT: To me, that is a key issue. And you're
saying, yes, you would have if you didn't show up? Counsel --
            I don't want to call you by your first name --
I'm sorry.
                    Oh, absolutely, Your Honor. Your Honor,
        MR. WAGNER:
we took an obligation to supply his ship. If we don't supply
his ship and the ship misses some deadlines and we violated
that obligation, they have plenty of rights against us.
        THE COURT: Or against OW --
        MR. WAGNER: Against us. They have against OW as well.
        THE COURT:
                   Then they would have a right of action
against you.
        MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, the fallacy in this argument
```

seems to me that the Court is saying it has to -- that the lien is dependent upon privity of contract, and the lien is dependent upon operation of law.

THE COURT: Right. Now, I'm not saying that. What I'm talking about is the cases and how the case -- how the cases are guiding me to try to characterize the transaction here. So, no, I'm not looking for privity of contract. I want to make it clear that's not what I'm looking at. I'm just trying to understand, you know, who controlled the situation and who had -- and there is a -- the name of the case doesn't come to mind about, you know, whether or not the parties would have a cause of action against each other. I don't know if it's in context or whatever.

MR. WAGNER: There's some mention of that --

THE COURT: There's no case on point -- there's not a case that says these are the factors that you look to from the Fifth Circuit to say whether you have a maritime lien or not. We're looking at a number of different cases and I've looked at the cases even from, you know, the Ninth Circuit and the Second Circuit to try to see if we could -- Oh, Lake Charles Stevedore.

MR. HEMPHILL: Your Honor, that's -- and I think we're really getting to the gist of this now. Mr. Wagner obviously makes a passionate argument, but his argument needs to be made in the Fifth Circuit. The Fifth Circuit has decided all of

these issues. As you yourself noted on Page 24 of your opinion, the *Lake Charles Stevedores* case, the Fifth Circuit found that it was important that the vessel in that instance would not have had a contractual cause of action against the stevedore had the stevedore not appeared to perform. That's precisely the situation we have here.

It was important to the Fifth Circuit that the vessel in that case -- in the Lake Charles Stevedore case -- had no control over the selection or the operations of the supplier. It was simply informed as a matter of courtesy and business coordination who was going to be the supplier. It could have been anyone. It happened to be Valero. And the Fifth Circuit has definitely said -- clearly said, as you have pointed out, that it's not enough that the owner knew that the supplier in this case was going to be Valero.

I think the Fifth Circuit really could not have been more clear and, you know, sometimes we get involved in the detail and we miss some of the most obvious commentary. And I saw this, Judge, in the very first substantive paragraph of the Court's opinion. And I've highlighted it there -- and pardon my notes on the side -- but if I can just read that: "The district court held that LCS" -- that's the stevedore -- "was not entitled to a lien because there was no contract between the stevedore and the charterers." That's the case here.

They go on to say, "there was no evidence that

Broussard" -- the bankrupt entity -- "was the owner's or charterer's agent."

That's precisely the same as the situation that we have here.

And they finally say: "And the owner's or charterer's knowledge that the stevedore was apparently the stevedoring concern hired by the bankrupt entity was insufficient to create a lien."

Those are the three issues that we've been talking about. The district court found they had no lien. The Fifth Circuit confirmed it.

THE COURT: The three issues we've been talking about because I read that case and I'm trying to figure out what the Fifth Circuit has told us. So you're correct. That is the exact paragraph that I was looking at.

MR. HEMPHILL: I think, frankly, the issues the Court is grappling with need to be argued across the street. The Fifth Circuit has given us direction in the *Lake Charles*Stevedore case, and I believe Your Honor has properly analyzed it in the order that you've already entered.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Now, Counsel, I'll let you address because, you know, that is -- I'll be honest. My opinions are very clear what I'm thinking. There's no mystery about what I'm thinking. Is there something that distinguishes this case? If this is

what the -- this is what the circuit has told us is district court's -- the best, I guess, guidance that we have. What makes this situation different and not -- from a legal point of view, that would, you know -- that I should know to say -- okay. So it doesn't, you know, this really doesn't fit. I know you've got this guidance from the Fifth Circuit, but this is really different because tell me why and why, you know, if the circuit were looking at it and I can't anticipate -- I mean, this is a hard -- I have no idea, to be honest with you, I have no idea what the circuit would do even when they get this. But tell me now. This is your opportunity. What distinguishes this? What makes this case different that I should find a maritime lien in the face of that guidance from the circuit?

MR. WAGNER: I would think there are about two or three very critical factual differences. The biggest factual difference is this is not a case of knowledge of a stevedore subcontractor being involved by a multipurpose rice seller and so -- and saying that its little segment of that job constitutes a maritime lien. This is a situation where the contract itself is not -- is itself -- the transaction itself is not to sell rice, but to provide the ship with fuel. That's the beginning and end of the contract. And the provision and supply of that fuel was done exclusively by Valero, not as an ancillary obligation of -- that it had to a seller of rice, but

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

as a direct obligation it undertook with respect to the vessel with direct interaction, supervision and involvement of the vessel owner in that supply. And I'm talking about approval of the standards required for the order of the fuel that was That's not what we're dealing with in *Lake Charles* involved. Stevedores. It's a small segment to load and trim the vessel. In our case, this boat is going nowhere if we don't supply the bunkers that we undertook. It is that element, that factual element, that the fact that our service comprises the entire order by the owner for supplies, that distinguishes it completely from the subcontractor line of cases which are mostly cases in which a shipyard or a general contractor has a contract with a ship and undertakes a thousand different activities or commits contractually and a small subcontractor with one small element of that, claims a lien. That's not what we are. We are the entire undertaking, the entire provision that the shipowner ordered.

Secondly, it's not just -- it's not in a subcontractor role where our work is guaranteed, supervised, controlled, managed by this, quote, general contractor.

OW Malta is nowhere in sight. OW USA is nowhere in sight. The compliance for the vessel owner's order is done between the shipowner and Valero, period.

Thirdly, in recognition of that compliance, both parties looked at and exchanged with each other, the fuel that

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

with.

was being bunkered and signed-off on Valero's bunkering certificate meeting all of these standards that Verna insisted There's no OW Bunkers involved in that transaction. No OW Bunkers dealing in it, any way insuring it. And with respect, if we had not honored the obligation to supply the vessel as we had committed to do, Verna -- the ship, was certainly a beneficiary -- a third-party beneficiary to our Had relied on it. This was clear from the undertaking. communication it made to the vessel to deal with -- deal with Valero, and I guarantee you we would have been called into court and obligated. In essence it is by operation of law on these facts -- the provision, not for the sale of rice and one small item of it, but the order of fuel to run the ship. started with the owner and that the owner's operator approved us doing and agreed to us doing and then had its own personnel -- not any parties under contract to him. There were no people there. That separates this case from the case from Lake Charles Stevedores. And, again, the only thing standing in the way of recognizing the lien is the -- I think, is the potential equity claim, "Oh, I might be held to pay twice." Well, that could have been dealt with by interpleader or a third-party action; and that wasn't dealt

THE COURT: All right. So let's just talk practically here then. So what's -- what's the end game? Tell me what is

your -- what are you trying to accomplish for your client? You want this lien so you get paid first?

MR. WAGNER: We want this lien so we get paid.

THE COURT: As opposed to waiting your turn in the bankruptcy that's been filed?

MR. WAGNER: That's the reason for the lien, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I know. I'm just trying to have some -I'm sort of, you know -- I'm sort of -- I'm bogged down in the
law in the sense -- but that's my job -- but I'm trying to see
the bigger picture so practically how this thing unfolds and
I'm not -- I'm also sensitive to the fact that this -- you
know, I don't see how one decision here is really going to
impact that much more -- many more cases. But I'm still trying
to have an idea of, you know, what practically will happen from
this point and what practically you are asking for is that I
recognize this lien --

MR. WAGNER: That's correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: -- so that you get paid and you get paid as soon as I decide how much you get paid.

MR. WAGNER: As intended under the Federal Maritime
Lien Act. The whole concept here really is an admiralty
concept regarding the personification of the ship and the
recognition that the ship has obligations with respect to
various providers or to torts or to different things. And the

statute is a codification of that maritime principal in relation to the provision of necessaries that the ship needs to go. And the Congress is essentially saying, "You don't have to worry about the shipowner going bankrupt, the operator going bankrupt, somebody defaulting with the funds. You provide it -- you provide these necessaries to let the ship do its job and you will be protected and you don't have to worry about those ancillary issues.

THE COURT: So at this point, though, you've already arrested the vessel. They've deposited funds here and somewhere else?

MR. HEMPHILL: Yes, Your Honor. We've provided security here in lieu of the vessel so the vessel could be released and also in the England arbitration proceedings.

THE COURT: So if I was to find that there wasn't a maritime lien, what happens next?

MR. HEMPHILL: Once that becomes final and unappealable, we would go pay the ING Bank in the English arbitration proceedings.

THE COURT: And then it would trickle down?

MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, but the whole point --

THE COURT: I know. I'm just trying to understand practically.

MR. WAGNER: With respect, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I understand that. You're saying you have

a maritime lien. You shouldn't have to go through that process. That's what the statute was meant to protect you from -- your client from.

MR. WAGNER: I'm saying with respect, Your Honor.

Forgive me for this remark. I'm saying what he just said is irrelevant. It doesn't matter what happens. It's irrelevant.

The whole point of the maritime lien is to avoid this very kind of --

THE COURT: And I understand that. I absolutely understand that. I understand the importance of it. I was just trying to get a bigger picture of what's going on.

MR. WAGNER: I hear you.

THE COURT: Not that it's going to influence, but I just want to understand, you know, what happens next. Because you both actually made -- at least in your first motion -- your motion -- y'all made equity arguments. You both did. So I'm just now following up since I've got you both here to see where the equities lie. And I know sometimes they come into play in maritime decisions, but other times they don't.

MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, as long as we're talking about equity, I will make this one equitable observation.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

MR. WAGNER: There's only one party in this entire arrangement who's out of pocket. Valero. They got the fuel, and they used it. They didn't pay for it. OW Bunker hasn't

paid for anything. They didn't pay us. They didn't pay each other. They're not out of pocket. We honored our obligation for which we were entitled to a lien; but they said, "Oh, equity. We might this and we might that."

No, Your Honor. I think that the purpose in the lien -- Maritime Lien Act -- is for our protection under the facts of this case; and I don't think Your Honor can minimize the direct one-on-one. And, in fact, even in the subcontractor cases, the case by Judge Brown -- 15 percent.

THE COURT: The other Judge Brown.

MR. WAGNER: The late Judge Brown. I think it was Judge Brown.

THE COURT: My admiralty law professor. I'll tell you he was my admiralty law professor.

MR. WAGNER: Oh my first Fifth Circuit argument, Your Honor, I got handed my hat. One brave man.

THE COURT: He was a nice law professor.

MR. WAGNER: For the life of, me I cannot remember that case. It may come to me as we're talking about it. I did cite it, but it was a subcontractor situation in a conversion or renovation of vessel, which undertook only 15 percent of the overall contract. No contract between the subcontract.

15 percent. The Court recognized the lien because of the direct interaction between the owner/operator and the subcontractor's work. And I think it's Judge Brown, and I

think it's Fifth Circuit. There's a chance that it might have been at the time you had the Department A and the Department B of the Fifth Circuit with one of them becoming the 11th. So he might have been writing from the 11th Circuit, but we can ignore that little fact.

I would suggest that Your Honor's focus include that decision as well, and forgive me for not remembering the name of the case.

THE COURT: That's fine. We'll find it. You did reference it. You have something else?

that it's hard to characterize this transaction into the Lake Charles Stevedore case. It is different. I mean, it is different in that regard in that it is the same item, the fuel, that everyone along the chain of command is dealing with. I know I put that pretty simplistically, but it's kind of hard. Which makes it a little bit different from a number of subcontractors that a general contractor is dealing with, where the subcontractor is only dealing with the small portion of --

MR. HEMPHILL: Well, I suppose --

THE COURT: -- the job.

MR. HEMPHILL: -- that's inherent in the definition of a subcontractor or it's implied; but factually that's not what was involved in *Lake Charles Stevedore*. You had a straight line from the owner of the vessel through various charterers to

this entity that hired the stevedore. And it's a distinction without a difference, indeed, to say that there's a difference between the necessary under the statute which is stevedoring and a necessary under the statute which is bunkering. A necessary is a necessary is a necessary and stevedoring and bunkering are the equivalent. And I think it's on that point that Counsel is misreading and compressing the statute to ignore one of the critical components that Lake Charles Stevedores talked about.

The statute says that one gets a lien under three circumstances: If you provide a necessary. We agree it was a necessary.

To a vessel. We agree that it was supplied to a vessel.

But, thirdly, it has to be on the order of someone authorized to bind the owner of the vessel.

The Congress could have done --

THE COURT: Okay. So but I think what he's saying is that last e-mail -- is that what you were trying to say -- that last e-mail that was before they entered into the contract with OW Malta or OW Malta USA, that's the order, right? That's when they made the order directly.

MR. HEMPHILL: No, ma'am. That's not at all the case, and let me make --

THE COURT: But I'm just saying that's your argument,

and he presented the e-mail and the testimony?

MR. WAGNER: Our argument is that it confirms that it was an order from Almi Tankers for Valero to supply the vessel.

Now, it's not before those sales contracts were issued.

THE COURT: Okay. I thought it was.

MR. WAGNER: Some of which we're not privy to. So we don't know about them, but we get that communication to deliver and we do and the ship gets that communication to accept the delivery and confirm the terms.

MR. HEMPHILL: Purely informational. And it wasn't even a communication that went from Verna, the owner, to Valero. It went from Verna to the crew.

And just to put that in context, the technical manager of the vessel is sitting in Greece. He orders fuel from OW Malta. In due course he is told that the actual supplier of that fuel will be Valero. Then as a matter of advising his employees, the master of who he should expect to come to the vessel, he sends a simple e-mail to the master saying, "You're going to stem a certain quantity of bunkers at Corpus Christi" so the master knows what he should be expecting in terms of quantity and quality. "And by the way, it's going to be Valero that's supplying it." That's after all the contracts are --

THE COURT: Let me ask you something. So in the

situation where there is a necessary, does someone always have a lien, a maritime lien? And, if so, who would you say -- if it's not Verna, then who?

MR. HEMPHILL: OW Malta, with whom we dealt.

THE COURT: They would have the lien?

MR. HEMPHILL: That is the party that we purchased the bunkers from. So to finish just the thought on the interpretation of the statute.

THE COURT: I'm sorry. I didn't mean to interrupt you.

MR. HEMPHILL: I'm glad you did, Your Honor, because these are difficult issues, even for old salts like Mr. Wagner and I who have been dealing with them for a long time. I see the *Lake Charles Stevedores* case as providing excellent guidance through the difficult -- I'll use the maritime analogy. It helps us navigate difficult waters.

But as I was saying, the statute has three components. It has to be a necessary to a vessel upon the order of someone authorized to bind the vessel. The first two are not in dispute. What's in dispute is the third. Was OW USA authorized to bind the vessel? And they were not unless there is a basis for a finding that OW USA was acting as the vessel's agent. That's what the deposition was about. That's what all the contracts show. There was no suggestion of an agency relationship and there's no evidence at all to show in the record in any way that that part of the statute has been

met.

And that's the part of the statute that

Mr. Wagner wants to read out of it when he says that that's

what Congress wanted to do. It wanted to protect American

suppliers. And what the Congress could have done is just

limited the Lien Act to those first two components and said,

"Any time an American supplier supplies a vessel, period, they

get a lien." They could have done that and if that's all the

statute says, yes, they would have had a lien in this case.

But that's not all the statute says. It says there has to be a

showing that the necessaries were ordered by someone authorized

to bind the vessel. And that's the component that's missing

here.

And I think we can't lose sight of the equities. I have always recognized in my submissions to Your Honor that there are equities on both sides of this case. Valero deserves to be paid. Yes, they supplied bunkers. The stronger equity, though, is in favor of the vessel owner who did nothing but order bunkers from a company. They contracted with OW Malta and had a contractual obligation to pay for those bunkers. That's all they did.

But Valero did something a little bit more.

Their business arrangement, their business model, their business decision was to make the sale to OW USA on credit terms. They made that business decision, and I'm sure they

made it because they have to in order to be competitive in the industry. They knowingly took the risk that something like this could happen. In this case it happens to be the bankruptcy of an intermediary, but there could be other circumstances where they would have been equally without lien remedy.

If, for example, this vessel had left the Port of Corpus Christi immediately after the supplies, the bunkers had been taking on board and gone to sea and been in an accident and sunk or burned up, the lien is gone. The lien is contingent upon there being a *re*, a thing. And if that thing is lost, then whatever lien they might have had would have automatically been extinguished.

And I'm sure counsel will agree with me on that. So they took that risk. They knowingly took that risk by making that sale to OW USA on credit terms, that whatever lien rights they might have had could be lost. In this case, they had no lien rights to begin with; but in another case, if they had lien rights, they took the risk that those lien rights would be lost.

So when one balances those equities, Judge -- and here's the point of all this. Again, there's equities on both sides; but when you balance those equities, Valero knowingly took a commercial risk. The owners did not. So to the extent the equities are relevant in this balancing act that the Court

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

is struggling with, the equities are in favor of the shipowner who did nothing -- who took no -- knowingly took no commercial I don't think we have to get to that because Lake Charles Stevedores is so clear. I think we may be rehashing all the arguments at this point --THE COURT: Anything you want to add? MR. WAGNER: Only to something he said. Not something --MR. HEMPHILL: Before I do stop, I would like, if I could, just to make clear what's in the record. THE COURT: Yes. MR. HEMPHILL: The deposition of -- the corporate deposition of Verna, which we will submit. I'm sure we'll submit that jointly, and we agree to all the exhibits that were attached to that. I'd like that to be in the record. THE COURT: Do we have that? We have it. MR. HEMPHILL: If not, I'll leave it with your staff. THE COURT: Sure. MR. HEMPHILL: And I'd like to have in the record the article to which I referred earlier since I did refer to it, the Ship & Bunker with the Court. MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, we would submit that that is irrelevant. We don't have an objection to the timeliness of it, but we don't think it's relevant.

MR. HEMPHILL: As long as there's an acknowledgment

that it's authentic, we can put it in. We can argue about relevance later. But since I did refer to it and I do think it explains the business of OW in a way that's meaningful. It goes back to this point that Your Honor talked about earlier, and you asked Mr. Wagner about. They were not an agent, and they didn't get a commission. This shows what the industry understands about how OW's business works. They're not an agent. They don't operate off a commission. They buy -- in this case, from Valero -- and they turn around and they sell to the shipowner in this case. So that's the point of that, and that's why that's relevant. And then the other item, just to include in the record, I'll refer to as the settlement of -- including Valero and a number of other suppliers in the bankruptcy court in Connecticut. I have a copy of that that I can leave with the Court.

THE COURT: Okay. Do you have any objection to that?

MR. WAGNER: Same objection.

THE COURT: Okay. That it's irrelevant?

MR. WAGNER: Right.

THE COURT: So this will be the final -- because it was your motion. So I'll let you --

MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, I ask Your Honor not to lose focus of the statute. "On order of the owner or person authorized by the owner." It does not contain the words, as used to be required, "on the credit of the vessel" or "to bind

the vessel." That does not appear in the statute.

That used to be a very, very influential argument that "Oh, they didn't really rely on the credit of the vessel."

That is not an issue here.

Second, and just as importantly, there are different rights and remedies that parties have in maritime law. The remedy for a maritime lien is -- I'm not telling Your Honor anything you don't know, but it's an important distinction. It is in rem. It is against the ship. The ship goes down, we don't have that right. To say that a party has only one type of right, an in rem right, and that's that. Or to say that the party doesn't have other remedies for recovery, in personam remedies, against other parties. They're not mutually exclusive.

The fact that we may have a right in bankruptcy does not mean we don't have a maritime lien, and that's why this is irrelevant. The question is: Were we authorized by the owner to fuel the vessel? Absolutely. And that's it.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Thank you, all. It's been very interesting.

MR. WAGNER: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I'm going to take it under advisement. I know you have a quickly-approaching trial date so I will -- we'll be working on this one immediately.

MR. WAGNER: Your Honor, with apologies, our pretrial

```
1
      order is due today. We have been engaged in this. Can we
 2
      extend it a day?
 3
              THE COURT: Sure.
              MR. WAGNER: Thank you.
 4
              THE COURT: When is the pretrial conference?
5
              MR. WAGNER: It's next Tuesday or Wednesday.
6
 7
              THE COURT: How about until Friday?
8
              MR. HEMPHILL: It's not Tuesday, Your Honor. I promise
9
      you it's not Mardi Gras Day.
10
              MR. WAGNER: That is Mardi Gras Day.
11
              MR. BAGOT: It's Ash Wednesday, Your Honor.
12
              THE COURT: How about I give you until Friday?
13
              MR. WAGNER: Thank you, Your Honor. That's greatly
14
      appreciated.
15
              THE COURT: You don't need to enjoy Mardi Gras. Come
16
      on.
17
              MR. WAGNER: I'm a fuddy-duddy, Your Honor. I don't
18
      get invited to anything.
19
              MR. HEMPHILL: Thank you, Your Honor. I appreciate
20
      your time.
21
              THE COURT: Friday is fine. Thank you.
22
              Let me take a quick break before I take the next
      matter. Thank you.
23
24
              THE COURTROOM MANAGER: All rise. Court is in recess.
25
               (WHEREUPON, the proceedings were adjourned.)
```

REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE I, Lanie M. Smith, CRR, RPR, Official Court Reporter, United States District Court, Eastern District of Louisiana, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript, to the best of my ability and understanding, from the record of the proceedings in the above-entitled and numbered matter. <u>/s/ Lanie M. Smith</u> Official Court Reporter 

## Exhibit 42

	Pag
- STEFAN MUSFELDT -	
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
BONNY GAS TRANSPORT LIMITED, as owner of the LNG FINIMA (IMO No.7702401),	) ) CASE NO. ) 14-cv-9542 (VEC)
Plaintiff,	) 14-00-5542 (VEC)
-against-	)
O.W. BUNKER GERMANY GMBH, NUSTAR TERMINALS MARINE SERVICES, N.V., NUSTAR ENERGY SERVICES, INC., ING BANK N.V.,	) ) ) ) )
Defendants.	)
HAPAG-LLOYD AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT,	)
Plaintiff,	) CASE NO. ) 14-cv-9949 (VEC)
-against-	)
U.S. OIL TRADING LLC, O.W. BUNKER GERMANY GMBH, O.W. BUNKER & TRADING A/S, ING BANK N.V., CREDIT AGRICOLE S.A.,	) ) ) )
Defendants.	)
HAPAG-LLOYD AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT,	)
Plaintiff,	) CASE NO. ) 14-cv-10027 (VEC
-against-	) )
O'ROURKE MARINE SERVICES, L.P., L.L.P., O.W. BUNKER GERMANY GMBH, O.W. BUNKER USA, INC., ING BANK N.V.,	<pre>) Pages 11-17 and 4 ) have been designa ) Highly Confidenti )</pre>
Defendants.	)
March 17, 2016 9:00 a.m. DEPOSITION OF STEFAN MUSFELDT, a	,

```
Page 12
 1
           - STEFAN MUSFELDT - HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -
 2
     security challenge.
 3
                 Do you see that?
 4
          Α.
                 Yes.
                 Are you familiar with what a security
 5
          0.
 6
     challenge would be under this agreement?
 7
          Α.
                 Yes.
 8
          Q.
                 And essentially, I can paraphrase, a
     security challenge would be a written challenge by
 9
10
     O.W. Germany to the security arrangements or
11
     assignments that are set forth in the English
     Omnibus Security Agreement.
12
13
                 MR. MALONEY: Objection to form.
14
                 MR. HEILIG: Objection.
15
          Α.
                 Yes.
16
                 Okay?
          Ο.
17
          Α.
                 Yes.
18
                 Has O.W. Germany filed a security
          Ο.
19
     challenge challenging the assignment of supply
20
     receivables under the English Omnibus Security
2.1
     Agreement?
22
                 MR. MALONEY: Objection to form.
23
          Α.
                 Yes.
2.4
                 You have? You have filed it?
          Ο.
25
          Α.
                 Yes.
```

Page 13 1 - STEFAN MUSFELDT - HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -2 And when did you do that? Ο. 3 Α. That was the end of December 2015. 4 Ο. That, I presume that was filed in writing? 5 6 Α. It was the first filed by e-mail and 7 then sent by hard copy a day later, yes. 8 Q. Who was it sent to? 9 Α. It was sent to Paul Copley of PwC and 10 somebody else. I don't really recall his name, 11 from ING in the Netherlands. 12 Ο. Can you tell me what date that was 13 sent? 14 Α. December 21st -- or '2nd, 21st or '2nd. 15 16 How big a document is this, are we talking about? 17 Well, there has been some documents 18 Α. 19 included with the written statements of -- I would 20 say around fifty pages. 2.1 Does this document set forth Ο. 22 O.W. Germany's position with respect to the 23 enforceability of the assignment under the English Omnibus Security Agreement? 2.4 25 MR. HEILIG: Objection to form.

```
Page 47
 1
                    - STEFAN MUSFELDT -
 2
                 MR. AZMAN: Does anyone on the phone
 3
          want to ask questions of the witness?
 4
                 MS. BRYANT: No thank you, we're
 5
          good.
 6
                 MR. MALONEY: Two-minute break.
 7
                 MR. AZMAN: We're going to take a
 8
          very quick two-minute break, and then ING
 9
          will ask their questions if they have any.
10
                 (Whereupon, there was a brief recess
11
          in the proceedings.)
12
                 MR. AZMAN: Let's go back on the
13
          record. I think ING has one or two
14
          questions.
15
     EXAMINATION BY MR. MALONEY:
                 Mr. Musfeldt, good afternoon.
16
          Ο.
     name is Brian Maloney. I represent ING Bank in
17
18
     this case.
19
                 Mr. Musfeldt, I just wanted to direct
20
     your attention to the definition of "collection"
     proceeds" in the Cooperation Agreement. It's on
2.1
     Page 3.
22
23
          Α.
                 Okay.
                 Mr. Musfeldt, would O.W. Germany
2.4
          Ο.
25
     agree that any proceeds of receivables received by
```

Page 48 1 - STEFAN MUSFELDT -2 either ING Bank or O.W. Germany in the U.S. 3 litigation we have been discussing today should be handled in an agreed manner in accordance with the 4 5 Cooperation Agreement that these parties signed? 6 Α. That's right. 7 MR. MALONEY: No further questions. 8 MR. AZMAN: Keith, we don't have any 9 further questions here. Do you have any 10 additional questions? 11 MR. LETOURNEAU: I do. Just a 12 couple. 13 FURTHER EXAMINATION BY MR. LETOURNEAU: 14 Ο. Mr. Musfeldt, let me draw your 15 attention back to the English Omnibus Security Agreement, Exhibit 31, and specifically back to 16 the clause Mr. Burlage discussed with you moments 17 18 ago 5.7(b)(ii) on Page 15. 19 Do you have that in front of you, 20 sir? 2.1 Α. Yes. 22 Just so that we're clear in terms of Ο. 23 the question, that Clause (b)(ii) reads, "After the security has become enforceable or if the 2.4 25 security agent otherwise deems it necessary to